The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 10,109 .-- VOL. LXII.

BIRTHS. ton the and instant, at her residence, 222, Castleraugh-street, the wife of historia Lawrene, of a daughter.

On the sh instant, at her residence, Parramatta, the wife of J.

Flats, of a daughter.

On the 5th instant, at her residence, 12, Little Brishane-street, hydney, Mrs. George Vincker, of a daughter, both doing well.

ILLAWARRA S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS TO WOLLONGONG.—Illalong, TO-NIGHT, at 11. KIAMA.—Illalong, TO-NIGHT, at 11. SHOALHAVEN.—Illalong, SUNDAY, at 9 p.ms. UI.LADULLA.—Kembla, MONDAY, at 11 a.ms. CLYDE RIVER.—Kembla, MONDAY, at 11 a.ms. MERIMBULA.—Hunter, THURSDAY, at 8 a.m. MORUYA.—Kembla, 21st instant.

PARRAMATTA AND RIVER STRAMERS.

FIFTEEN MILES FOR ONE SHILLING.

FOR FIJI and FRIENDLY ISLANDS.—The chippe PRINCE OF WALES.

ROR FIJI.—The clipper barque NORMAN will be dispatched for LEVUKA, TAVIUNA, and SAVIA, And the 15th instant.
For freight or passage apply on board, at Campbell's-Wharf; or to T. and J. SKINNER, 15, Macquarie-place.

ROR FIJI, PRIENDLY and NAVIGATOR ISLANDS.—The SUSANNAH BOOTH will sail with her usual quick dispatch.
For freight or passage apply to Captain CLULOW, on board; or to H. S. BiRD, Circular Quay.

BARQUE HARRIET ARMITAGE, for OVALAU,
FIJI, and TAVIUNU.— Proceeds to sea
THIS DAY. Passengers will please be on board by noon.
LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO.
Lloyd's-chambers.

Lloyd's-chambers.

IRST AND ONLY VESSEL FOR HONOLULU.

The first-class brig SUSAN, Captain J. W.

Hughes, now at Grafton Wharf, will clear the Customs
THIS DAY. Bills of lading to be sent in at once to
T. G. SAWKINS, Exchange.

T. G. SAWKINS, Exchange.

CIRCULAR SAW LINE of SAILING PACKETS
FOR AUCKLAND, conveying cargo to other
NEW ZEALAND PORTS.
KATE, Captain Cooper, 16th October, now loading
NOVELTY, Captain Nearing, 1st November
CONSTANCE, Captain Gibbon, 16th November.

Goods received for this LINE, FREE OF WHARF.

For all particulars apply to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's-chambers.

LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's-chambers.

TOR WELLINGTON direct.—Taking goods and passengers for Wanganui, Napier, and Nelson, transhipped per first steamer at a through rate. The fine clipper schoner LADY BIRD, 303 tons register, Captain Jno. A. Scott, having a large portion of her cargo engaged, will sail on the 20th instant.

For freight or passage, apply to Captain Scott, on board, at Grafton Wharf; or to LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO.

THEST AND ONLY VESSEL FOR ADELAIDE.—
The clipper schooner LAILA ROOKH,
Captain Jackson, now lying at Cox's Wharf, will clear at
the Customs THIS DAY. Bills of lading to be sent in
at once to

ONLY VESSEL for CLEVELAND BAY.—65 The clipper schooner ROYAL DUKE is now fast loading at Commercial Wharf, and will be quickly dispatched.

at once.
For freight or passage apply to ROBERT CAMP-BELL, or to
LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's-chambers.

FOR THE MORUYA and the TUROSS RIVER.—
The UNCLE TOM will sail on TUESDAY first.
For freight or passage apply to the master, on board,
Woolloomooloo Wharf.

NOTICE.—All ACCOUNTS and CLAIMS against the French barque NOTRE DAME DE LA PROVIDENCE must be rendered in duplicate to the undersigned, by noon, FRIDAY, 18th instant, or they will not be recognized.

CURCIER, HAWKE, and CO.

POR SALE, the fine copper-fastened Paddle-whee
stoamer KANGAROO, 52 tons register, 40-hors
power. Length, 94 feet; breadth, 16 feet; depth, 64 feet
Carries about sixty tons of cargo, and is ready for immediate service.

PURPLY and GRENCE.

POR SALE.—The HULL of the brigantine KATE
MOYNAHAN, lately built at Lake Macquarie, and
now lying in the harbour of Newcastle.
The vessel is 94 feet in length, breasth of beam 22 feet,
depth of hold 9 feet 6 inches, and copper-fastened.
For further particulars apply is

FOR SALE, schooner SYLVANUS, newly coppered, well found in sails, &c. R. Chadwick, Liverpool-st.

POR SALE, FREIGHT, or CHARTER. — Compensation of the chipper schooner FLORENCE, 75 tons register, now discharging cargo in first-class order at Market Wharf.

For all particulars analysis to

For all particulars apply to LAIDLEY, IRBLAND, and CO., Lloyd's-chambers.

CHARTERS.—Tonnage wanted for Bombay and for Shanghai. WILLIS, LLOYD, and CO. FOR FREIGHT or CHARTER, the clipper set Lucy and Adelaide. C. B. BOND, 64, Sussex-

KETCH WILL WATCH, for SALE, register tonnage 23, and carries 35 tons, built at Brisbane Water, by Davis, of best colonial hardwood, coppored and copper fastened, and well found in sails and gear. Apply to M. METCALFE and CO., 9, Bridge-street.

FOR SALE, the undernamed ferry Steamers-GIPSY QUEEN, 8-horse power, licensed to carry

DRINCE ALFRED YACHT CLUB.

W. READING, Hon. Sec.

Nr. GEORGE, Surgeon-dentist, begs to inform the public that he has left 27, Hunter-street, and is continuing his practice at 52, Hunter-street, corner of Blighstreet, where he may be consulted daily in all branches of his profession.

DRIFE MEDAL awarded to J. SPENCER, Surgeon-dentist, for Artificial Teeth, at the Great Exhibition 1870, and Honourable Mention at Exhibition 1869, 322, George-street, over Mountcastle's.

BLDRED and SPENCE,

CORNELIUS MOYNAHAN, Wolfe-street

T. G. SAWKINS, Exchange.

For freight or passage apply E. LOWTHER, 117, Basex-street; or on board, at Market Wharf.

NATE RESE, second doughter of GLEBERT CHAY, Eaq., of Vacy, Falcren.
Get the 6th instant, at Clarement Villa, Macleay-street, Sydney, by the Rev. Dr. Robert Steel, M.A., minister of St. Stephen's Freshyterian Church, Macquarie-street, James Allan, of Pretebeud, Sydney, eldest on of the late Mr. James Allan, of Pretebeud, Aberdeenshire, Scotland, to Lvula Brancon, of two-loomeolous, Sydney, recently of Newsastie, younged caughter of the late Mr. W. Stanton, of Morpeth, New South No. 10, 10, 2015. Section 2015.

Waler.
On the 29th September, at St. Luke's, Liverpool, by the Rev. C. F. D. Friddle, William J. Shith, of St. Mary's, South Creek, to Cathernius, youngest daughter of the late Dr. Robertson, of

On the 29th April, at Lynn, Norfolk, England, Jone Owner Wassuaw, Feq. of applies y in his 54th year; the beloved father was the control of the second father with the control of the cont him.

At his residence, Lower Hawkesbury, in the 18th year of his get. Mr. Jawa Foody, an old and much respected resident, deeply cotted by all who knew him.

Co

SHIPPING.

SAN FRANCISCO AND OVERLAND TO ENGLAND. TO ENGLAND.

THE CALIFORNIAN, NEW ZEALAND, AND AUSTRALIAN MAIL LINE OF STEAM PACKETS, under Contract for a Monthly Mail Service.—The eplendid steamship CITY OF MELBOURNE, 1260 tons, H. Grainper, commander, will be dispatched from SYDNEY, so the 31st instant, at 4 pm., via AUCKLAND and HONOLULU, SANDWICH 18LANDS, carrying an experienced Surgeon. Superior accommodation for Saloon, Cabin, and intermediate passengers. A good table, with steendance, can be relied upon in each department. Saloon passengers are provided with every requisite. Wines and passengers are provided with every requisite. Wines and passengers are provided with every requisite, which is admitted to have decided advantages ever all others, having calm seas, and avoiding the disagreeableness of a long sea voyage. The whole journey may be considered a pleasure trip, and cheaper and quicker than any other route. Special arrangements will be made with families. 10 per cent. will be allowed on return wickets. Immediate application, for passages should be made to avoid disappointment, as many bortha are already engaged.

For full particulars apply to M. METCALFE and CO., made to avoid disappointment, as many consequed.

For full particulars apply to M. METCALFE and CO.,

No. 3, Bridge-street; or at the Head Office, Grafton

H. H. HALL, U. S. Consul.

H. H. HALL, U. S. Consul.

R. N. S. N. CO.—STEAM to the HUNTER.—
PATERSON.
On MONDAY NIGHT, at 11, the CITY of NEWCASTLE. CACILE.
Goods received for Paterson and Miller's Forest on Monday.

F. J. THOMAS, Manager,

Offices—foot of Market-street.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.

TO MELBOURNE.—City of Brisbane, to-morrow afterneon, Saturday, at 2.

TO FIJIS, via AUCKLAND.—Auckland, Saturday, 22nd instant, at 2 p.m. (See special advertisement.)

TO HUNTER RIVER.—Coonanbars, to-night, Friday, at 11; and Collaroy, Monday morning, at 7. Goods for Martin's Wharf, Miller's Forest, forwarded per Coonanbars, to-nights, riversed.

Coonabara, to-night.

TO BRISBANE.—Lady Young, Monday afternoon, at 4.

TO MARYBOROUGH.—Havilah, Thursday, 27th in-

TO ROCKHAMPTON.—Egmont, Wednesday afternoon, at 4.

TO BROAD SOUND and Pioneer River.—Egmont will take cargo to be transhipped at Rockhampton, per

take cargo to be transhipped at Rockhampton, per Timonee.

TO CLEVELAND BAY, via Port Denison.—Boomerang, one or about Thursday, 20th instant.

FROM BRISBARE TO ROCKHAMPTON, calling at Maryborough and Gladstone.—Steamer weekly.

Cargo is now being received for transmission to any of the above ports.

NO CARGO received for the steamers going to Melbourne or Queenaland after 3 p.m. on their day of sailing.

A. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, Sussex-street.

C AND R. R. S. N. CO. S STRAMSHIP.—

For GRAFTON, Clarence River, via NEWCASTLE, the BALLINA, MONDAY NIGHT, at 9

W. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

W. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

C AND N. E. S. N. CO.'S steamship NEW

ENGLAND (detained through inclemency of the
weather), for GRAFTON, via NEWCASTLE, THIS
DAY, at 9 p.m.

C. WISEMAN, Manager.

Offices—Commercial Wharf.

CI AND N. E. S. N. CO.'S steamable SUSANNAH
CUTHBERT (under charter) will sail for the
RICHMOND RIVER, via Newcastle, THIS DAY, at
\$p.m., receiving goods and passengers at the Commercial
Wharf. C. WISEMAN, Manager.

STEAM TO THE RICHMOND RIVER via NEWCASTLE.—The WAIMEA, THIS (Friday) RIGHT, from the Commercial Wharf, King-atreet, at 9 wilcok. Passengers landed close to the diggings. RICHMOND RIVER GOLLD-FIELDS.— The steambly WAIMEA, detained by the weather, will leave THIS NIGHT, from the Commercial Wharf, at 9 o'clock.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
STEAM TO THE FIJI ISLANDS.

The steamship

AUCKLAND,
F. Moore, commander,
will be dispatched for
THE FIJIS, via AUCKLAND,
on Saturday, 22nd instant, at 2 p.m.
Intending passengers and shippers of stock and cargo
will please make early application, to the Traffic Manager,
for full particulars of farce and freight.
FREDK H. TEOUTON, Manager.
A. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, Sussex-street. STEAM TO NEW ZEALAND, calling at all Ports.

The steamship

GOTHENBURG
will be dispatched from MELBOURNE on the 22nd inThrough tickets to and Man via Bidi.

Through tickets to and from all New Zealand ports

to the second of the

STEAM TO HOBART TOWN, calling at Rden, Twofold Bay. — Steamship CITY OF HOBART from Grafton Wharf, on TURSDAY, 18th instant, at 3 a.m. WILLIS, LLOYD, and CO.

STRAM TO MELBOURNE.-

MACEDON and DANDENONG,

which will be dispatched as follows:

MACEDON,

MACEDON,

MACEDON,

THIS DAY, Friday, October 14th, at 1 p.m.

from Struth's (tate Q. S. N. Co.'s) Wharf, with passengers and eargo. The saloon is amidships.

Farse—54 return tickets, £6 10s.

Return tickets available for two months.

The attention of second-class passengers is directed to the accommode provided in the above vessels, with salond cabine for issues and families.

NOTICE—All goods for shipment must be down before 12 KOGE.

2 KOON.
MELBOURNE STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
Struth's Wharf. STRAM to BRISBANE WATER.—ALCHYMIST, on SATURDAY, at 8 a.m. Lime-street Wharf.

A BERDERN CLIPPER LINE.—For LONDON.—
To follow the Damascus.—The A1 fast sailing clipper Gless OF NATIONS, 546 tons register, Archibald Donald, commander, will have quick dispatch. Has well ventilated and roomy saloon accommendation.
Apply on bend, at Circular Quay; or to
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

PIRST SHIP FOR LONDON.

FOR WOOL and PASSENGERS ONLY

In favourite Al clipper ship LIBERATOR, 700 tons

register, Alexander Lavie, commander, having the whole

of her dead weight and a large pertion of her wool on

bard and stored, will be dispatiched in a few days.

The saloon secommodation is of first-class description.

West received at Talbot's Stores.

For freight or Passage apply to the Captain on board, or passage apply to the Captain on board, or

LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO., Agenta.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1870.

PRINCE ALFRED VACHT CLUB. MEETING of the Strickland Dinner Committee, THIS EVENING, at 7.30. W. READING, Hon. Sec.

DRINCE ALFRED VACHT CLUB. MEETING of the Sailing Committee, TH18 EVEN-ING, at 8.30. W. READING, Hon. Sec.

Children, salom roturn, 6d only.

From King-street, 7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 6. To Ryde, 6.15.

From Parsamatta, 6:50, 9, 11, 1, 3, 6.

Calling at Cockatoe, Hunter's Hill, Five Dock, Gladesfille, Ryde, Ermington, Newington, and Subiaco, &c.

BAILY, at about HALF THE RAILWAY BATES.

N.B.—Parties desirous of visiting the Cockatoe Dock A USTRALIAN CLUU.—A Special General MEETING will be held THIS DAY, the 14th instant, at 2 p.m. Members are parti ularly requested to attend.

NOTICE.—A Public MEETING of the United Labourers will be held at Mr. SMITH'S, Burrangong Hotel, THIS EVENING, October the 14th, for the purpose of presenting a Petition to Parliament in favour of the Right Houri Bill.

All the labouring class are carnestly invited to attend. N.B.—Parties desirous of visiting the Cockatoo Dock the friends of the officers of the Galatea, or of residents in the Island, are requested to provide themselves with an reference from the Hon. Minister for Works, at the Works Department, Phillip-stress, Department, Phillip-street.

THRST VESSEL for HONGKONG.— The well-known dipper ship
ARHBURTON, 1000 tons,
Captain Smith, will be dispatched in a few drys.
Has splendid accommodation for CHINESE PASSENGERS, with good height 'tween decks.
For freight or passage apply on board, at Throckmorton's
Wharf; or to
LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's-chambers.

f the Eight Hours' Bill.
All the labouring class are earnestly invited to attend.
Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock.
By order of Committee. TIRST VESSEL FOR HONGKONG. — The magnificent first-class clipper ship ARCHER,

956 tons register, Captain Power, is now loading at Machamara's Wharf, and will sail positively on WEDNES-DAY, the 19th instant. Has superior accommodation for Chinese passengers.

For freight or passage, apply to WILLIAMS and CO., Gresham-street; or to JOHN BLACK and CO., 54, Pitt-street North.

The PERPETUAL BUILDING AND INVEST-MENT SOCIETY.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Second Annual General METINGCIETY.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Second Annual General METING of the Members of the Society will be held at the office, 3, Spring-street, on THURSDAY, the 20th October, 1870, at 3 o clock and the second of the Second Annual General Meting of the second of the Directors and statement of accounts for the year caded 30th September, 1870; to elect Directors in the room of H. E. Allan, Esq. (who retires, but is eligible for re-election), and Mr. J. H. Miller (disqualified), and to consider any other business that may be brought forward in accordance with the rules.
CANDIDATES for the office of Director are required to give three days notice to the Secretary of their desire to acc.

By order of the Board,
W. H. DELOITTE, Secretary.
3, Spring-street, Sydney, 6th October, 1870. CAPTAIN COOK STATUE -Adjourned Commit MEETING, THIS AFTERNOON, at half-pas

R. B. SMITH, Hon. Secretary. S. W. FROTESTANT POLITICAL ASSO-The Council at half-past 7. Business: Quarterly tickets, picnic, and adjourned debate—Capital Punishment. GEORGE L. CARTER, Hon. Sec.

ROYAL WILLIAM L. O. L., No. 27.—Regular Monthly MEETING, THIS EVENING, in the Ledge-room, Rilley-street, at 7.30 sharp. Every member is requested to attend. JAMES M'NEILLY, Secretary.

THE PROTESTANT INSTITUTE will MEET at the PROTESTANT STANDARD Office, THIS (Friday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Business: Election of office bearers.

J. G. WILSON, Convener. MASONIC.—Cambrian Lodge, No. 656, E.C. Monthly MEETING, THIS EVENING, at 7.

MEETINGS OF PUBLIC COMPANIES.

NEW SOUTH WALES MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Thirty-eighth HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the proprietors of the New South Wales Marine Assurance Company will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 26th day of October instant, in the Company's Office, George-street, Sydney, at half-past 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to receive the report of the directors for the half-year ended the 30th September last, and to elect a director in the room of Edwin Thos. Beilby, Eq., who retires in rotation, and to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting, in terms of the deed of settlement.

By order of the Board,
ROBERT GARRETT, Secretary.

Sydney, 8th October, 1870.

By the thirty-fourth clause of the dood of settlement, proprietors becoming candidates for the office of director are required to give fourteen days notice thereof to the Board of Directors, in writing, to be left with the Secretary at the Company's Office.

NEW SOUTH WALES MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.—CHARLES T. GEDYE, Esq., has given the required notice that be is a CANDIDATE for the office of Director in this Company.

ROBERT GARRETT, Secretary.

Sydney, 10th October, 1870.

ROBERT GARRETT, Secretary.

Sydney, 10th October, 1870.

THE UNITED INSURANCE COMPANY.—
NOTICE is hereby given, that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the Company will be held in the office, 275, George-street, Sydney. on MONDAY, the 31st October, at 11 o'clock forencom, to receive the Report of the Directors for the year ending 30th September, 1870; to elect a director in the room of R. T. Moedie, Esq., who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election, and two varieties of Archibald Campbell, Esq., deceased, and of C. T. Gedye, Esq., who now retires but is eligible for re-election; and to transact any other business that may be brought before the meeting in terms of the Deed.

CANDIDATES for the vacant seat in the direction are requested to give fourteen days' notice thereof in writing.

By order of the Board.

F. WATKINS, Acting M. Mager.

10th October, 1870.

Limited).

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Special General MEET-ING of the Shareholders will be held, at the Chamber of Commerce. in the Exchange-buildings, Sydney, on FRIDAY, the 21st October, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of dissolving the Company.

By order of the Board of Directors,

A. H. J. BAASS, Secretary,

LURRAWANG COPPER MINING CO. (Limited).

CURRAWANG COPPER MINING CO. (Limited).
—Shareholders are requested to meet at the Flore
Australienne (Josselin's), on MONDAY, 17th instant, at
4 p.m. sharp, on business of the utmost importance.

VOLUNTEER FORCE.—Sydney and Suburbs.— In consequence of the inclement state of the weather, the Commandant's Parade, ordered for Saturday next, is POSTPONED till SATURDAY, the 22nd instant.

Bext, is FOSAFORD.

By command, &c.,
THOS. BAYNES, Captain,
Brigade-Adjutant Volunteer Force.

VOLUNTEER FORUE.—The Commandant's
FARADE, ordered for SATURDAY, 22nd instant, will be formed at Moose Park at 3.46 p.m., in line
facing east—Nos. 1 and 2 batteries with field guns and
horses, remaining batteries with carbines. Blank cartrice will be issued, and white cap-covers and puggaries
worn. The Brigade band to attend.

By command, &c.,
THOMAS BAYNE², Captain,
Brigade Adjutant Volunteer Force.

LOST AND FOUND. OST, a Poodle SLUT. Reward. 172, Castlereagh

46 passengers

46 passengers

KIRIBILLI, 6-horse power, for 50 passengers

KIRIBILLI, 6-horse power, for 70 passengers

WATERMAN, 10-horse power, for 70 passengers.

The above vessels would be found very suitable for river
or island trade. They will be sold on easy terms, having
become too small for their present trade.

H. PERDRIAU, Balmain Ferry. H. PERDRIAU, Balmain Ferry.

TOR SALE, in consequence of the determination of partnership of the firm of NORTON, GRAHAM, and CO., by the death of their Mr. Graham, the undersigned has received instructions to SELL the entire STOCK, WORK-ING PILANT, and GOODWILL of their TOWAGE and LIGHTERAGE BUSINESS.

Comprising 5 steam tugs, viz. :-LOST, Paper PARCEL, containing children's boots. Clair Cottage, Pitt-street, Redfern. LOST, at the Exhibition Ball, white FAN. Please leave it at Mesers, FLAVELLE, BROTHERS.

OST, in Liverpool-street, by a poor man, POCKET-BOOK, containing letters of use to no one but the owner. Pinder rewarded by returning the same to Mr. BRADLEY'S, 225, Kent-street.

comprising 5 steam tugs, vis.:—

KESOLUTE, TITAN, CHALLENGE, SOPHIA.

and HERCULES,

16 Lighters

2 Hulks, Boats, &c.

Full particulars on application to H. A. COFFEY,
Melbourne Shipping Exchange, Collins-street West. Ping LOBT.—Lost, some time back, a gold snake RiNG, in three folds, set with diamond and rubies (one of the latter missing). Peculiar value is attached to this ring as a souvenir, and the finder will be rewarded and gratefully thanked for returning it to Mr. T. T. JONES, George-street. YACHTS to RENDEZVOUS in Sydney Cove, on SATURDAY, at 1,30, to accompany Mr. T. Strickland (late Vice-Commodore) down the harbour.

By order,
W. READING, Hon. Sec.

FOUND, a Sum of MONEY. Owner can have same on description, by applying to Mr. HARRIS, at Mearra, WILLIAM WOLFEN and CO.'S, 23, Bridgestreet. THE PERSON who was allowed by mistake to take away the Waterproof COAT from Mr. Cripps a Café, on Wednesday night last, is requested to return the same immediately.

immediately.

TEN SHILLINGS REWARD.—LOST, a Red COW,
with white face, like C8 on rump, sharp horns. 19,
Moore's Road, Miller's Point.

EDUCATIONAL.

TINIVERSITY OF SYDNEY. The PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS commence on the 12th December. Candidates are required to enter their names before the 16th November. Hugh KENNEDY, Registrar.

HUGH KENNEDY, Registrar.

NIVERSITY OF SYDNEY.

CANDIDATES for the LLB. Examination, and for ELD. are requested to communicate their names to the egistrar. HUGH KENNEDY, Registrar.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

TN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH

ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Will of FRANCIS COHEN, late
136. Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo, Gentleman, d

136, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo, Gentleman, decased.

NOTICE is hereby given that, after the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof, application will be made to this honorable Court, in its Reclessiated Jurisdiction, by LOUISA MARIA COHEN, the Widow, and sele executive of the shove-named deceased, that probate of the Will of the said deceased may be granted to her.

Dated this thirteenth day of October, A.D. 1870.

LOUISA MARIA COHEN, Executrix.

136, Dowling-street, Woolloomooleo.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

ECCLESIATICAL JURISDICTION.

In the Goods of JOHN WATSON BAIN, late of Auckland, in the colony of New Zealand, Merchant, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that, at the expiration of fourteen days from the publication of this notice, application will be made to this honourable Court, in its Ecclesiastical Jurigdiction, that administration (with copy exemplification annexed) of the goods, chattels, credits, and effects of the shovenamed JOHN WATSON BAIN, deceased, in the colony of New South Wales may be granted to RANDOLPH CHARLES WANT, of Sydney, in the said colony of Now South Wales and atterney appointed by MADELINE BAIN, of Auckland aforesaid, Widow, the relict of the above named deceased, to when probate of the will of the above named deceased, to when probate of the will of the above named deceased has been granted by the will of the above named deceased has been granted by the will of the above named deceased has been granted by the will of the above named deceased has been granted by the will of the above named deceased has been granted by the will of the above named deceased has been granted by the will of the above named deceased has been granted by the will of the above named deceased has been granted by the will of the above named deceased has been granted by the will of the properties.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Quee Defender of the Faith, &c., &c. To all and singular clerks and literate persons whomson

Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

To all and singular clerks and literate persons whomsoever and wheresoever in and throughout our colony of New South Wales and the dependencies thereof, greeting:

WE do hereby authorise, empower, and strictly enjoin and command you, jointly and severally, peremptorily to cite or cause to be cited THOMAS CARTER, the sole executor named in the last Will and Testament of JOHN RICHARDSON, late of West Mathand, in the colony of New South Wales, innkeeper, deceased, having whilst living, and at the time of his death, goods, chattels, and credits within our said colonies or the dependencies thereof sufficient to found the jurisdiction of our Supreme Court, to appear personally, or by his proctor duly constituted, before our said Court, at the Court-house, King-street, Sydney, on the nineteenth day of October next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forence on of the same day, and there to abide, if occasion shall require, during the sitting of the said Court, then and there to bring internal leave in the registry of our said Court, the true and original last Will and Testament of the said deceased, and to accept or refuse the burden of the probate and execution thereof; otherwise to show good and sufficient cause, if he have or know any, why Letters of Administration, with the said will annexed, of all and singular the goods, chattels, and credits of the said deceased should not be committed and granted according to law; and further to do and receive as unto law and justice shall appertain under pain of the law and contempt thereof, at the instance of MARY ANN RICHARDSON, widow of the said deceased; and what you shall do or cause to be done in the promites you shall do or cause to be done in the premises you shall do or cause to be done in the premises you shall do or cause to be done in the premises you shall do or cause to be done in the premises you shall do or cause to be done in the premises you shall do or cause to be done in the premises you shall do or cause to be done in the pr

the thirty-fourth year of our reign, and A.D. 1870.
(L.s) D. B. HUTCHINSON, Prothonotary.

L. O. Y. D. S. A. G. E. N. C. Y.

The undersigned, as Agents for the PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAN FRANCISCO,
CALIFORNIA, are prepared to accept proposals for all
kinds of Marine risks.

All claims will be promptly adjusted and settled here, or
at any port where an Agency of the Company exists, at
the option of the insured.

The following are some of the principal Agencies of the
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Agents for New South Wales.

HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH
WALES.—SPECIAL NOTICE.—The Society's
Grand SPRING FLORAL EXHIBITION will be held,
by the kind permission of the Honorable the Minister for
Lands, in the LOWER BOTANIC GARDENS, on the
19th and 20th instant, JNO. GELDING, Secretary.

THER HORTICULTURAL BOOLETY'S EXHIBIT-THE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY'S EXHIBI-TION.—Notice to Exhibitors.—All applications for space must be forwarded to the Secretary, not later than SATURDAY EVENING, the 15th instant. JOHN GELDING, Secretary.

JNO. GELDING, Secretary. OTICE.—1f the bay MARE branded 68 on off shoulder, left at Bowood, Roper Creek, by Mr. 8HIELS, in or about the month of February, 1869, is not removed within fourteen days from this date, she will be old to defray agistment.

October 12th, 1870.

IN THE ASSIGNED ESTATE of AUDSLEY and PENZER.
CREDITORS are requested forthwith to furnish particulars of their CLAIMS to the Trustee.
F. T. HUMPHERY, Bell's-chambers, 171, Pitt-street.

O T I C I
Our Warehouse will be CLOSED on
MONDAY, October 17th.
MYERS and SOLOMON.

MYERS and SOLOMON.

R SATURDAY HALF-HOLIDAY ASSOCIATION.
The Committee desire to direct PUBLICATTENTION to the following LIST of FIRMS who have conceded the SATURDAY HALF-HOLIDAY to their EMPLOYES.
The committee trust that the MOVEMENT now so well established may be supported and extended by the general co-operation of all PHILANTHROPIC MEMBERS of the community.

co-operation of all PHIL the community. Drapers, &c. Messrs. Farmer and Co. Thompson and Giles David Jones and Co. Hobson and Whiting J. F. Holle and Co. W. Smith and Co. Mr. E. Millett H. Savage Mr. Reading Ironmongers and Ship Chandlers. Mesars. F. Lassetter and Co. J. B. Holdsworth and J. B. Holdsworth and Co.
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ook and Music Sellers and
Printers.
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R. Downing
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S. E. Lees Wright, Davenpon,
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T. O. Dadawell
John Brush
W. H. Simpson
D. M'Call
China and Glassware
Merchants.
Mr. J. Gould
T. R. Contes
G. Lana,
Secrets

ALEXANDER OGILVIE, Hon. Secretary.

CAUTION.—The public are cautioned not to give any credit to my WIFB, Mary Raydon.

W. F. RAYDEN.

TO COACHMASTERS and COACHMEN.— The contract for running the present line of coaches on the Clyde Road, between NELLIGEN and BRAID-WOOD, terminating at the end of this month, parties disposed to enter upon a fresh arrangement can communicate with the Manager of the Illusarts Steam Navigation Company, Phosnix Wharf. Suitable vehicles will be found by the Steam Company.

8 ydney, 13th October, 1870.

BUSINESS CARDS.

A CARD.—French Glove, Boot, Hosiery, and Mercery Depot. S. H. LEWIS, 10, Hunter-street. A CARD.-Mr. GEORGE SMYTHE, Surgeon-dantist, 27, Hunter-street, two doors from Pitt-street. A USTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SO-CIETY (established 1849) for MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE, &c. Profits belong exclusively to members. From the magnitude of its resources it is enabled to declare large Bonnes. Principal Office, New Pitt-street, Sydney. ALEXANDER J. RALSTON, Secretary.

ALEXANDER J. RALSTON, Secretary.

CORNS, Bunions, and defective Nails Cured, by Mr.
G. Alexander, surgeon-chiropotist, 15, Hunter-st.

J. ROBERTS, Crown and Anchor Hotel, George and Market streets.—Cold meat with salad, grilled chop or grilled steak, with half-plat of British beer, for 9d.

COPPER WORK of every description manufactured.
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W. LOVEDAY, Pianoforte Tuner and Repairer.
Address W. Maddock, bookseller, George-street. J. TURNER, Tailor. Best materials, fit, and workmanship. Lowest charges. 484, George-street.

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REMOVAL.—Mr. J. E. SMYTHE, Surgeon-dentist from 26, O'Connell-street, to No. 2, Jamison-street

Tom 26, O'Connell-street, to No. 2, Jamison-street.

SYDNEY CARPET-BRATING GROUNDS, Rushcutter's Bay. ARTLETT and SON, Upholstorers.

TURKISH BATH, Bligh-street.—Ladies' Bath open
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73, Little Collin-atreet, Melbourne
City of Newcastle.

CAUTION.—As several imitators of the Company's works are daily springing up, the public would do wall to see that the card presented by the agent bears at the back the

the COMPANY'S TRADE MARK.

The specimen will, if wished by the party whose house the picture represents, be left with them, so that those interested may have an opportunity of comparing the Company's work with any other plate that may be shown them.

This caution is necessary in consequence of numerous trashy attempts at photography that have recently been, and are now being offered for sale in Sydney.

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H. NEWMAN, PHOTOGRAPHER
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close to Hyde Park.
NO CONNECTION with any other house.

M. R. FREEMAN solicits an inspection of his splendid collection of ENLARGED PHOTOGRAPHS, finished in 61, crayon, water-colour, and mezzotint. 30,000 Carte negatives regist red. 320, George-street. PHOTOS., & per dozen, at J. YATES'S, No. George-street, three doors from the Royal Hotel

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NATIONAL LOAN AND DISCOUNT COMPANY,
Offices—51, Hunter-street, corner of Elizabeth-street,
This Company is formed with a view of assisting Professional Men, Government Officials, Tradesmen, and
others who may be temporarily in want of a Money Loan,
without their having to resort to extreme measures. This
Company will make such advances on the following easy
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Sums from £5 to £5000 can be obtained on pere mal and
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SHILLING in the pound, or arrangements on be made
for monthly or quarterly payments. Persons berrowing
£5 receive £4 10s, to be repaid by twenty weekly instalments.

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BILLS DISCOUNTED DAYLY. Advances made on deposit of deeds of freshold and leashfold property; bills of sale, merchandise, certificates, reversionary interests, or say other tangible security.

All money transactions entertained, and advances guaranteed within twenty-four hours after application, if securities approved of.

Forms and other information can be had at the Company's Offices,

MONEY LENT.—The utmost value advanced on plate, watches, clothing, &c. J. Murphy, 105, Bathurst-st.

£1500 TO LEND on mortgage; £100 or more; interest low. Also wanted to purchase immediately, for each, small HOUSES, about £200 each. H. E. BHORTER, 128, Elizabeth-st. North.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS will be received till MONDAY, 24th October, for the Erection of a Cottage on Bridge Road, Glebe Point. F. H. REUSS, Architect, 142, Pitt-street.

The Government Asylums,

Sydney, 10th October, 1870.

Sydney, 10th October, 1870.

TENDERS, accompanied by samples, will be received at this Office, on or before MONDAY, the 17th instant, for the supply of Clothing for the use of the inmates of the Government Asylums for the Infirm and Destitute, for the half-year ending 31st March, 1871.

Lists of articles and any further information can be obtained at this office.

H. E. STRATFORD, for the Secretary, 18

TO BUILDERS, &c..—TENDERS will be received until noon on MONDAY, the 17th instant, for building in two large Cornish boliers. Plans and specifications may be seen at PARKINSON and ROBINSON's to be addressed.

TO BUILDERS.—Tenders will be received until MONDAY, 24th instant, for ADDITIONS to the Balmain School of Arts. For particulars apply to Mr. CATT, Pitt-street. Balmain; or G. R. ELLIOTT, 112,

BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited until the 22nd instant for the erection of a first-class HOUSE in Albion-street. D. W. RYAN, Architect, 400, George-TENDRES for BUILDING. Plans and specifications W. SHORT, Victoria Wharf.

PRICE TWOPENCE.

PUBLICATIONS. THE SYD NEY MAIL,
Sporting Genetic-Turf Gossip-Races to Come-Betting SATURDAY, 15th October,
Sporting Gazette—Turf Gossip—Ruses to Co—Aquatics—Cricket
Description of the City Bank
Wave Prospect, a Tale by the Rev. Dr. Barry
The Cost of Government
Napoleon and the Modern Prophets
Agricultural Society's Ball
Proceedings of Parliament
The Mysterious Case in the Demain

Agricultural Society's Ball
Proceedings of Parliament
The Mysterious Case in the Domain
Administration of Justice
The Notorious Captain Hayes again
Insolvency Case of Messra. Thame, Walker, and Co.
Centenary Musical Festival
Federal Union—Report of the Victorian Commission
Rambles in China and Japan, No. 1
The Fijians and their Neighbours
Agricultural Gazette-The Land—Pastoral—Weather and
Crops—Steam on Common Roads—The First Prize
Farm—Planter's Friend—Breeders' Facts—The Goat
—Rust in Wheat—Cultivation of the Olive
News from the Friendly Islands and New Hebrides
Mining Gazette
Fairing-off and Sleeping

Pairing-off and Sleeping
Public Debt.—Parliamentary Paper
First Impressions of Sydney by a Victorian
The War.—Movements of the German Army.—The Horrers
of War.—The Attack on General Proissand's Corps at
Forbach.—The Slaughter near Forbach.—Battle of
Weissenburg.—Mutiny of the Garde Mobile.—Battle of
Weerth.—Count Bismark.—French View of the Belgian
Treaty
Influence of Novel Reading
Temperance.—Poisoned by Alsohol
Parcy Ancedotes - Domestic Economy - Light Reading
Shocking Murders.—The Brothers Pohlman at Yapeo.—
Murder of an old Man at Launceston
Braidwood Election.—The Nomination
Yankee Girls
Shipping.—Commercial.—Markets.

Shipping-Commercial-Markets.

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A Great Talker—Gulliver and the Lilliputians—An Antibeery Lyric—Useless Expenditure—Baker!—A Card—Wanted—Centenary Festival—I smell a Rat—Sporting Extraordinary—"Commissary Review—Gymnastics—Bumption v. Talent—The Defence Commissary of the Central Police Court—Comic History of Australia, &c., &c.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, AND MUSIC.

THE COMMISSARY REVIEW. Edited by the Rev. THOMAS SMITH. St. Barnabas's. Price is: or with Photograph of the Editor, 2s. GIBBS, SHALLARD, and CO., and all Booksellers.

NEW COMIC SONGS,—A Specing Song, The Three Little Pigs, each 2s. J. Reading and Co., M. Sellers. CASSELL'S POPULAR HAND BOOKS, each price Is 6d, post Is 6d Art of Conversation Chemistry for Self-students Chemist

A BOOK EVERY FAMILY NERDS— ENQUIRE WITHIN UPON EVERYTHING (new edition), 3s, post 3s 8d.

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PRINGES, black, white, and coloured: Hoadings, in great variety, every shade, is 11d dox. W. C. Kelk.

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BONNETS.—An elegant chastely trimmed Bonnet, HOLLAND.—Good Brown Holland, 6id; strongly recommended, at 11id. T. BAKER, oppo. Cathedral.

HATS.—The newest shapes, trimmed, from 7s 11d; untrimmed, from 2s 11d. T. Baker, op. Cathedral. A LL-WOOL FLANNEL, very fine, unusually cheap, only 121d. THOMAS BAKER, oppo. Cathedral. FANCY DRESSES, by Mr. Ford, Coatumier to the Opera Company. Apply St. James's Hall.

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Apply Mrs. TILBURY, Box Office, Prince of Wales.

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Madame in Pompadour, in Duchesse de Berri, and
a variety of other fancy dresses, can be had on hire. Apply
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and Sows,

NEW SOUTH WALES

PARLIAMENT.

LIGHLATURE COUNCIL.

The PERSONATE PETTIONS.

The PETTION of Pettins we with the pettin presented spreading from the board of the pettin from the National State Pettins we withdraw.

The pettins we will be petting the pettins with a pettins with a pettin withdraw.

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Jron this law-both here and elsewhere. Therewas no person here possessed of my means who could not obtain a divorce without any slitticuity, as the law now stood in an adjacent colony. All that would be effected even by a successful opposition to this bill would amount to no more than a perpetuation at the present unjust action of the law as regarded the poor. Fractically, they would only be legislating to prevent those who had no means from obtaining any redress by means of a divorce, which parties might have if they were but in botter circumstances. The sole effect of a refusal to legislate in this direction would be to prolong a state of things not conductive either to the morality or to she happiness of the people, and virtually to retain the law in that state in which it was in England before the passing of the Divorce Act in 1857. He supposed it would hardly be asserted by any one, however much opposed to the bill, that it was not urgently necessary to legislate herein. Certainly something was required to be sione. At all events, it was to his thinking quite sufficiently clear that when the bond of marriage had been so motorously violated that if was impossible for a man and his wife to live together in wellock, some separation was mecessary, and a legal recognition of the permanency of that separation was indispensable. Practically, we had nothing of the kind here under the present state of the law, and society suffered therefrom, especially in the poorer classes. The only Act that appeared to contemplate any of the indispensable relief in such cases was the Descreted Wives and Children Act; but that measure was totally inadequate to the purpose. In cases of proved adultary and cruelty, and descrition for over two years, the wife had a right under that here we also also permation was indispensable relief in such cases was the Descreted Wives and Children Act; but that having recognised in the Descrited Wives and Children Act the justice of the principle of a legal separation, we ought to be prepared to g

TO DRITTY MORNING HERALD. PRIDAY, OCROHOM 14, 1470.

The state of the

the consideration of the House the accempanying Ratimates for 1870 and previous years. On the accion of Mr. SAMURL, it was redered that the documents be printed, and referred for consideration to Committee of Supply.

Mr. GARRETT said: With regard to the matter alleded to by the hen, member for the Lachlan, as to what took place when a deputation, headed by that gentleman.

Mr. HOSKINS: I rise to order, Mr. Speaker; you have decided that this matter cannot be referred to.

Mr. SPEAKER: The hon, member is entitled to proseed it he intends to conclude with a motion; wher business having intervence.

Mr. GARRETT: I can bear out the statement of my hen, friend behind me, that the report given in the daily super of what took place on the day on which the deputation waited upon the hen. Minister for Lands is not substantially correct; that the report of what took place with regard to the reporters is incorrect. What took place was simply this. I was one of the deputation myself. When the deputation was introduced, the Minister for Lands, before proceeding with the business, looked round the reom and saw two reporters connected with the Herald sitting at the table. Mr. Robertson asked the hon, member, Mr. Watson, where were the representatives of the vester spent's He did not address a single word to the reporters themselves, as the reporters say he did, but he asked the hon member. The hon, member (Mr. Watson) when friend was virong. He did not hake any reply—Mr. WATSON: Oh, oh.

Mr. GARRETT: My hon, friend said, "I will not go on with the deputation, at present, with the reporters of only see paper." That is what took place. I do not think my hen friend was virong. He did not hake some remark to the hon, member will dery that they came there at his instance. With regard to the hon, gentleman refusing to go on with the business hecause the business in the letter of the reporters the ben, member brought, because they did onne into the room with him; and I do not suppose the hon, member hone of the deputation and the p

ing with the deputation was so satisfactory. And yet he has the audacity to say that the allegation of these reporters that I refused to go on with the deputation is true. Nothing on he more clear than the falsebood of these people. Why is if the Heraid never reported that statement of the han, member? That statement is to be seen published in the Empire. The statement of why he withdrew it. I heard the hom, member make it, and he does not dray that he made it. Why is it not published in the Heraid? Breause it gave a denial to the statement of the Heraid? Breause it gave a denial to the statement of these reporters that I refused to go on with the business of the deputation until the members of the Press came. I never said anything of the kind. What I said was this—that I would not allow the hom, member to take such a liberty with me as to brigg to my office any reporters he might please. If it was to be a public affair, it should be egan to all reporters, not only to those chosen by the hom, gentleman. That is what I said. And it is rather singular that these reporters having over and over again asserted that the thing was not gone on with—it is rather singular that the hom. member should be the mouthpiece of the deputation to thank me for the manner I dealt with it, although those reporters say if was never singular that the hom. Heraid with the Revall of the \$10,000 because of his satisfaction—and that this paper, usually so quick in picking up information, has abstained from noticing that statement of the hom. member, that he was so assisted with the result of the deputation to me is reported in the other paper, but it is not in the Heraid. Why was it not in the Heraid? I suppose because the same reporters that was not of the deputation who went into the result that I was one of the deputation who went into the result that I was one of the deputation to me is reported in the other paper, bu

ann would not have been gone on with until the other paper same.

Mr. ROBERTSON: Was it gone on with f.

Mr. BUCHANAN: When the announcement was made, the reporters immediately left. Neither would the business have been gone on with if they had renained—

Mr. ROBERTSON: I would have turned them out. (Irasical cheers.)

had remained.

Mr. ROBERTSON: I would not have allowed them to remain.

Mr. BUCHANAN: So long as they were there—they could only speak for that time. So long as they were there you would not go on with the tusiness until the other paper came.

Mr. ROBERTSON: Did we go on.

Mr. BUCHANAN: No, not until they left. They cannot speak of any time after they left. They only say in their letter that you would not go on with the business until the other paper came. It is mere humbug to talk about their having misrepresented the matter. Everybody admits that the business went on. What surprised me was that a Minister of the Crown should care a straw about any paper, or what reporters were there. What was going on that the other paper should be present? It is sufficient that gentlemen cannot de with the Press take the trouble to came to formish the public could be instructed; but to talk about the other paper as if this was some party matter in which the interest of party would be compromised unless some great gladiator on the other side were present to vindicate their cause, was undignified on the part of the Minister.

Mr. BUCHANAN: The object was to prevent the public getting information as to the procedure of the Government in reference to the gold-fields. As to the report, I can bear testimony to the fact that it was absolutely and literally correct.

The question of adjournment was then put and negatived.

SALARIES OF GOVERNORS REDUCTION

BILL.

Mr. BUCHANAN obtained leave to introduce a bill to reduce the salaries of future Governors of this colony. The bill was subsequently presented, read a first time, and its second reading made an order of the day for Friday, the 28th instant.

CRIMINAL STATISTICS.

Mr. FORSTER, on behalf of Mr. Butler, moved as forced were a subsequently presented, read a first time, and its second reading made an order of the day for Friday, the 28th instant.

sha he did not feel disposed to goo me with the business of the deputation whilst there were only present the reporters of the deputation. We note that the last members after the theory of the deputation of the color of the second of the color of t

and pass entries for goods that they might probably ship, but which they would not ship after all, and which the Custom-house officials would have to write off. Under clause 117 the ship would be forfeited if goods were claudestinely landed by the master. This seemed very arbitrary and unreasonable. It would punish the owner of the ship for a wrong dene by the master; and there was no alternative in the matter. The clause said the ship "shall" be forfeited. Under clause 121, before a ship cleared, all the papers must be in the Custom-house by 1 o clock. Even now we could clear a ship up to 90 clock at might, by paying for overtime, and this clause seemed to him very unreasonable and unwise. [Mr. SAMUEL: It is the law at the present time.] If it was, the law was evaded. Clause 129 imposed a penalty of £100 on any owner, simply because although he started his vessel from Sydney to Moreton Bay, the captain might get to the Clarunce River or any other port. If had known many instances where ships had been sent to sea with a cargoof goods, and where the instructions to the emptain had been to go north or seuth, according as they found the wind outside. There had been such instances in his own experience. What would be the "proposed voyage" in a case of that kind! Yet, if a coaster deviated from the proposed voyage, the owner would, by this clause, be oxposed to a penalty of £100. By clause 140, any heatman earrying goods about the harbour without his license on board was to suffer the forfeiture of his boat, and the owner of the goods was to be subject to their confiscation. How the Trossurer or any other person could come down to the House with a proposition like that he really did not know. If some stupid fellow got drunk, or neglected to take his license on board with him, the goods which the was carrying were liable to forfeiture. He thought the Treasurer would see that this bill required amondment in every clause. Two copies of the bill had been sent to him by different penclemen, and he found that amendments w

Mr. RUCHANAN: The Minister refused to go on with the business until the other paper came.

Mr. ROBERTSON: The reporters say the business was not gone on with.

Mr. ROBERTSON: The reporters say the business was not gone on with.

Mr. WATSON: No they don't.

Mr. WATSON: No they don't.

Mr. WATSON: Here is their letter (holding out a copy of this merning's Heraid).

Mr. WATSON: This is what is reported in the Hirsels'; it is as plain as possible—

Mr. ROBERTSON: This is what is reported in the Instince of the deputation until the other paper was present.'

Mr. BUCHANAN: "It is expected in the Instince of the deputation until the other paper was being stringent. He could only say that the provisions so objected to ware already part of the law of member spoke of the provisions of this bill the mether country and of the other colonies. A deputation of experienced gentlemen from the Chamber of Commerce had waited upon him, and he had gone through the

| The property will be property on the property of the propert

PROJECTED DEPARTURES, October 15, for Lyttelton; Challenge, for New Caledonia; Walter a, for S. S. Islands; New England (s.), for Grafton; (s.), for Melbourne; Robert Lees, for Calcutta; Harriet

Armitage, for Fiji.

Robert Lees, ship, 1200 tons, Captain Rose, for Caicutta. Passengers—Mrs. Whannell and 4 children, Mrs. Coode and child. Havilah (a.), 166 tons, Captain Fitssimmons, for Maryborough. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Pync, and 5 in the steerage. Harriet Armitage, barque, 235 tons, Captain Lessing, for Levuka, Fiji Islands. Passengers—Messrs. I. Cohen, Spowart, Smith, Mass. Smith, Masser smith, Mrs. and Mrs. Solomon, Miss Solomon and servant, Mrs. Windeyer, Mr. Fitzgerahd, and 7 in the steerage.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—October 13.

Illalong, for Jervis Bay; Chance, for Broken Bay; Saxonia (a.), for Newcastie; Dairymaid, for Sheilharbour.

IMPORTS.—October 13.
om Hobart Town: 576 bags potatoes, 59, 1500 staves, 327 bags bark, Brown and

mae, Caird, Paterson, and Co.; 100 cases fruit, T. Lawioss; 3 carres, Winch.

Hero (a.), for Auckland: 160 mate sugar, Colonial Sugar Company; 20 packages tea, Lorimer, Marwood, and Rome; 3 quarter-casks wine, Stewart, Garrick, and Co.; 11 packages, Serince, Ogg, and Co.; 2 packages, Sertot, Henderson, and Co.; 140 bags maize, 12 cases fruit, Jones and Flanagan; 131 bags maize, 180 was and Walsh; 5 bales paper, Cowan and Co.; 100 bags maize, Blake and Macdonald; 4 packages, Alderson and Sons; 18 cases fruit, H. Griffiths; 1 cases, Isaacs and Co.; 1 package, E. Chapman and Co.; 17 tons 1 sew. bone dust, T. Bennett; 2 cases, Hoffmang and Co.; 1 cases, 12 sew. bone dust, T. Bennett; 2 cases, Hoffmang and Co.; 1 cases, 12 sew. bone dust, T. Bennett; 2 cases, Hoffmang and Co.; 1 cases, 12 sew. bone dust, T. Bennett; 2 cases, Hoffmang and Co.; 1 aw-less; 191 cases fruit, W. Harris, D. Bonet; 30 cases fruit, T. Lawiess; 191 cases fruit, W. Harris, D. Bonet; 30 cases fruit, T. Lawiess; 191 cases fruit, W. Harris, D. Bonet; 30 cases fruit, T. Lawiess; 191 cases fruit, W. Harris, D. Bonet; 30 cases fruit, T. Lawiess; 191 cases fruit, W. Harris, D. Bonet; 30 cases fruit, T. Lawiess; 191 cases fruit, W. Harris, D. Bonet; 30 cases fruit, T. Lawiess; 191 cases fruit, W. Harris, D. Bonet; 30 cases fruit, T. Lawiess; 191 cases fruit, W. Harris, D. Bonet; 30 cases fruit, T. Lawiess; 191 cases fruit, W. Harris, D. Bonet; 30 cases fruit, T. Lawiess; 191 cases fruit, W. Harris, D. Bonet; 30 cases fruit, T. Lawiess; 30 cases fruit, T. La

M. Devenport, and Co.; and original carpy from Melbourne.

Balciutha (a.), for Bockhampton: 48 bags sugar, 2 checis tes,
Balciutha (a.), for Bockhampton: 48 bags sugar, 2 checis tes,
Balciutha (a.), for Bockhampton: 48 bags sugar, 2 checis tes,
Balciutha (a.), for Bockhampton: 40 bags sult, 10 bags sharpa, 2
packages, Gilchrist, Watt, and Co.; 1 package tohacco, A. W.
Button; 1 beach ground to bags and the packages,
Hoffnung and Co.; 10 packages beached, 10 packages,
H. H. Trouton; 1 bos oplum, Sun Kum On; 27 packages,
F. H. Brouton; 1 bos oplum, Sun Kum On; 27 packages,
brandy, 10 packages tohacco, 12 bags 2 cases coffee, 69 packages,
brase and Co.; 20 cases kerosene, 49 backages, Ludice icox, 2
bundles steel, 10 drams oil, 9 packages, Lawmonth, Dickinson,
By packages, E. P. Palese; 17 packages, Lawmonth, Dickinson,
Meyerfeld and Co.; 11 cases, J. R. Love; 2 cases, Nackages,
Meyer and Co.; 20 packages, Myers and Cantor; 32 cases truit, J.
Pope; 2 cases, Jacobs and Co.; 2 packages, J. Perry;
5 packages, Jones and Plannagan; 25 cases fruit, T. Lawless;
10 cases fruit, 1 package, P. James; 1 package,
Hush and Rousseau; 128 empty keps, Marming and Son; 5 packages, Towns and Co.; 2 packages, J. P. Hiller,
Bobert Lees, for Calcutta 1 120 tons coat, Willis, Lloyd, and
Co.; 9 cases butter, Saddington and Son; 5 HIPS MAILS.

MAILS will close at the General Post Office as follows:

FOR MALOGERSE,—By the Macedon (s.), this day, at 3 p.m.
FOR CLACTIA.—By the Robert Lees, this day, at 6 p.m.
FOR CLACTIA.—By the New England (s.), this day, at 7.30 p.m.

Curron. Hover.—Entered Outwards, October 13: City of Brisbane (s.), 504 tons, Captain Knight, for Melbourne.

The schooner Malcolin has made an excellent passage, from Bobart Tewn of 150 hours, atthough she did not clear the Tammerian coast until the third day out, when she hook a strong S.E. wind, which continued until her arrival in Sydnoy.

The City of Hobart (s.), Captain Citneh, from Hobart Town, for Sydney, passed Twofold Bay resterday at 14 a.m. she will, therefore, be due early this morning. The Tammain annature erew, who will compete in the gig race at the forthcoming Balmain Regards, are passengers by her. Report speaks most highly of their performances.

THE WEATHER.

A TREER S. E. wind set in on Wednesday night, accompanied with rain equalls. Yesterday during the early part of the morning the weather became worse, blowins a gale. A heavy sea was running on the coast, and the Government steamer Thatis was despatched to the Heads, and the life-boat launched to be in readiness, should occasion require. The rain fell in heavy showers throughout the day, and there is but little appearance of the weather taking up, although the wind had moderated at sundowr, At noon yesterday, we learnt by telegram, that a violent E. S. E. gale was blowing at Jervis Bay and Broken Bay, with a heavy sea.

Cetober 12.—Springbok, barque, Harrison, from Me'bourne. October 12.—Albin's Isle, barque, Houston, from Me'bourne. October 12.—Albin's Isle, barque, Houston, from Melbourne. October 12.—Kinito, barque, Ilodge, from Melbourne. October 13.—Alcandra, sehooner, Birown, from Melbourne. October 13.—Alcandra, shooner, Birown, from Melbourne. October 13.—Elloanere, barque, H'Semile, from Sydney. October 13.—Elloanere, barque, H'Semile, from Sydney.

THE BRIG AURGRA—The steam-tug Rapid spoke the brig turors, bound for Sydney, about fifteen miles south-west of Nobby's, seaterday afternoon, about 40-folcek. She wished to be reported.—Necessite Chronicle, October 13.

Alexander Duthie, ship, 1100, Norie, at Circular Wharf, Glichrist, Watt, and Co., agents.
Ann Buthie, ship, 994, Brite, at Circular Wharf, Glichrist, Watt, and Co., agents.
Archer, American ship, 366, Power. nts.
one ship, \$56, Power, at Macnamara's Whurf, Wilb, agents. For Hongkong.
rque, 541, Smith, at Hill's Wharf, Captain, agent. Hames and too, agrees, and the services of the

Clo, agenta.
Clio, H. M. S., 21 guns, Commodore Stirling, in Farm Cove.
Damascus, ship, 564, Taylor, at Circular Whart, Montedere, ship, 904, Yayior, as Carey, at Smith's Wharf, M'Donaid, soon, brig, 162, Carey, at Smith's Wharf, M'Donaid, F. A. Bateson, Orig. 103, Carry, at Smith w mart, at Jonata, Elliwick, and Co., agenta, Piace, in Waterview Bay, Eldred and figence, agenta. For sale, Elins Firth, acknown, 176, Firth, at Campbell's Wharf, Lorimer, Maxwood, and Bome, agents. Elinabeth Kholoson, ship, 604, Crosbie, at Towns's Wharf, R. Towns and Ce., agents. Emma Jane, schooner, 116, Hughes, in Darling Harbour, R. J. Emma Jane, schooner, 118, Hughes, in Darling Harbour, R. J. Emma Jame, encourage, Hardy, agent.
Esk, barque, \$12, M'Keller, off Heley's dock, Captain agent.
Florence, schooner, 76, Abson, at Market Wharf, Luidley, orence, sonouner, 10.
Ireland, and Co., agents.
alatos, R. M. S., 36 guns, H. R. H. Prince Alfred, in Fitzner, 99, M'Dongail, at Circular Wharf, J. Thorne, agent.

Haynes, agent.

Haynes, agent.

Haynes, agent.

Haynes, barque, 310, Lessing, at Corporation Wharf,

W. Wright, agent. For 1-15. Harried, Agent.

Harried Armitage, barque, 310, Leseing, at Corporation Wharf, W. Wright, agent. For Fill.

Heien Bailcoin, barque, 311, Griffiths, in Johnston's Bay, Santt, Henderson, and Co., agents. 300, Scholtze, in Johnston's Bay, Reden, North German String.

Isechrook, Horth German Barque, 343, Mohen, at Parling's Wharf, Franing, Griffiths, and Co., agents.

Jensie Kelly, schooner, 120, Getch, at Grafiton Wharf, Schwige and Co., agents. For New Calcidonia.

John Rnox, barque, 221, Jenkins, at Smith Wharf, Learnowth, Dickinson, and Co., agents.

Johns, barque, 325, Bowton, in Waterview Bay, Bedity and Johns, barque, 326, Bowton, in Waterview Bay, Bedity and Co., agents.

Johns, barque, 320, Cooper, at Patent Sip Wharf, Laidley, Ireland, and Co., agents.

Lady Alticia, Prig. 150, Daicy, at Twens Wharf, Towns and Co., agents.

Lady Alticia, Prig. 150, Daicy, at Twens Wharf, Towns and Co., agents.

La House, ship, 1350, Goddard, at Circular Wharf, Glichrist,

agents.

Mogue, ship, 1859, Goddard, at Circular Wharf, Glichrist,
Watt, and Co., agents.
Liberator, ship, 605, Levie, at Circular Wharf. Learmonth,
Dickingon, and Co., agents. For London.
Lady Bird, 906, Ford, at Circul and Co., agents.
Leby Franklyn, barque, 235, Heldebrandt, at Cuthbert's Wharf, Wallach, Brothers, agents.
Lalla Rockh, brie. 62. h, Brothers, agents.

ockh, brig, 167, at Roddam'e Wharf, T. G. Sawkins,
For Adelaide.

For Adelaide,
Adelaide, Schooner, 96, Williams, in Darling Harbour,
Jond, agent.

schooner, 182, Langworthy, in Darling Harbour,

dalcolm, schooner, 102, Languere, Captain, agent. Captain, agent. Malta, R. M. S., 1200, Skottowe, in Waterview Bay, H. Moore, ith, schooner, 99, Ferguson, at Circular Quay, Captain agent.

sud Holen, barque, 659, Roes, in Lavender Bay, Fellby
and Soott, agenta. For sele.

strike Birnie, ship, 1500, Taylor, at Circular Wharf, Guchrist,
Wharf, Art. and Co., agents.

of Wales, schooner, 238, Welch, at Market Wharf, E. Lew-, agent. For Fill. of Nations, ship, 84, Donald, at Circular Wharf, Monte-, Joseph, and Co., agents. re, ketch, 24, Hixon, at Campbell's Wharf, Captain, agent. (e, ship, 1972, Campbell, at Circular Wharf, Gilohrist, fe, ship, 1972, Campbell, at Circular Wharf, Gilohrist, agents. rah Pile, schooner, 130, Walkely, at Campbell's Wharf, Daniell,

dar, ship, 1096, Johnson, at Circular Wharf, Gilchristt, and Co., agents. VESSELS EXPECTED IN SYDNEY. VESSELS EXPECTED IN SYDN

Earl Dalhousie, 1047, Campbell, July 21. Sailed.
Abergeldic, 1152, Duthies,
John Duthie, 1031, Robertson, August 5. Sailed.
John Duthie, 1031, Robertson, August 5. Sailed.
Maid of Judah, 863, Rain.
Nourmahal, 846, Fowler, July 29. Sailed.
Nourmahal, 846, Fowler, July 29. Sailed.
Dunhar Castle, 924, Rowe, August 4. Sailed.
Dunhar Castle, 924, Rowe, August 4. Sailed.
Parmantia, 1231, Swannel, 124, Sailed.
Lord Warden, 1327, Smill, July 12, Sailed.
Lord Warden, 1327, Smill, Countilit, July 12, Sailed.
Lord Warden, 1327, Smill, Rerridge.
Extractly, 1192, Brinslea.
Linderly, 1192, Brinslea.
Linderley, 1394, Prinsle.
Sobraon, 2135, Elmslie.
Underley, 1394.
Frucklay Castle, 1044.
Ben Lomond, 986,
Border Chief,
Carlisle Castle, 1457,
Lariaw, 894, Phillips.
Strathnaver, 1100.

Restless, 300, Broomfield, July 9. Sailed Glenlyon, 665. Abbey Craig, 431, Shanks, June 15. Saile Wandrahm, Frochtenicht, July 3. Sailed

Alice Cameron, 350, Carter Oncoa Robert Miner. Onward, 660, Whyte.

Escort, July 9. Sailed.
William Turner, July 13. Sailed.

FROM MANUA.

Adrican Maid.

C. J., Rahrean, June 6. Salled.

Azalia, June 22. Salled.

Randers, July 2). Salled.

Randers, July 2). Salled.

Randers, July 2). Salled.

Engelbert, Aug. et 10. Salled.

Linking, August 11. Salled.

Vision

Linking, August 11. Salled.

Tasso, barque, 264, Heard. CUSTOMS IMPORT ENTRIES, -OCTOBER 18. cases beer, J. Black and Co. sukage tea, 16 bags sugar, Crocker and Co. sucks sait, 50 tons pig iron, 375 bogsbeads 49 half-hog-heads eer, Campbell and Co.

heads 10 quarter-casks brandy, Willis, Lloyd, and Co. wine. J. Ward and Co. ves, C. B. Bond 2000 staves, C. B. Bond
cases confectionery, W. Artell
case ollectle, B. Thompson and Co.
2 cases beer, Young and Lark
case bolectle, B. Thompson and Co.
2 cases boer, Young and Lark
case books, B. Goodman
2 casks tiles, Daniell, King, and Co.
packages tobaseo, Francis, Brothers, and Co.
cases dispery, G. Oriffith
man of Carke
76 bags potatores, 30,000 palings, 1500 staves, 227 bags bones,
Brown and Son.

October 12.—Ann, Ann and Jane, Helen, from Newcastle October 13.—Rangitote (s.), from New Zealand.

WINDS AND WEATHER. ... Calm. Raining
SR. Heavy rain
SR. Raining
SW. Raining
SW. Raining
NE. Dult, cold
K. Fine
ENE. Like rain
SW. Raining
Calm. Cloudy
Calm. Cloudy
SE. Foggy
S. Fine, clear.

Very fine
Guernediff N. Fine
Guernediff N. Very fine
Capt Civacy N. Very fine
Pordand N. Very fine
Pordand N. Very fine ILLNESS.—About half-past 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, an elderly man, named George Mood, who hall at one time followed the occupation of a seaman, was found in a wooden hut on Strath's Wharf, foot of Kingstreet, where he had resided, in a state of great debility. Constable M'Carthy removed him to the Infirmary, where he

a. bargue, 255, Heldebrandt, at Cuthbert's Wharf, orbores, sperit.
brig, 167, at Roddam's Wharf, T. G. Sawaine, Adelaide, as shooner, 86, Williams, in Darling Harbour, agent.
concer, 182, Langworthy, in Darling Harbour, 1, 1200, Skottowe, in Waterview Bay, H. Moore, honer, 86, Bradley, at Caledonian Wharf, Captain, ebooner, 86, Bradley, at Caledonian Wharf, Captain, behooner, 89, Ferguson, at Circular Quay, Captain barque, 689, Ross, in Lavender Bay, Reilby gents. For sale.
c, slip, 1600, Taylor, at Circular Wharf, Glüchrist, 100, agents.
day, 143, Lewis, at Macnamara's Wharf, Scott, Pen-Go, agents. For sale.
For sale.
For sale.
Co., agents.
For sale.
For sa

Lattude 53° 51′ 41″. Longitude 16 h. 4m. 46a.

Magnetic variation 9 × 35′ 50″ 2ac. 3th Gotober, 157°.

The time ball in dropped daily (Sundays excepted) at th. p.m.

Bythey mean time, or 2h. 55m. 16a. a.m., Greenwish mean time,

Barometers corrected to 23° Faht., 87 shory to Mean fice Level.

Face of Wind estimated in libs. per square foot. Velocity of Wind estimated in miles per hear. Rainfall and evaporation, measured in inches.

(Humidity 6 to 160°.

Beales of Cloudy sky, 9 to 100.
October 17:n, 1870. Civil Erckoning. Hour. meter. Traupe in Shade. Wind. Mean ... 30-374 57-7 80-3 1-4 17 10-0 5-3

Evaporation in 24 hours, 0-133,

Shalf-Registration Transformation... 38-2

Maximum ... 63-6 Sul-maximum ... 38-2

Minimum ... 63-6 Sul-maximum ... 48-1

Temperature of see water, 5 feet below the surface, at Port Denison, at 9 a.m., 62-5.

Total rainfall from January lat to October 13th - 43-20 inches, Annual average of the preceding eleven years - 49-51 inches.

| b. m. | b. m. | c. log | b. m. | b. m. | c. log | c. log | b. m. | c. log | c. l

Che Sydney Morning Berald.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1870

In the Legislative Council, yesterday,
The Presupert pointed out that the petition
received from the Vicar-General and Roman Catholic
laity of Albury, against the Matrimonial Causes Bill,
was informal, and it was withdrawn.

was informal, and it was withdrawn.

Petitions were presented by Mr. Hon, from the boroughs of Marrickville and Nowtown, against the present system of licensing public vehicles; and by Mr. Hay, from the Rev. Robert Laughton and various other inhabitants of Newcastle, in favour of the Matrimonial Causes Bill, with amoudments.

The second reading of the Matrimonial Causes Bill was moved by Mr. Ilav, who supported it with arguments in reference to the operation of the Imperial and Colonial Acts, and also as a measure of relief, not as encouraging a dissolution of the bonds of matrimony.

mot as encouraging a dissolution of the bonus of maintendrony.

Mr. Salomons 'opposed the bill as tending to weaken the tie of marriage. It was not a copy of the law of England, and, as the provisions could not be so altered as to meet his views, being utterly opposed to divorce, he declined to go into committee upon it on any ground whatever. He contended that the English Act was passed with a view to place the poor on an equality with the rich as to procuring divorce.

Sir William Mannino defended the bill on Scriptural as well as social grounds so far as to maintain

Sir William Mannino defended the bill on Scriptural as well as social grounds so far as to maintain that divorce should be obtainable in case of adultery. The present bill only transferred the power of granting it from the Legislature to the judicial tribunals. The debate was adjourned to Wednesday next. The other business on the paper having been post-poned, the House, at twelve minutes past 10 o'clock, adjourned till 4 o'clock on Wednesday, the 19th instant.

of £500 a Conege there was one processor, at a salary of £500 a year, and six students.

Mr. Samuel, in reply to a question from Mr. Piddington, said that he proposed to make his financial statement next Thursday, and that he had therefore withheld the publication of the usual quarterly abstract of revenue.

Mr. Buchanak moved the adjournment of the Mouse in order to refer to the case of Mr. Caswell, Police Magistrate at Moruya, who, he stated, was being made the victim of a conspiracy amongst the Roman Catholice of that district. Certain charges had been made against Mr. Caswell, and had been dealt with by the Colonial Secretary, who had entirely exomerated him. Petitions and counterpetitions had been presented, and now the Colonial Secretary had reopened the case, and sent Judge MrFarland down to Moruya to receive charges against Mr. Caswell, and pusillanimous on the part of the Government.

Government.

Mr. Cowpen said there was no danger of Mr. Caswell being sacrificed, as the Government had taken care that only distinct charges should be made, and that Mr. Caswell should have every opportuality for answering. In this matter he had done his daty fearlessly and impartially, and, by placing the whole case in the hands of Judge M'Farland, had taken the best course for securing justice.

After some remarks from Mr. Cummnos and Mr. R. Forster, Mr. Bucknann replied, and the motion was put and negatived.

of truth in it.

Mr. Garrett said that the report of the paper was not substantially correct. His name had been omitted from the deputation. That was one error; and another was that the reporters stated that the business was not gone on with, but the fact was that it was disposed of in a manner satisfactory to the deputation.

ion.

Mr. Buchanan endorsed the statement of Mr. Watson. The account given by the reporters was

Watson. The account given by the reporters was literally true.

The Estimates for 1871 were laid on the table, and ordered to be printed, Mr. Samur. stating that he would make his financial statement on Thursday next.

A bill to reduce the salaries of future Governors of this colony, brought in by Mr. Buchanan, was read a fivet time.

A bill to reduce the salaries of future Governors of this colony, brought in by Mr. BUCHANAN, was read a first time.

On the motion of Mr. BUTLER, certain additions were ordered to be made in the Criminal Statistics ordered last month to be laid on the table.

Mr. Lloven resumed the adjourned debate on the second reading of the Customs Laws Amendment Bill. He objected to the bill, because it was altogether out of character with the spirit of the present age. At the present time, the object was to remove restrictions on cummerce as far as possible, but this bill added to them at every step. Under the present Act there were far too many difficulties, and this bill raised up handy others. He thought the bill was radically avong in principle, and would like to see it thrown out altogether; but, as he had no hope of carrying such a medicul, he should move that it be referred to a select committee. That committee could take evidence, and on that evidence could make such amendments in the bill as might be desirable. One great cause of complaint was, that too much power was now given to the Collecter of Customs; but this bill increased that power, and made it much more objectionable. Going through the various clauses of the bill, he showed the points in which he considered them to be objectionable; and concluded by moving that the bill be referred to a select committee.

Mr. Samura objected to sending the bill to a select committee, as such a reference would be virtually shelving the bill. He had agreed to adopt a large number of amendments proposed by the Chamber of Commerce. These he intended to, have printed for circulation miningst hom members, and the first the second reading were agreed to, he would postpone

An article in the Revue des Deux Mondes for August last, on the Hospitals of Paris, communicates a variety of instructive facts, no without their special application to the questions now under discussion. These institutions have to deal with a mass of misery such tutions have to deal with a mass of misery such as it is appalling to contemplate. It is painful to think by what a slow process rational methods have been attained, and the disease has ceased to be propagated by the methods of cure. A manuscript on vellum, dated the fifteenth century, represents a hall in the hospital. The beds are close to each other, and the sick are represented as nude. But and the sick are represented as nude. But the facts, as they were shown by subsequent inquiry, represent five or six persons on the same couch, and it is quietly remarked that it would be desirable that the sick should not be so much crowded together in the same bed, nothing being more annoying than to be

so much crowded together in the same bed, nothing being more annoying than to be couched with persons in dying agonies.

So late as 1785, the statement of the condition of the Hotel Dieu gives 1219 beds, receiving 3418 sick. Not only were these unfortunates grouped on the same bedstend, but they placed them on the roof of the bed (Timpériale), and a ladder was necessive to weak them. One hall processed 558 to sary to reach them. One hall received 558 to 818, according to the necessity of the case Persons suffering from fever, and persons attacked with all kinds of diseases, including small-pox, were placed pell-mell within the same walls. The patients had not more than eight inches each, and the dead were often several hours before they were removed. Operations performed in a common hall, often the patient was pressing against his com-panions. This almost incredible represen-tation was presented to Louis XVI. by Commission of Inquiry. The inconceivable horrors of the situation provoked his indignation. Funds were appropriated to effect a change; but, in 1788, they were diverted to some other purpose. Well might CUVINE say, that the sufferings of hell could searchly dead near them for several hours.

It does not appear that this state of the hospitals resulted from any extraordinary pressure upon them, but sprang from that cruel neglect to which the poor were exposed when hey were out of sight, and when there was no public or Press to call attention to their sufferings. When we read the savage vengeance of the lower classes two or three venes after on these who were above them. vengeance of the lower classes two or three years after, on those who were above them, and turn with a horror from the spirit they displayed, can such a scene as this be forgetten?

There are times when claims upon th service of hospitals are enormously augmented. Thus, when Paris was captured in 1814 battles were fought within a short distance battles were fought within a short distance of the city. It is said that bullets swept along the courts where the surgeons performed their operations—that in one day 10,864 wounded were conducted to the hospitals of Paris. Within six days after, they discovered 9000 ad itional French and foreigners a ffering from disease and wounds. In fact, they had in all the hospitals 129,531 sick and wounded. The people of Paris complied with the re-Caswell being sacrificed, as the Government had taken care that only distinct charges should be made, and that Mr. Caswell should have every opportunity for answering. In this matter he had done his day fearlessly and impartially, and, by placing the whole case in the hands of Judge M'Farland, had taken the best course for securing justice.

After some remarks from Mr. Cummos and Mr. R. Forsten, Mr. Buchanan replied, and the motion was put and negatived.

A petition from Monaro, on the subject of free selectors' pre-emptive leases, was presented by Mr. Garrett.

Mr. Warson brought under notice a statement made the other evening by Mr. Robertson, denying the correctness of a paragraph in the Herald on the subject of the manner in which the Herald on the subject of the manner in which the Herald reporters were treated by the Secretary for Lands when attending a deputation at the Lands Office. He insisted that every word of the statement made by the reporters was strictly correct.

Mr. Robertson maintained that there was no word of truth in it. stated—that the mean daily cases were on Monday 76, to 67 on other days of the

week-a result attributed to the excesses of the Sunday.

The hospitals of Paris are superintended by various religious orders. The task they perform reflects the highest credit upon their numanity; but they have under them a class of persons so horrible that it is difficult to believe in their official existence. We shall believe in their official existence. We shall translate the passage referring to them, that it may speak for itself:—"Recruited from the bad class of the population, from workmen turned away and domestics dismissed, they give no gratuitous aid to the sick, who are forced to have allways money in hand to touch the hearts where venality holds a place more than compassion. One ought to remember that where venalty hous a place more than compassion. One ought to remember that for all the qualities necessary to a good attendant (infermier), it is necessary to be an angel; and that few men would be capable of fulfilling this painful function. How is it then paid for? They have, lesides ledging, food, and clothing, warring from fifteen to twentyhave, lesides ledging, food, and clothing, wages varying from fifteen to twenty-one francs. At this price it is difficult to find a phornix, but it is the patient who pays. It is not rare that an attendant makes forty or fifty francs per month. Their great fault is drunkenness."

Here follows a description of their conduct, which is too gross to translate. The writer goes on to say, "it is a trade but little sought after. It is easy to recognise them. They are hideous. This is striking above all at St. Louis. The unfortunates who in consequence of malady are disfigured, and who offer only the faces of a monates, remain as attendants. They comprehend that they could find no place else-

contagious.

A remarkable description is given of the method of medical visitation. "The chief physician, accompanied by students and nurses, and an attendant (infirmier) carrying a pot of water, goes through the hall. He wears a cap of black velvet, and a great white pinafore fastened around hi body. He stops at each bed, talks to the sick, pronounces scientific observations in a high voice, dictates a prescription, written by one of his pupils, and a prescription, written by one of his pupils, and speaks a few kindly words to the sick." The writer remarks on the different manners of the various practitioners. Some fancy a brusque sharp intercourse best, as subduing resistance; and others prefer a gentler method. And, he adds, that one physician, named LISPHANC," so conducted himself as, to be the horror of the patients." In reckoning the number of patients, and dividing the time of the surgeons spent in the hospitals, it appears that less than two minutes is given to each hed. to each bed. The hospitals of Paris are situated differently

and some remarkable facts are disclosed by comparison of their relative positions. Som comparison of their relative positions. Some best located show most dealhs. This, how-ever, depends upon the character of the disease treated, and the class of the patients. There are parts of Paris inhabited only by the poor. There are other places where the chief patients are supplied by servants, and others accustomed to good living. The Hotel Dieu is said to be the most healthy of all the hospitals, and this is partly attituted to Dieu is said to be the most healthy of all the hospitals, and this is partly attributed to its position. It is divided into separate buildings on the banks of the Seine, and exposed to currents of air which sweep off the malaria. The erection of a new hospital, not far from the site of the old one in the neighbourhood of Notre Dame, has aroused much discussion. The space upon which it stands is contracted, namely, 21,000 which it stands is contracted, namely, 21,000 superficial yards. There are none of the advantages of abundant room for promenades or gardens, and it is in the neighbourhood of a considerable population. But the architect has raised stage upon stage, and every advantage which could arise from construction has been secured at an expense of about 38 million francs. As far as possible, the principle of separation has been everywhere applied. The largest chambers do not contain more than 26 beds, and many have but four and two. Strong remonstrances were, however, made to the choice of this site, which seems to have been preferred in deference to old predilections. Each bed will, however, cost 52,000 francs, although there which it stands is contracted, namely however, cost 52,000 francs, although there will be neither gardens nor promenades, nor shady lawns, but only gloomy walls of miserable houses, to cheer the eyes of the patients.

In several of the hospitals which surround

Paris, however, these advantages are possessed raris, however, these advantages are possessed in a very striking degree. The most beautiful are those of St. Antoine, St. Louis, and Necker. A vast space, covered with great trees, permits the convalescents to bathe in the breezes of vivifying air. The lawns of Necker, above all, are charming. It has beautiful meadow-grass, and borders of flowers. beautiful meadow-grass, and borders of flowers. Here, those who are recovering unite for common enjoyments, and the people of Paris take pleasure in visiting the spot. There are indeed some specimens of hospital arrangements in wonderful contrast with the scene described at the opening of this article. "When," says the writer, "we visit the hospitals of Paris—when we remark the polished floors, the white curtains spread before the large windows, the beds separated before the large windows, the beds separated one from the other and furnished with all indispensable utensils—when we see the neatly dressed nurses glide like beneficent shadows across the well-lighted halls when we know that men the most illustriou mongst physicians and surgeons hold it an onour to care for the sick-when we go through the enormous kitchens, the immense cellars, the dispensary always in action, the laundry sending forth linen—it is difficult to figure what it was in times past, before the administration, regularly constituted, controlled and watched over, assumed direction."

Such are the main facts included in this article, which we have condensed under the impression that they are not unworthy the notice of those who have the care of similar institutions among us.

THERE are no statements of a nation's affairs what are denominated Vital Statistics, and therefore there are no facts to the collection of which greater care should be given. The wellbeing of a country depends upon the number of its people and the ability of those people to produce what will serve for their own wants, or exchange for the productions of others. They require to be able-bodied as well as numerous, and it becomes the duty of those who undertake to legislate for the healthy condition of this working force to see that they are well housed, well fed, well taught, and surrounded as much as poswell taught, and surrounded as much as possible by moral influences. The legislator, when he is thoroughly alive to his duty, keeps his hand upon the national pulse, to judge of the effect of the remedy that has when he is thoroughly alive to his duty, keeps his hand upon the national pulse, to judge of the effect of the remedy that has been administered to the patient. Supposing for instance, that he introduces a measure te prevent the employment of children in factories below a certain age, he should watch the subsequent school returns to see the effect produced upon the attendance; supposing he facilitates the tying or untying of the nuptial knot, he should consult a variety of statistics for the purpose of discovering whether the chastity of the nation is improved thereby, and population increased; or supposing that he struggles hard to gain for the metropolis in which he dwells a bountiful supply of water, he certainly should acquaint himself with the consequences thereof. The importance of such things as drainage, ventilation, pure and abundant water, is now understood, and the duty of Governments in providing for the same is acknowledged. They was a time.

FIRE PROM THE FALLING OF A KEROSENES abundant water, is now understood, and the duty of Governments in providing for the same is acknowledged. There was a time when an epidemic was supposed to be the special manifestation of God's anger—which in a certain sense it is, allowing it to come as a punishment for the prolonged infraction of some clear injunctions respecting cleanliness and other observances. But whenever, measure in introduced to enforce the ever a measure is introduced to enforce the laws of health, its effects should certainly be looked for in the tables issued by the Registrar-General.

We turn, therefore, with no slight interest to the Vital Statistics of New South Wales for the year 1869, prepared by Mr. Jaques. The readers of newspapers generally glance, as they open the daily sheet, at the column appropriated to Births, Marriages, column appropriated to Births, Marriages, and Deaths. Their eyes are directed towards them from motives of curiosity, sympathy, and

the consideration in committee to some fature day so as to allow the amendments being considered.

On the motion of Mr. Kino, the debate was adjoint to study the proposed amendments prior to agreeing to study the proposed amendments prior to agreeing to to study the proposed amendments prior to agreeing to to study the proposed amendments prior to agreeing to to study the proposed amendments prior to agreeing to to study the proposed amendments prior to agreeing to to study the proposed amendments prior to agreeing to to study the proposed amendments prior to agreeing to to study the proposed amendments prior to agreeing to to study the proposed amendments prior to agreeing to to study the proposed amendments prior to agreeing to to study the proposed amendments prior to agreeing to to study the proposed amendments prior to agreeing to the second reading.

On the motion of Mr. Kino, the debate was adjusted to their particular ance, and elicit the expression of a variety of feelings. But these facts, which seems the method of medical visitation. "The chief second reading.

A remarkable description is given of the savings Bank, standing in the names of certain description is given of the method of medical visitation. "The chief second reading.

A remarkable description is given of the feelings. But these facts, which settles of the Registran-General, and to him have method of medical visitation. "The chief of the Registran-General, and to him have method of medical visitation." The chief of the Registran-General, and to him have method of medical visitation. "The chief of the Registran-General, and to him have method of medical visitation." The chief of the Registran-General, and the expression of a variety of feelings. But these facts, which at the expression of a variety of feelings. But these facts, which at the expression of a variety of feelings. But these facts, which at the expression of a variety of feelings. But these facts, which at the expression of a variety duties, and do not quit the schole however A certain number of deaths he knows must occur every year, and his only interest in the figures, from which all personal references are sponged, is to observe the total, and consider whether this is in excess of the average or below it. Arithmetic has no feelings. During the past year 7598 persons were united in wedlock, 19,243 children were conded to the resultance of 6691 souls passed. added to the population, and 6691 souls passed away into the state which awaits the sons of away into the state which awaits the sons of Adam; and thus we perceive that the marriages and births exceeded those of the preceding year by 63 and 758 respectively, while the mortality was less by 534. This is a satisfactory result, for which the persons concerned are neither to be praised nor blamed. The children had no voice in the matter, the dying could not neutralise the mandate of Death, and the married only sought to please themselves. Nevertheless, the sum total of these events leaves us with a larger number of working bees in the hive, and this should, under good regulations, imply a corresponding increase of honey.

Our population on the closing day of last year was 485,330. But when we come to observe the proportion between the sexes

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observe the proportion between the sexes it is evident that something is wrong. These first evident that something is wrong. These figures, which should nearly balance each other, stand thus—271,004 males and 214,326 females. At this rate the rights of men are likely to be invaded by the rights of women, and we may consider ourselves in some danger of attaining the state of things in America, where women assumes to be recorded. of attaining the state of things in America, where weman assumes to be regarded as a "man and a brother." It is a fact pretty well recognised by this time, that the individual power of women increases as their numerical proportion to men diminishes, and this being so, it may be desirable for Government to take steps for the restitution of the disturbed balance, before anything more serious cemes of it. Surely these figures will afford Mr. LLOYD a new argument, and Mr. COWPER a new and sufficient pretext for immigration—confining the ficient pretext for immigration—confining the importation to females.

The excess of births over deaths amounted

to 12,552 according to the same tables; and the difference between those who landed in the colony and those who left it was 6039—that number remaining with us. The former fact cannot be expected to afford any consolation to those who were bereaved last year by death; but it is highly satisfactory to the colony to be told that the death rate of 1869 was much retold that the death rate of 1869 was much reduced as compared with that of 1868, because it indicates that "the public health is more satisfactory than in any year during the past decennial period; or, indeed, since the opening of the registers in March, 1856." The average mortality in England and Wales is stated to be 22 per 1000 of the population, and of Scotland 21; for the five years preceding 1869 we have an average of years preceding 1869 we have an average of 17-22 per 1000.

years preceding 1000 we have an average of 17:22 per 1000.

To ascertain the source of this improvement it would be necessary to institute a very careful investigation in various directions, and for this we are not now prepared; but without waiting for the exact particulars, we may very reasonably conjecture that better drainage, better water supply, better house accommodation, the prevalence of more temperate habits, and the increase of intelligence have all had something to do with the advantage gained. Gratifying as the result is, however, it might be better. Ignorance and vice are the two powers against which we have to proceed. It is they which sap the vitals of a people.

SUPREME COURT—In Equity.—Friday, 14th October.—Before his Honor the Primary Judge, at 11 o'clock.—Motions and Potitions: M. William and others v. M. William and another (by order), injunction motion. Master's Office.—At 10,30: Brown v. Huckle, adjourned receiver's account. At 11 a.m.: Wylde and another v. Caldwell and others, two sets costs.

District Court.—Ca. sa. Motions: Clark v. Vick, Richard v. Helm, Anderson v. Bilioti, Guerin v. Sherlock, M'Glone v. Fowler. Interplaster: 612. Kelly v. Gill, Kenny v. Servyer (from Malalad). Cansos: Muller v. Barrett, part heard; Kelly v. Healy, Young v. Young; Uhdo v. Young; Moble v. Healy, Young v. Young; Morett and others, Guest v. Paterson, Soamer and another v. Valentins,

Guest v. Paterson, Seamer and another v. Vsientine,
RIFLE ASSOCIATION.—We have been requested
to direct attention to the announcement of a very important
meeting of the Committee of the Rife Association, which
takes place this afternoon, at the Brigade Office, Phillipstreet, at 4 p.m.

THE MAYOR'S BALL.—We understand that the
original issue of invitations, numbering over 2000, has
fallen far short of the expectations of those who wish to be
present, and that applications for more than that number
have since been made. A large portion of the decorations
which were so much admired on Wednesday evening will
remain until after the ball on Tuesday night. The affair
has caused quite a sit ramongst milliners, despores, and costumiers, to whom it is proving a windfall. The wasdrobe
of the Frince of Walca Theatre is also finding numerous
custamers, and in all directions may be hoard the query—
What are you going to wear?

THE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY'S BALL.—The

THE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY'S BALL,—The floral decorations in the interior of the Exhibition building, which elicited such great admiration on Wednesdig evening, were arranged by Mr. Or' whom, and the planta were supplied by Messra Baptiet and Son, Shepherd, Hamssy, and others. The enachible was indeed charming in the extreme.

of Mesers. Eldred and Spence, where there who are interested in such matters may impact it.

FIRE FROM THE FALLING OF A KEROSE A LARL.—On Tuesday evening has (the Bathest Pres Pres reports), as Mr. P. Furness, asdier, was shout closing his shop in Howick-street, one of his lads went to the window to jut out the kerosene lamp. The lad appears to have caught hold of the chain upon which the lamp was suspended in the window, and exerting too much force, the chain broke, and the lighted lamp fell among the goods in the window; some of the oil ecopied from the lamp and was speedily in flames, asting fire to some paper and other stickes. Fortunately Mr. Furness was in the shop at the time, and a person with whom he was talking immediately pulled off his pilot coat and apread it over the fire; some carpeting was also taken from the shop floor and employed in the same manner, and by that means the fames and the same manner, and by that means the fames and the same manner, and by that means the fames and the same in the shop, the whole premises would have been destroyed, and perhaps the whole block of buildings of joining. We have often directed attention to this first that we have no means in the town of extinguishing a large fire of the fames have have no means in the town of extinguishing a large fir of the hand neces in the town of extinguishing a large fire of the fames have have no means in the town of extinguishing a large fire of the fames and illudy to have one, much the the town speople for the purpose of proturing an engine.

ARMIDALE

At the Circuit Court, George Faulkiner, Richard Joses, David Bell, and Thomas Francis, arraigned for prize fighting, pleaded guilty, and were each fined \$5. The business is finished.

Weather easterly, with rain all day, the thermometer being down to 50.

KEMPSEY.

THURSDAY. Heavy rain fell all yesterday and to-day; the river

GRENFELL.

miners' committee refuse to give evidence miles the public are admitted. The Gold Com-mission is now reduced to three members, as the president and Mr. Coombes left for Bathurst. The utisfactory, and the committee meet to-night for deliberation. An auctioneer's evidence occupied

TRURSDAY. TRURBDAY.

Public attention is being called to Western Australis by the fact that the Ballarat Foundry Company have made the complete material for a tramway to connect Perth with a forest suitable for the timber

rade. Robert Caldwell, a squatter, has filed his schedule Robert Caldwell, a squatter, has need his seneduce-liabilities £7000, assets £3000. The cause of his loses is squatting in Queensland. Caldwell was femerly member of the Assembly, and is now manager of the Victoria Meat Preserving Company. National Bank shares sold at £5 11s.; and Com-mercial Bank shares at £3 3s.

QUEENSCLIFF. THURSDAY. ARRIVED .- Ann (schooner), and Tower Hill (brig),

Samen.-At 6 p.m., Dandenong (s.), for Sydney.

HOBART TOWN. The Assembly agreed to the amendments of the council dividing Hobart Town and Launceston into eight separate electoral districts, returning one mem-ber each.

ADELAIDE.

Judge Gwynne complains of his being styled
"Puine" as derogatory to his dignity as second

Tudge.

The foundation stone of the Kapunda Institute was laid yesterday, amid great rejoicing, by the Treasurer.

Cape Jaffa lighthouse has cost already £16,000, and will not be finished till February.

The River Murray at Wentworth is still rising

slowly.

The smount actually sent home from the German Relief Fund was £995.

Mr. E. M. Meyer has been elected Secretary to the

Chamber of Commerce, Sugars are very firm, all whites were bought up

at £42; stocks of all sorts are almost nil.

NEW ZEALAND. [VIA MRLBOURNE.]

OCTOBER 6. Otago and Southland have remitted to Dunedin, by the escorts, 16,000 oz. of gold.

There have been three shocks of earthquake at

News from New Plymouth to the 4th instant states that Tito Kowaru, when returning from the native meeting at Pakari, stole 60 sheep from the friedlies, who were about to commence hostilities when the sheep were returned.

The Press is indignant at the Government making

REPRESENTATION OF THE HASTINGS.—A most REPRESENTATION OF THE HASTINGS.—A Mosting of the electron was held at Kempsey on Saturday, having
bon sonward for the purpose of protesting against the decisis of the Riccitions and Qualifications Committee, it regard
to the last Hastings' election. Mr. Warns occupied the chair,
it would appear from the report in the Maclesy Hersid
that the proceedings were characterised by a deficiency of
tassum, and that some prominent residents in
the locality, so far from exercising a preventive
labrace in regard to disorder, did not even so
a pod example. It was moved by Mr. E. Rudder,
us seemed by Mr. A. M. Coleman,—" That this meethy heavy expresses its disapproval of the decision of the
lattings and Qualifications Committee, in declaring Mr.
B. Bmith to be the sitting member for the Hastings

ignis to reign the seat."

Silk CULTIVATION AT MORUYA.—The l Telegraph of Tuesday says: Amongst the passengers by the sold Tuesday says: Amongst the passengers by the sold Identified the passengers by the last Identified the Identi

ake up by them as a means of increasing their income.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A working man in the employ of Mesers. Landaic Brothers, of Dentifiquin station designate Fastoral Times), mat with his dash on Wednesdry lett. His man was James Mackie, and he was accusated to come to them for letters, parcels, &c., for his employers. He lower Dentifiquin station on Wednesdry vanisy, and being will acquainted with all the tracks, hep the inside read through the forest. On Wednesdry tibrinos has bore and lurgy were found in deep water are threshed of the Edward River—the house was drowned, and it supposed that horse, buggy, and driver were wanted samples appropriate the position was the body was found on Thursday afternoon at the mouth of the cowk on the morth of the cowk on the cowk of the cow

INTERCOLONIAL NEWS.

TASMANIA.

Oun dates from Hobart Town are to the 7th instant, We

TASMANIA.

Our dates from Hobart Town are to the 7th instant, We quote from the Merceny:—

At lest the Legislature has agreed to a tariff by way of compromise. A conference took place between the managers for both Houses, when such alterations were made as will have the effect of giving the Transcurer 75 per cont. of the amount he asked for originally. Among other items, the duty on sheep is put at is. 6d., and on cattle 30s. per head.

One more has been anded to the list of old colonists who have passed away. Mr. T. Y. Lowes, whose pre-carious health has been a matter of anxiety for the last two or three weeks, died the night before last at half-past 11 o'clock, at his residence, Glemorchy. The deceased gentleman had been more or less anwell since February last, and had been frequently visited by his old friend and medical attendant, Sir Robert Offleer. Dr. Butter had also occasionally seen him of late. The immediate cause of death was effusion on the brain. Deceased was in his 73rd year, having been born in Ringland in 1798. Mr. Lowes was a widower; his wife died many years ago, and was buried at the Glenorety centerry. The residents in his district have lost a much-esteemed friend, and the poor especially, who largely parisols of his charities, will miss him greatly. Although somewhat eccentric, he was a good-hearted and most hospitable colonist. As a politician his viows were not of the most advanced order, and he was well known to be opposed to the main line railway, having expressed himself to that effect on many occasions. His idea was that the traffic would come far short of the necessities of a railroad, and that the colony would be involved in liabilities for interest which it could not sustain. It must, however, he satisfactory to his constituent, of the liability for interest which it could not sustain. It must, however, be astifactory to his constituent, of the his house of the heavy of the accomplishment of their wishes, were he sasured that any considerable majority, say two-thirds, were in favou

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

G. KIRS.- At the Baraar, at 11, Horses, Vehicles, Harness, Saddiery, &c., at 11, Refreshment Bars at Albert Ground.

DAW-ON AND CO.—At their Pitt-street Yards, at 11, Horses, Wool.

G. M. FITT.—At Ellis and Co.'s Yards, at 11.30, Yat Sheep.

S. GRAHAM.—At Railway, at 10, Hay, Straw, &c., at their Rooms, at 11, Mores, Straw, Mar.

BUILER AND INGLIS.—At Railway, at 10, Hay, Straw, &c., at their Mart, at 11, Fat Calvey, Lambs, Pigs, Pouttry, &c., at their Mart, at 17, Fat Calvey, Lambs, Pigs, Pouttry, &c., at 1, Bairy Produce, &c.

T. R. SMITH.—At Railway, at 10, Hay, Straw, &c., at Dog and Duck Yards, Pouttry, Liggs, Bacon, Butter, &c.

GENFER AND MOSES.—At Railway, at 10, Hay, Straw, &c., at Dog and Buck Yards, at 12.30, Farm and Duty Produce.

GENFER AND MOSES.—At Railway, at 10, Hay, Straw, &c., at Dog and Inck Yards, at 11.30, Poultry, Eggs, Butter, &c., at Dog and Inck Yards, at 11.30, Poultry, Eggs, Butter, &c., d. C.OHIN.—At his Rooms, at 11, Toys, &c.

J. A. TURNER.—At his Bronne, at 11, Toys, &c., at 2.15, Tallow, Illeria, Bones, Hair, &c., at 10, Leather.

10.30, Hides, Horns, Done-Tellow, Total Produce Stores, at 10, Leather; at 10.30, Histor, Hair, Horns, Hones, &c.; at 2.30, Tai-

at 10.00, Hote-, Hair, Horns, Bones, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow, &c.;
HARHISON, JONES, AND DEVLIN.—At their Produce Stores, at 16.30, H.des, Cair-kays, Ho -, Har, &c.; at 2.15, Tallow, Oll., at 2.20, Meas Brown, at 16. Hay, Streen, &c.; at the lepon, at 11.30, Ha Calveo, Figs. Poultry, Pork, at 12.30, Butter, Eggs, Bacon, Cheese, &c.; at 4, Fruit, Tallow, Hides, Steepkins, &c.

R. F. STUBBS AND CO.—At the H. R. N. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, at 2.30, Potatores.

2.30, Potators.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, AND LAMB.—At the Young Austratian Inn, corner of Albion and Riley streets. at 11, Forniture and Effects, Lense, Licence, Loodwill, Stock, &c.

C. MOORE AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Drapery, Clothing, Woollens, &c.

M. MOLONY.—At his Rooms, at 11, Boots and Shoes.

C. TEAKLE.—At his Rooms, at 11, Fancy Goods, Bags, Pipes, Jewellery, Watches, &c.

THE BAILLIFF.—On the Beach, Double Bay, at noon, Bont and Net.

RICHARDSON AND WRENCH.—At their Rooms, at 11, two Cottages and Land, Prince-street; Land and Cottage, Wool-loomcolds; two Houses, Surry-street, Darlinghurst; Cet-tage, Campbell-street, Newtown; salisbury Hotel, and Shop and Dwelling, Upper Paddington; Yilk and Grounds, Double Rifes, Sundries.

A. MOORK AND CO.—At their Mart, at 11, Clothing, Drapery, Watches, Jewelley, &c.

J. R. NORTH AND CO.—In their Yard, at 11, Timber.

MORT AND CO.—At their Produce Stores, at 10.50, Tallow, Hides, &c.

ACCIDENT.—Shortly after mid-day on Wednesday last, an accident occurred to a man named Thomas
Huat, a dray preprietor, residing in Thompson-street,
Woolloomooloo, whilst he was riding on horse-back along
Macquarie-place. It would appear that his horse fell with
him and rolled over his right leg before he was able to
extricate himself, causing a fracture of the limb above the
knee. He was speedily conveyed to the Indirmary in calNo. 247, the property of Patrick Maloney, and admitted.
It is a somewhat remarkable circumstance that Hunt had
the same leg broken about six months ago, and had just
recovered from the lameness consequent upon the first
accident when he had the misfortune to meet with the
second.

sectident when he had the misfortune to meet with the second.

THE LOQUACITY OF MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT.—What would the Lord Mayor of London say, if he spent an ovening or two in our Logislative Assembly, after the following speech, which he delivered in proposing the tosat of the House of Commons, at the banquest given to Ministers, at the Mansion House, on the 30th September?—"The next tosat is 'The House of Commons." Radical as I am, I must say that House is not altogether to my mind (a laugh): it is not a favourable specimen of what an assembly should be that is supposed to represent the wealth and intelligence of the great English nation. There is too much talk in proportion to the amount of work done. Yet out of all this fog of words two measures have emerged which any Logislature may be proud of—the Edmastion Rill and the Irish Land Bill. The Edmastion Rill and the Irish Land Bill I contend there months has come out in principle nearly the same as it was when introduced. The Irish Land Bill is a true message of peace to Ireland. Still I contend there has been too much talk on both bills. I have very great regard for representative institutions, but if we mean representative institutions to be respected by the nation the House of Commons must abridge the amount of their talk."

CURED BY SARSAPARILLA.—We (Maxidand

much much much belies. I have very great regard for representative institutions to be respected by the nation the House of Commons must airdige the amount of their talk."

CURED BY SARSAPARILLA. — We (Mastland Mascany) are informed of a remarkable cure of a case of severe cancer by the use of a decection of the native sarsaparilla, which grows so pientifully along the side of the Great Northern Railway, and generally throughout the bush on hill sides. Our informant is a reputable resident of Marpeth, and assures us not only of the very bad character of the cancer, but also of the completeness of the cure. It was in snewer to his questionings, when he saw the woman whom he had known as a great suffere from cancer appear perfectly sound, that the manure of the cure was related; and the husband of the woman signed a written sixtement of which we quote the latter part, and summarise the rest. The woman had suffered for ten years by a center in the lower lip, which at last affected her besith. The husband coundled a doctor in Maitland, who salvied the patient to go to the hospital; she did so and underwent an operation, three-quarters of an inch of the lip being removed, but the disease shortly became as bed as ever, and the cancer made some progress down the throat. Ductors of Newcastle, Maidland, Eathures, the medical staff of the Sydney Indimary, and three medical staff of the Sydney Indimary, and there only the surface of the Sydney Indimary, and three medical staff of the Sydney Indimary, and three medical gentlemen of the Neibourne Hospital, were severally applied to, and their opinion was bed on the Maidland, Eathures, the medical s

LAW SFORM.

No. VIII.

A "Criminal Law Consolidation Act" is the most valuable instalment of law reform attainable apart from and without prejudice to a general measure. Such an Act might at once correct the absurdities of our jury system—abridge the tedious formalities of Crown prosecutions—do away with the present arbitrary classification of crimes, and adjust, as far as mere legislation can, the degrees of punishment. Of course no such adjustment can be complete, or nearly so. To take a familiar instance, you cannot have a statutory scale of punishments for every larceny, from a loaf of bread to a case of jewels—for every embezzlement from sixpence spent in toffee by a baker's apprentice to the thousands appropriated by a defaulting Government official or banker's clerk. Much must in any case be left to the discretion of the Judge; to his estimate of the magnitude of the offence, its facility, its prevalence, the particular extenuating or aggravating circumstances. The connection in the ninth enquiry of the Law Commissioners between the degrees and the inequality of punishments is thus natural enough. Of the degrees, as matter for legislation, we shall say but little, and that little with an eye to principles rather than details. After all, there is not much seriously wrong in the existing graduation of punishments. We would, however, suggest:—

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however, suggest :First. That, save in a few cases where the in-

After all, there is not much seriously wrong in the existing graduation of punishments. We would, however, suggest:

First. That, save in a few cases where the infliction of fine alone shall seem sufficient, the sentence shall be to penal servitude; and that this sentence shall always carry with it the liability to such penal labour as the prisoner shall be fairly capable of. In the hope that some day our Government may see their way to employing a portion of our convicts on public works, the term "penal servitude" should include both imprisonment and the roads. And in the case of juvenile offenders, the Judge should retain the power, though at present only a dead letter, of sentencing in the alternative to a gaol or Government Reformatory.

Secondly, the distinction between felonies and misdemeanours ought to be done away; and we think it may be worth considering whether it would not be better that when a prisoner is charged with any criminal act it should be open to the jury to convict him of the attempt to commit such act, instead of leaving the attempt a distinct offence chargeable in a different information. We believe, too, that the difference between the punishment for the act and that for the attempt is in many cases too great, and ought to be rearranged.

Thirdly, we would wish to see a general application of the principle, already in many cases recognised by our criminal law, of punishing a second, third, or oft-repeated offence with a progressive increase of severity. The casual offender, under circumstances perhaps of special temptation, may fairly claim a lenient treatment: he whom a first punishment fails to reclaim or deter should have double measure on a second offence, while with the habitual violator of the law, the gaol-bird by choice, the sole difficulty lies in making the prison discipline severe enough to be deterring. But then, in order to make the systematic graduation of punishments in this principle just, as well as useful, we must prevent the penal servitude with which we visit a firs

in Parramatta gaol.

We have little to add respecting degrees of punishment. Only we would observe, as the time of our Assembly is again to be wasted in discussing the subject, that it would be little short of madness to abolish capital punishment in a country like this. Restrict it however, we would, to actual murder, and perhajes aggravated cases of rape. Our retention of capital punishment in cases of felonious wounding with intent to kill has acted chicily as a trap for the consciences of jurors.

would, to actual murder, and perhals aggravated cases of rape. Our retention of capital punishment in eases of felonious wounding with intent to kill has acted chicily as a trap for the consciences of jurors.

A most difficult question—that of the inequality of punnahments—remains still to be dealt with. As to the extent to which such inequality prevails, there has no doubt been great exaggeration. There are too many persons whose notion of maintaining the purity of the Bench consists mainly in throwing dirt on individual Judges, and who delight in contrasting the sentences passed by A and B respectively for offences nominally the same, though substantially very different, but never make allowance for the distinctive features of the cases. Often, too, a seeming contrast is pointed to and censured in all good faith, when a closer scrutiny would have explained it away. A Judge, it is but fair to suppose, has access to many sources of information which are closed to others, and especially to those who know nothing of the crime or the criminal beyond what they read in a condensed report of the trial. It is often not possible for him—nor would it be desirable for him were it possible—to explain to his critics all the reasons which convince him that a given criminal is or is not a person likely to appreciate or benefit by lenient treatment. The critics may argue justly from their own data, but those data are imperfect and deceptive. But after making every allowance for these and other sources of misconception, we must still admit that different Judges adopt, so to say, different standards of punishment. In cases of the same complexion one will be notably severe, another as markedly lenient, while a third seems to hit a happy medium in his sentences. And as long as their action in this matter is perfectly isolated and independent, to say that this difference will be observable and occasionally glaring, is only to say that men's minds are differently constituted, and their views formed on different experiences. One has

Instead of complete independence and isolation, there should be a concerted and systematic action of our Judges in this matter. Aided by the advice of the Crown Law officers, the whole Bench—including not merely the Supreme Court Judges, but the Dis minorum gentism of the District Courts—should agree on a common standard of punishment for each of the more important crimes. In other words they should agree that a first offence of a certain kind, when of an average character (i.e., when without any special aggravating or extenuating circumstances) shall, as a matter of course, receive a certain measure of punishment. This measure could be abridged or enlarged when the case presented any peculiar features of good or evil; and in recognising and allowing for such features each Judge would no doubt shew something of his own peculiar bont. But the range of inequality would be greatly limited where all started from the same point, instead of each having his own standard, fixed anywhere, it may be, between two years of penal servitude and ten! The public would be spared some of those startling contrasts which furnish a plausible pretext for attacks on the Bench; Judges would feel their individual responsibilities lightened, and evildoers would be less likely to build on the chance of a light sentence. The plan is a simple one, and could at all events do no mischief. In fact, semething of the kind seems to have been tacitly in progress for some time past. Recent sentences, at all events, have run less into extremes, and we are prescribing for a complaint of which the symptoms are already mitigated.

In the Legislative Assembly, yesterday, the Hon. the Treasurer laid upon the table the estimates of the expenditure of the Government for 1871. Under the head schedules A, B, and C, to schedule I, of Acts 18 and 19

schedules A, B, and C, to schedule I, of Act
Victoria, caput 54, are the following totals:

SUMMARY.
Schedule A (not required to be voted): Provided by the schedule
Provided by Colonial Acts
Schedule B
Chargeable on the schedule
To be voted
Schedule C: Public worship (not required to be voted)

Executive and Legislative. The following is a summary of the items head:—
The following is a summary of the items head:—
Ris Excellency the Governor Executive Council Legislative Council Legislative Assembly Legislative Council and Assembly ...
Parliamentary Library Total £19,071

Total

The amount voted for 1870 was £18,858. T is the departments of the Legislative Assemi Parliamentary Library.

Colonial Secretary
The following is a summary of the proposed c under this head:—
Colonial Secretary
Younteers
Naval Brigade
Police Gnard
Petry Resistons
Gaols
Lunatic Asylams
Medical Bostat
Medical Advisor, Vaccination, Medical Officers, &c. Auditor-General and Brands Registration
Colonial Agent
Observatory
Museum
Public Instruction under Act 30 Victoria, Public Instruction under Act 30 Victoria, No. 22
Free Fublic Library
Grant in sid of l'ublic Institutions
Industrial Schools
Reformatory for Girls, Newcastle
Ditto for Boys
Charitable Institutions Inspector of Public
Charities
Protestant Orphan School
Roman Catholic Orphan School
Asylums for the Infirm and Destitute
Charitable allowances
Miscellaneous services

Tetal The amount voted for 1870 was £502,115.
many increases, decreases, and other alterations
ALBINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.
The summary under this head shows:
Law Officers of the Crown...

The summary under this head shows:
Law Officers of the Crown .
Supreme and Circuit Courts
Sheriff
Insolvent Court
District Courts
Quarter Sessions
Coroners' Inquests
Miscellaneous services £55,971 TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.
The totals under this head are— £9,671 1,765 27,095 2,896

The totals under this head are—
Treasury.

It stamp Duties
Customs ...
Colonial Distilleries and Refineries
Gold Receivers, formerly included under Colonial Secretary
Gold and Escort, formerly included under
Colonial Secretary
Printing, bookbinding, and postage stamps
Stores and Stationery
Cunpowder Magashne, Gost Island
Colonial Military Store and Gunpowder Magasine, Spectacle Island
Health and Emigration Officers
Quarantine Total

The votes for 1870 amounted to £150,816.

SECRETARY FOR LAMPS.
CHARGEABLE ON REVENUE.

Department of Lands
Survey of lands
Commission to land agents, appraisers, &c.,
and rent of buildings
Occupation of lands
Gold-fields
Prevention of each in sheep
Inspection of cattle
Coal-fields
Botanic Gurdens
Government Domains and Hydo Park
Minor Roads
Miscellaneous services

Roads llaneous services Total £132,452

Total £132,452

The votes for 1870 under this head amounted to £15,274. The principal reductions are under the second, fourth, and last heads of the proposed expenditure.

Recuprate your Public Works.
CHARGARDS OF PUBLIC WORKS.**
CHARGARDS OF PUBLIC WORKS.**
CHARGARDS OF PUBLIC WORKS.**
CHARGARDS OF PUBLIC WORKS.**

General containsment.

**Existing lines—Working of these 203,873

Harbours and River Navigation.**

**Establishments 23,367

Public works.

Colonial Architect.

Colonial Architect.

Colonial Architect.

Colonial Architect.

**General containsment 2,860

Ended and Bridges:

**General containsment 1,873

**General containsment 1,873

**General containsment 1,873

**General containsment 1,873

**Fitz Roy Dock 1,873

**Miscellaneous services 2,2666

**Total 5,4874,413

Total Total

The amount voted for 1870 was £467,100. The increase is under the head "working expenses" Harbours and Rivers Department and Public Works.

To BR RAISED BY LOAN.

Railways...

To BR RAISED BY LOAN.

Railways...

10 50,000

Hai bours and River Mavigation 43,291

Public Works and Buildings 65,000

Roads

Flectric Telegraphs 13,318

Miscellaneous 5,600

Total (Loan) 1,699,161

The emeunt for 1870 was £874,252. The increases for 1871 are on every item except "miscellaneous."

1,699,101

£121,536 3,296 34,278 Total

The amount voted for 1870 was £144,360.

The total amount appropriated for 1870, chargeable on revenue, was £1,658,578; the amount required for 1871 is £1,602,005. The amount provided for by loan for 1871 was £407,152; the amount to be raised by loan for 1871 is £1,709,101. The special appropriations for 1870 amounted to £612,660; the special appropriations for 1871 amount to £641,133. The total of the votes for 1870 (including loans) was £2,578,360. The Estimates for 1871 amount to £3,962,263.

The Supplementary Estimates for 1870 and previous years embrace a large number of items amounting to £51,669.

COUNT BISMARK.

TO THE REDITOR OF THE RERALD.

Str.—In the Herald of the 10th instant you have copied a letter from the Times, signed "Foresight." The writer is defending Bismark and his policy, particularly as to the German invasion and spoliation of Denmark in 1864. He says, "By the Germans in 1864 the Danes were regarded in exactly the same light as were the Danes of Northumberland and Easex by our Saxon ancestors in the days of Alfred OF HATOId. They formed a stronger power, which had by force established itself on Saxon soil in the hour of Saxon weakness, and were to be expelled therefrom as soon as possible."

This comparison is so absurd that it is surprising how an intelligent and educated Englishman, as the writer seems to be, would make it.

In Northumberland and Easex the Danes were foreign invaders, and it was quite proper that the English should expel them as soon as possible; but in Slesvig it was the Germans who were foreign invaders, and not the Danes, Denmark did not acquire or hold Slesvig and the other duchies by force of arms. Slesvig, or South Juland, which is its proper name, has been a part of Denmark as far back as Danish history goes. In the Middle Ages, it was several times given as a fiel of the Danish Crown to a son or a brother of the then reigning monarch; but it always fell back again directly to the Crown. The other duchies, Holstein and Lauenburg, are and were German, and had only a dynastic connection with Denmark. Holstein had been partly bought with money and partly exchanged for other territory, such as the Duchy of Oldenburg, the Bishopric of Bremen, &c.; and Lauenburg the Bishopric of Bremen, &c.; and Lauenburg was given to Denmark as some sort of compensation for the loss of Norway, which she had to give up at the Congress of Vienna in 1814, as a penalty for not having deserted Napoleon the First in the hour of his misfortune. How, then, the Danies, I am analle to see. Slesvig was an undisputed part of Denmark, acknowledged and guaranteed as such by all the great Powers,

DANGEROUS KEROSENE OIL.

DANGEROUS KEROSENE OIL.

TO THE INITIOE OF THE HENALD.

Six.—In a late issue of your paper I read with much satisfaction a letter by "Precaution," in which attention is directed to the fact that large quantities of kerosene cil of a low infaming point, and therefore unsafe for use, are being introduced into our market, and the suggestion is made that an Act should be passed, as has been done in the mother country, interdicting the placing of any oil upon the market under a certain burning point. I trust this timely suggestion will not be lost sight of by our legislators. The danger connected with the use of such oil is sf no imaginary character. The fatal accident recently chronicled in your paper is already the second that has occurred within a short time, and it will most certainly not be the last, if protection be not afforded to the public by legal enactment. We have but to imagine a fatal accident in our families to feel as we ought in reference to this matter. Certainly these colonies are not so overstocked with inhabitants as to be able to dispense with those safeguards to life which it is deemed advisable to adopt even in the densely populated communities of Europe.

That dangerous oils abound in our market anyone may satisfy himself who will take the trouble to procure samples of the different brands, and test them in the manner indicated by "Precaution." My experience leads me to question whether the burning point of any oil in our market except the Western kerosene much exceeds 100 degrees. It must be borne in mind that a kighly dangerous oil may be a good illuminating oil and free from both smoke and smell. It contains, however, soo much of the spirit of kerosene, known under the name of Spongeline, or Naphthaline. When this is extracted, the burning qualities of the oil are not impaired, but its safety is established.

As long as every kind of kerosene oil may be sold with impunity in our midst, so long will our American cousine find in these colonies convenient markets for the disponal of those qu

m such matters is appointed for the protection of the public.

It is to be hoped that an Act of this kind will be introduced here before another, and perhaps, if possible, more lamentable accident occurs. I do not agree with your correspondent. "Precaution" in his recommendation to extirguish the flame of a kerosene oil lamp, by blowing it out, if the blowing is to be downwards.

oil lamp, by blowing it out, it the blowing is seen downwards.

I think that all oils sold for burning in lamps should be sufficiently safe not to require any particular ere in burning, or special mode of extinguishing; neither should it be me essary for a person to take a testing apparatus with him when he purchases a tin of illuminating oil.

Having some knowledge of its burning oils which are frequently met with in the market, it is a secure of much surprise to me that a tidents are not more numerous.

source of much surprise to me that a cidents are not source numerous.

At the present time persons can import and soil to the public cole which are not allowed to be soil for burning in lamps in the places where such oils are prepared.

I quite agree with your correspondent "Presaution" that an Act of our Legislature should regulate the storage of these oils, and I think that the Fire Insurance Companies would be only fairly protecting their interests by uging imme and legislative action.

Yours, obsdiently,

CHAS, WATT.

Sin,—Will you allow me space in your valuable columns to ask whether a policeman entinot be spared to keep order and protect persons from insult by that body of persons called omnious drivers and conductors, who stand in Clarence-street, and finall and anney, by action and observe language, all passes by? Not a respectable female could pass them, or even wait in their omnibus until their time of starting, without having her cars offended by their disgusting language. Surely, Sir, in a city like Sydney this could be prevented if a constable was on duty where the coaches start from.

I am, Ser, years erely,

MERCANTILE AND MONEY ARTICLE.

Tobacco and snuff Cigara Tea ... Coffee and chicory Sugar (unrefined) Rice

Great dulness was again visible at the wool

Great dulness was again visible at the wool sales held to-day, which may have been attributable to the unimportant character of the catalogues. Scoured wools were quite neglected.

Mr. Turner sold—Para, 10 bales fleece at 10d., 4 lambs at 7d., 3 broken at 43d., 2 mixed at 73d., 1 black at 73d., 1 pieces at 54d., 1 mixed at 8d., 1 locks and pieces at 63d., 4 greasy at 53d. to 63d., 4 mixed at 3d., 1 locks at 23d., 1 scoured at 11d., 2 handwashed at 54d. and 9d., 3 fleece at 9d., 2 pieces at 54d. and 74d., about 8000 sheepskins at 3d. to 6d., and pelts at 14d.

were JH, 11 bales greasy at 61d., 1 clippings at 21d.; T over K, 7 greasy at 71d., 3 mixed at 11d., 3 locks and black at 61d., 1 locks at 3d.,

and 17 lots sheepskins at 2½d. 1 focks at 3d., and 17 lots sheepskins at 2½d. to 5½d.

The Estimates for 1871 were laid upon the table of the Legislative Assembly this evening. The estimated expenditure for next year amounts to £2,243,000 besides £71,000 supplementary, making a total of £2,314,000, against a total of £2,254,000 for the current year inclu-

ding £106,000 supplementary.

The position of the English Money Market on August 6th is thus reviewed by the *Econo-*

at lotal of 2.2.29-3,000 for the current year moturing ding £106,000 supplementaty.

The position of the English Money Market on August 6th is thus reviewed by the Economist:

English Government Stocks.—The full in console since the last monthly settlement to the continuation price of as jis about 4 per cent., and the manner in which the settlement which has been finally concluded to-day would be got over has been a master for speculation for some days past. It has naturally been expected that the failures in the consol market would be on a scale with those which have unhappily taken place in other departments. It is not difficult before the consoleration of the first place by persons who have as a rule something to lose, while the speculative operations have been, as regards foreign stocks, entered into by persons who had asst to nothing, of which the failures show ample proof. In the second place, targe numbers of the speculative accounts which are operating larger? accounts. A larger will protect himself by seiling a "bear?" of consols. Again, samial and weak speculators generally opion small accounts is stocks, which move at least \$ or 1 per cent. as a fluctuation, whereas to obtain in ordinary times the same profit on consols a much larger amount must be bought or sold. Again, in times when he public are operating largery in the markets, the second process of the public are operating largery in the markets, the construction of the public are operating largery in the markets, the second public secon

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD. 1,348
1,348
1,348
2,345
2,4,545
Yours, obediently,
CHEMIST.
CHEMIST.
Sir.,—Your second leader of Monday reflects credit alike to yourself and the Rife Association, but unfortunately the latter does not represent the colony and the specific stream of th

which ayoung lady lost her life, reminds us that in this country we are consuming illuminating oils which have not been subjected to any authorised examination.

In other parts of the world Acts of the various legislatures require these illuminating oils to beteated with reference to the temperature at which they will give off inflammable vapour, sufficient to be recognised by the application of a small flame; and those samples which do so below the temperature fixed by the Acts, not being considered safe, are not allowed to be sold as burning oils. A person skilled into them the brave old Waldensian motto of "Never surrender."

Our merchants, both great and small (as a rule), or "nowhere," in support of it; and as our great owners of beeves over the mountains, one can only say "ditto;" surely the study of the import markets as also that of the respective qualities of Devons and Durhams might be supplemented by a slight dash of patriotism, without detriment to either; at all events, such is my idea, to which may be added that in all probability the claims of the "Rifle Association" on colonists in general have not been so directly brought under their notice as the circumgree with your correspondent "Precaution" in his

doing.

These are but gentle hints, which may be studied and taken advantage of, previous to the issue of the programme for 1871.

NON-COMPETITOR.

THE CHARGE OF THE OLD PIPECLAYS.

TO THE RESTOR OF THE REBLIA S.

Sir.,—The letter of the gallant 150, published in this morning's Herold, must, I think, convince the authorities that they committed a slight error in specially inviting pensioners and discharged soldiers to enrol themselves for the purpose of forming as it were the foundation of a National Defence Force. Everybody here has a respect for "Old Soldiers" so long as they are content to be regarded as auch, but there are some in the community who are heterodox enough to think that "young soldiers," may, even young Volunteers, under a proper system, are better for all practical purposes. Look, for instance, at the Nasal Brigade. It is composed of young athletic men employed in the particular walks of life fitting them for the amphibious duty which they have undertaken. This corps is well under discipline, and promises to be as effective as any organisation short of an absolutely permanent force can possibly be. With this example before us the question naturally arises, what is to prevent the Government reorganising the whole or a portion of the Rifles on the same principle. Let the invitation be given, and I venture to say it will be found that amongst the men who have for years past performed the irksome duty of Volunteering, without oven the hope of pay or reward, will not now that an emergency has arises, turn on their heel and walk away in disgust.

A VOLUNTEER.

A VOLUNTER.

CATTLE SALES.—Sullivan and Tindale report the sale of 95 bullocks (Forrester's), average £5 0s. 64.; 56 cows, sverage £ 4 6s. 7d.; and 1990 cwes and wetlaws (M'Mahon's), at 8s. 4d.

MUTROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.

for the defendant Mr. Darley, instructed by Mr. Williamson.

TOLLS V. ASSITON.

William Tollis, proprietor of the Bull's Head Stores, in this action sued William Ashton, a licensed victualler, residing in Balmain, for goods sold and delivered. The amount claimed was £167. The defendant's solicitor pleaded that his client was never indebted; that plaintiff and no interest in the subject matter of this action; that under the Publicans Act the plaintiff could not recover for any quantity delivered at one time and of the same quality of liquor less than two gallons. It was also pleaded for the defendant that there was no consideration. The plaintiff having called evidence in support of his case, the defendant's solicitor submitted that his pleas were not answered; and that the plaintiff had failed to shew that he was, in any way, connected with the Bull's Head Stores. His Honor mensuited the plaintiff. Mr. D. S. Levey appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. R. J. Robinson for the defendant.

MILLER V. BARRETT.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

INSOLVENCY COURT.
THURSDAY.
BYORE the CHIEF COMMISSIONER.
The rule nisi, Meaks v. Jacobson, was made absolute on a motion of Mr. Davis, counsel for petitioner.
Plans of distribution were confirmed in the estates of may J.G. Carry, James C. Middleton, Phomix Wells, mander Gilchrist, Edward Doherty, William A. Creditors directions were ratified in the estates of sph Watson, John A. Bryant, Martin Gardiner, and classel Slackpool.
The consideration of directions in re Samuel Chatwin, nade over until the 24th proximo.
Tr. Windeyer appeared as counsel for the official sace in re William M'llveen, to show cause why an actur or plan should not be lodged. His Honor directed affidavit of facts to be filed on or before the 15th, and ourned the case until the 20th October.
The like order was made in re Daniel and Patrick chinlay.

The like order was made in re Daniel and Patrick Mackinlay.

The Chief Commissioner intimated that judgment on the application of Henry Ridout Thursby and Charles Moss for a certificate will be delivered on Thursday next.

James King, of Grenfell, miner. Liabilities, £59 17s.

Assets, £4. Mr. Humphery, official assignce.

MENTINGS OF CREDITIONS.

Friday, October 14, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Jeace Shaffran, first or only meeting; William John Doran, first or enly meeting; Samuel Pritchard, first or only meeting; Lyall Scott, first meeting; Remry Dayrell, deceased, special for proof of debia; Frederick Mark Drinkwater, and Lexander Boyd, adjourned first or only meeting, the unit of the state of the state.

Alexander Boyd, adjourned first or only meeting, from the 5th instant. John Devine, adjourned special, for proof of debias, from 7th instant.

Friday, October B.—Before the District Commissioner: William Manning, first or only meeting, af Gratton, at 11 a.m.

Monday, October 17, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Richard Thame and William Walker, adjourned examination from the 10th instant.

Tuesday, October 18, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissione Phernix Wells, Thomas Watte, William Hartzel, Jam Phillips, Halph Telsh. Herny Histori Thursby and Char Moss, Judgment on application for certificate.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.
THURSDAY.
BRYONE the Police Magistrate, Mesers. Love, Thompson,
Penfold, Birrell, Murphy, Machinosh, Renwick, and I'wo per one were fined 2s. 6d. each, and one was fined for drunkenness

5a. for drunkeaness.
Timothy alias William Clarke and Rebecca Claypele, who were on Monday brought before the Police Magistrate and Mr. Murphy on a warrant issued in Sydaey for a larventy alleged to have been committed in New Zealand, and who were remanded in order that the magistrates assight take advice upon the objection of Mr. Williamson, attorney for defence, that the justices having no jurisdiction over offences committed in New Zealand, the prisonners were illegally in custody, were again brought up. The question was submitted to the Attorney-General, whose opinion sustained the objection, and the prisoners were discharged.

opinion sustained the objection, and the prisoners were discharged.

One prisoner was remanded and seven were discharged.

On the summons paper were twenty-three cases, of which three were postponed and ten were not prosecuted. On the prosecution of the Inspector of Carriages plying for hirs John Mulheavy was found guilty of an assault in violation of the 48th by-law of the Municipal Council. Sarah Dele deposed that on the evening of the 6th October she was a passenger by defendant's omnibus, No. 80, plying in George-street; when she got out, about half-past 9 o'clock, the conductor demanded 6d.; she offered him 3d., and said that if he came home with her she would pay him; inside was a tin plate stating the fare to be 3d., but after 10 o'clock 6d.; defendant jumped down from the box, estand her by the throat, and shook her. The Bench found the charge proved, and sentenced defendant to pay a penalty of 25, or to be imprisoned one month. Humphrey Bray was fined 20s. for extracting the Inspector of Carriages in the esceution of his duty. Tokias Jacobson, having neglected to pay William Meccaan the sum of 24s. due for cah hire, was ordered to pay the assount claimed, with the addition of 12s. compensation for foss of time; and David Mitchell, having neglected to pay double the sament. Four persons were fined 5s. each for loitering. John Mohler was fined 6s. each the prosecution of David Bobsyleon for allowing water to run

WATER POLICE COURT.

TRUSSDAY.

Before the Water Police Magistrate and Mr. G. Hill.
Heary Fenste and Charles Berry, seamen of the Jan Peter, charged with being absent without leave from the vessel on the 11th instant, were ordered to be sent on board.

One drunkerd was fixed in the neual penalty.
George Campbell, a respectable-leoking man, was charged with being on board the steamstip Alexandra, for an unlawful purpose. Trisoner was given into custody restreday afternoon to sergeant Dwyer, charged with the above offence. John Klussell deposed that he was wharinger and clerk at the Australasian Steam Navigation Company's premiser; yesterday afternoon prisoner was on board the steamship Alexandra and came to witness, and asked him whether he was going with them; witness suspected from something he had heard that prisoner was the man of whom some complaints had been made, and replied "Yes?" prisoner then said, "Have yon got your things on board' to which witness replied that he had; he then said, "Have you got your things on board' to which witness replied that he had; he then said, "Have you got your things on board' to which witness replied that he had; he then said, "Have you got your things on board' to which witness replied that he had; he then said, "Have you got your things on board' to which witness replied that he had; he then said, "Have you got your things on board' to which witness replied that he had; he then said, "Have you got your passage citiclet?" and upon receiving a reply in the negative he (prisoner) asked witness to pay him, as he collected the passage money and tickets; witness asked the fare to Melbourne, and prisoner to did him it was £2 for a steerage passage; witness paid him the £2, and prisoner said he would be back presently with the ticket-book; he (witness) followed him on deck and gave him into custedy; prisoner had not been in the company's employment, and was not employed there at the present time; witness knew he was an imposter at the time he paid the monoy; the hotes found upo

BOROUGH COUNCIL.

MARRICKVILLE.—The usual fortnightly meeting of the Council took place at half-past 7 p.m. on the 3rd instant. Present—the Mayor, and Aldermen Halligan, Kingsbury, Fayten, Robertson, St. Julian, and Toesson. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed. The following correspondence was then read:—lat. From the Treasury, stating that the Government endowment for the half-year ending let August last had been placed in the beak to the credit of the Council. 2nd. From Lands Department, stating that Garrarty had complained that the kerbing on the Enmore Road was not on the proper alignment line. This letter was referred to the Committee for Works. 3rd. To Measrs. Newton, Brothers, informing them that the Council will raise the Enmore Road where it fronts their land, so as to direct the water from the other side, crossing that road, and turn it down the south side of the Victoria Road, on condition that they subscribe the sum of £6 towards the completion of the work in question. Alderman St. Julian, as chairman of the Finance Committee, brought up a report from that committee recommending payment of sundry accounts amounting to £112 12s, 3d. This report was received, and at a later period of the evening adopted, and payment authorised. Alderman Hallican, as chairman of the Committee for Works, brought up the following reports from that committee:—1. On erection of a culvert over Adam's Creek, on the Terrace Road. This report was received, and at a later period of the evening adopted, and Charles Pirit's tender accepted for the erection of the culvert, for the sum of £8 10s. 2. On the expenditure of the £62 granted by the Government for the repair of Crystal-street. The committee recommended that £40 be expended in metalling and repairing that street from the Partmanta Road to the Railway Bridge, and that £10 be expended in metalling and repairing that street from the Partmanta Road to the Railway Bridge, and that £10 be expended in metalling and even for the supply of the form he grant

rights and equal justice, the common regranted for its criginal purpose—sud not that the Government should relate and resell it. Look at what the poor people in the low hands suffered through not being able to depasture their steek on the common, some of the most valuable steek in the colony were lest through it. He hoped to see things settled anneably. He did not want to bose the common, it was very useful, and he would not like an inch of it taken away. (Cheers, Mr. Moses had gone as fully into the matter that there was little left for him to say. His motive in rising was simply to state that he had been favoured with a view of one of the resolutions intended to be proposed, with which had do not agree. He was thereughly in favour of the bill, though if the inhabitants got up a petition against it, and asked him to present it, he would feel bound to do so.

Mr. Mosts wished to state that Mr. Piddington had seconded the introduction of the bill.

Dr. Stelkink said that Mr. Moses had made a statement to that meeting with which he did not agree. (Cheers and noise.)

Mr. Garnsey rose to order. If Dr. Schkirk was not

Dr. SELKHIK said that Mr. Mose's had made a statement to that meeting with which he did not agree. (Cheers and noise.)

Mr. GARNETY rose to order. If Dr. Sakirk was not going to move a resolution, he was out of order. (Cheers and uproar)

Dr. Salkhik was supprised that Mr. Garnsey had taken the trouble to interrupt him, and he thought that gentleman was rather in a hurry in doing so. He intended to move a resolution, but he had not had time. The extensements of Mr. Moses were not candid, and not facts. Eighteen months ago he had attended a meeting in that hall and advocated the equal rights of Windsor and Richmond. He had apoken on the subject before, and told what had been done twenty years ago, and he thought as a proof that Windsor had a right, they had aiways a trustee until the death of Mr. Fitogerald—(Hear, hear)—and the Windsor people had more stock on the common than the Richmond. After Mr. Fitogerald death no other trustee was appointed in his place, and there the difficulty arose. As regarded a division of the common by Rickerby's Creek he did not agree with it, and did not see how that could be done satisfactorily. He did not believe in the Government resuming the common, for they had no guarantee that they would rededicate it, there was no necessity for this bill. (*Oh, oh; and hear, hear.) An arrangement could be come to without it.

Mr. PRINKOSE; The trustees have no power in the matter.

Dr. SELKHIK believed that if the Government resumed

And the printer of the control of th

" Audi alteram partem."

To Day as the Assembly of Warner of the important subject which has been introducted to the important subject which has been introduced to the manufall excited the Assembly of the Warner of discussion in your columns. No reader can fail to have been attruck with the spirit of beaming earnessness exhibited in the discussion, and with the graceful recognition of the honorable motives which have prompted the introduction of the measure. But the "run" of the argument has been, upon the whole, unfavourable to the cardinal principles of the bill. Indeed, so far as the Ires is concerned, the measure has, as yet, been almost without a friend. If only to relieve the monotony of a one-sided defended of the care the indulgence of a few words in the measure is sweepin., radical, extreme. We do not ignore the fact 1 at "between the continued drunkard and the total abstiner there is a stratum of society composed of conscientions men who think the wisdom is to be found in the moderate use of the luxuries of life." There can be no doubt that the measure would entail upon the large and respectable class of moderate drinkers a considerable degree of inconvenience. They would not be able with the present facility to obtain the bottle of wine or the jug composed of consciention to the third with the present facility to obtain the bottle of wine or the jug continued the present facility to obtain the bottle of wine or the jug continued to those who know how to use their liberty without on those who know how to use their liberty without on the present facility to obtain the bottle of wine or the jug continued to the present facility to obtain the bottle of wine or the jug continued to the present facility to obtain the bottle of wine or the jug continued the present facility to obtain the present facility to obtain a distribution of the present facility to wine the section of the present facility to wine the present facility to be instituted to the present facility to the land. We have a section of the present facility to be large t

object to introduce to Parliament, at the dictation of the enemy, provisions fatal to the success of our cause.

Your correspondent, whose article appears in your issues of the 6th and 11th instant, draws a very graphic picture of the faction fights which the attempt to bring the measure into operation in particular localities will be likely to occasion. Your correspondent's remarks would be pertinent and forcible enough if applied to an Irish election, but it is with no small pride that a native of New South Wales like myself may boast that faction fights form no part of the proceedings of an election in this country. However high party spirit may run, the ballot is an infallible defence against the violence which the fervent imagination of your correspondent has painted.

The objection that the application of the remedy will be so entirely topical as even to run the risk of aggravating the disease in other places besides those to which the blister is applied, is not entertained by the evidences of facts. There are many places in England, where, owing to the power of the landlord to prevent their establishment, no public-houses exist. And the result in nearly all cases is, that the people in these places are sober. Remove the temptation, and somehow people become reconciled to a deprivation which might at first be felt as a hardship. The appetite is kindled and inflamed by temptation, and in many cases is solely sustained by the frequency of the temptation.

"How oft the sight of means to do ill deeds Make ills deeds done."

" How oft the sight of means to do ill deeds Make ills deeds done." And when the temptation is taken out of the way, the ignoble lust expires. When the fuel is removed,

the fire goes out.

Take two or three specimens out of as many thousand cases given in evidence before the late Committee of Convocation upon the subject.

1. "You have been rightly informed that there

are no public-houses or beershops here. The village is orderly and quiet, and only once during my incumbency of six years have I seen a drunken parishioner. The labourer is too tired of an evening to go two miles in quest of beer."

2. "From the experience of ten years' intercourse with the people, and residence among them, I may confidently state that we have no habitual druk kard.

3. "There is only one drunkard among us; he is an old Waterloo man. But he would get much worse if he had not to walk two or three miles for beer."

Or take the following additional illustrations:—

(1) Johnstone in Dumfriesshire with a population of 1230.—There are three public schools in the parsh. There are no persons above six years of age who cannot both read and write.

The report from the village adds:—"We have swither public-house, nor resident surgeon, nor prison, nor lawyer, nor beggar.

2. Saltaire, in Yorkshire.—Population, about 3000. Habits of the people: honest, industrious, sober, crime very rare. Pauperism almost unknown. This has been the case for about ten years. What is the explanation:—Mr. Salt, the landowner, will not allow the establishment of a public-house; pauperism almost unknown. These has only been one case of crime before the magistrates for twenty years. If a policeman happens to pass through the village the children run out to look at him as a curiosity.

The evidence, a few amples of which I have just

pauperism almost unknown. There has only been one case of crime before the magistrates for twenty years. If a policeman happens to pass through the village the children run out to look at him as a curiosity.

The evidence, a few samples of which I have just cited, has a wider application than simply the disposal of the objection alleged. We are often told—indeed, the expression has become a cant proverb—men cannot be made sober by Act of Parliament.

"How small, of all that human bearts endure, "There is, of course, much truth in the proverb. But men are greatly the creatures of circumstances. And the evil influences which it lies in the power of Government to restrain, it is the skyl of Government to restrain. The proverb, in the broad and unqualified assertion which it sometimes receives, would justify the toleration of every social grievance—would, in fact, make it appear a matter of indifference, whether the Government discountenanced immorality or not. Apply the principle to gambling-hells, to lotteries, to occhyint, to puglism. Can men be made to carn an honest living—can men be made merciful and manly by act of Parliament? No, but Government may prohibit or discourage what has the effect of making men thieves and vagabonds, just as it may prohibit or discourage what has the effect of making men thieves and vagabonds, just as it may prohibit or discourage what has the effect of making men drunk, and as a result there will be less dishonesty, less vagabendism, less drunkenness. Surely, if the above-cited illustrations prove anything, they prove that men (to a reasonable degree) may be kept sober by abolishing the public-house.

But, we are teld, this is a wine-growing country. Are we prepared to accept the consequences of duscouraging the cultivation of the vine? I recur to my original position. We must be willing to incur any precuniary loss that we may rid ourselves of this wide-spread and deeply-featering plague. But let me becandid. I believe that if the people generally entirely gave up the use of spi

THE military organisations of France and Prussia have sprung out of the wars at the commencement of the century. The experiences of 1859 and 1866 have done no more than modify the original schemes, which have developed themselves with the national requirements of either country. They have in each developed themselves with the national requirements of either country. They have in each overcome the prejudices of the orders upon whom they fall most heavily, and are now accepted by all ranks as assurances of national strength. No two systems could be more completely distinct, and yet the difficulty of instituting an intelligent comparison between them is great. If we may be pardoned for advancing opinions, the excess of regularity and of methodical system, which is maintained in Prussia during the training of her troops and the neutralisation of her army for war, although very probably based on the idea of a "common Germany," and having a political significance, goes far to destroy the high aspirations which spring from the sentiment, in indicating that all Germany must be Prussian. Saxony, Hanover, and Nassau have taken their own places in previous wars, and their military organiza-tions are of distinct growth. The only military enthusiasm of which the Prussian soldiery can be capable is that

Prussian soldiery can be capable is that which springs from hatred or jealousy of race. Do not let us deceive ourselves with the notion that this is a war of religion, or that the rise of Prussia implies the diffusion of Protestant Christianity. Were it so, there would be no cause to complain that the soldiers of the Prussian army are too material. As it is, though bodies of these troops are capable of fine feats of arms, provided they can see the object of the sacrifice they are called upon to make, that general enthusiasm, the passion for war, which is the possession of the French soldiery, is wanting. The military system of Prussia tends in no way to supply the defect, but by an excess of uniformity serves to crush the little that must apring up in a nation which the little that must spring up in a nation which is essentially warlike! We purpose to show indeed, if we take up "the tactics of Prussian infantry," that the methodical system of Prussia is lost sight of in the face of the enemy—that in fact her too great uniformity in organisation is, in tactics, succeeded by a disregard for ordinary rule. In comparing the two armies, we ordinary rule. In comparing the two articles, we are carried back by the recollection that the armies of the first Empire were consolidated from elements of a purely Republican origin. The soldiers who fought at Marengo were those who had replaced the aristocratic service of who had replaced the aristocratic service of monarchical France—men who, during the early Republican wars, had supplied deficiencies in numbers, lack of training, and the entire absence of organisation by unbounded enthusiasm. The idea that every French soldier carries a Marshal's baton in his pocket is not yet destroyed; it is easeatially Republican. The Kumfer system of Prussia originated in defence of an humbled monarch, and up to the present day the most fortunate of Prussian soldiers can have but a very restricted ambition. We now propose to trace the effect of such We now propose to trace the effect of such principles on the character of officers and men. Prussian officers hold very much the same social position as our own; their nobility serve

for the most part in the Guard or in crack Cavalry corps; there is no promotion from the ranks. It is true that sous officers of

artillery and cavalry obtain an officer's ton mission in the train, and steps have just be taken to introduce the sous officers of infair taken to introduce the sous officers of infair into the body of reserve officers. Since its service has been compulsory, and the notin have found themselves unable to fill all the appointments thus created from their entranks. The opening thus made for the four-geoise was eagerly taken advantage to them, and now the greater part of the Profficers belong to that class. Occasionally, as promotions are made from the non-commission but this is but seldom done, nor indeed in popular with the bulk of those who, but and influence, have attained to the equilett.

The social position of the officers of French army, excepting in the Staff Corps Garde Imperiale, is inferior to that held by officers of almost all other European armies the are taken from the school and from the results.

officers of almost all other European arms; are taken from the school and from the matthe staff-officers of France are a "end'clite" of officers highly educated and the staff-officers highly educated to the staff of the staff superior in every respect. The military this complete.
Prussia has of late years established some

cers' schools notably at Potedam, Hal, Marie werder, Schierstein, and Cassel. The period service, being restricted to three years, demand service, being restricted to three years, demander however, a special supply of sous officers, at the number at present falls short of the demander of the service. These men are of the superior to that of almost all non-commissioned officers in European armies. The superiority of these men is of material importance time of war! General intelligence, and in power of passing a certain test, it good character in the service, are a requisites for promotion to "sous of cers" in the French service. As with the general standard in the ranks is uniform to allow them to furnish a sufficient property of the supply of superior sous officers. The French service are initiating Prussia in the new inducement of the supply of superior sous officers. The French service that the supply of superior sous officers. The French service that the supply of superior sous officers. The French service that the supply of superior sous officers. The French service that the supply of superior sous officers. supply of superior sous officers. The Francisch are imitating Prussia in the new induces held out for retaining the most efficient in grade itself. With a short-period service a above remarks are more forcibly applicable cavalry and artillery. There are exceeded in Prussia for the training of W.0 for these arms. the very short period of service demanded Prussia appears to us to necessitate that a service should be of a most exacting characteristics.

think the third-year soldiers of Prussia car compete with the fifth-year soldiers of Prussia car There is, however, at all times in the Prusi ranks a special element; we allude to a large proportion of comparatively edges men, while all who serve have attained in this respect superior to those of a ranks in any other army. Indeed, it is uncommon thing for the private soldier uncommon thing for the private solding watch military operations intelligently, and practice of keeping a journal during even the last campaign was a very comman amongst all the soldiers of Prussia. It may amongst all the soldiers of Prussia. It me however, be understood that the different are not equally educated bodies. In pass all her effectives through the ranks, a chine-soldier "would be the result of the hosian system, but for this special question education: as it is, she has large means serving, who do so under a sense of interesting who do so under a sense of interesting the mean of this stamp can be found in any summers in the French service. The said of the Prussian rank is impressive, and but the severe physical training they underse he the severe physical training they undergo, a mobility would probably prove inferior to a of the French. Great attention, however, a of the French. Great attention, however, is been given lately to the acquirement of the per of rapid movement; the dependence wis each individual places upon his fellows was we imagine, enable the Prussians to act in greater success on the defensive than it. French. When we speak of the proportion married soldiers in the 1st Reserve of Prussian service, who in time of war are that into the ranks of the fighting army, we then upon an evil of very great importance. It Prussian organisation specially recommends self for economy and for the fact that it parthrough the ranks of the army the effect upon the civil life of the nation; the infect of the material self effect upon the civil life of the nation; the effect upon the civil life of the nation; the effect upon the civil life of the nation; the self-effect upon the civil life of the nation; the self-effect upon the civil life of the nation; the self-effect upon the civil life of the nation; the parties of the war last, there will be terrific slaughter the self-effect upon the civil life of the nation; the self-effect upon the civil life of the nation; the parties of the war last, there will be terrific slaughter the self-effect upon the civil life of the nation; the self-effect upon the civil life of the nation; the self-effect upon the civil life of the nation; the self-effect upon the civil life of the nation; the self-effect upon the civil life of the nation; the self-effect upon the civil life of the nation; the self-effect upon the civil life of the nation; the self-effect upon the civil life of the nation of the life of the nation of the life of the nation of the life time of war how grievous is the burden as effect upon the civil life of the nation! Shat the war last, there will be terrific slaugher both sides; but there will be fewer widow France than in Prussia. Special Freich's tricts will not have sent their entire populate to perish in battle, as will often power be the case when Prussian contingents are mowed down by the unspars mitrailleur! The needle-gun will demand victims perhaps equally with the chassepor, the operatives of France will labour easily ured; her commerce will not necessarily nor her army, after a three months caused exhibit symptoms of dissolution! Shat a decisive, as that of "the seven weeks" as must be the campaign which will be population in Prussia, for the wounded who are rouse to their homes will be the only representation for male population in agricultural districts. of her male population in agricultural difficient of machinery and the bustle of manhinery and the bustle of manhinery and the bustle of manhinery and the cities! With the side there is opportunity enough for Christmen and women, by contributions of manhand by factual devotion, to assist the sixth wounded of the contending armics.

wounded of the contending armies.

We conclude our paper by a short men of the Reserve system in force with the armies, translating from a French sule. "If we compare our new organization we that of our neighbours, we observe that system, without being so severe and so short a system as the Prussian, approaches it is particular, that it gives in different depression, and that it arms a certain amount of military education is entire male population, and that it arms. a certain amount of military education is entire male population, and that it availates much as possible calling married men is standard; whilst five years of active are afford a more complete training than the is years of the Prussian army corresponds in principle, a excepting its numerical superiority, is a matters with the men whom we place may in anticipation of the completion of their perfect of service. The first class of the reserve a responds very nearly with our second portion. of service. The first class of the reserved responds very nearly with our second portion the contingent. The Landwehr is the same our actual reserve, but its service extends to years longer than ours, and its principal company part, the infantry, retain, even in time of part a distinct and separate organisation. It 'Landsturm' has no place in our system, is cannot be compared with our Garde National Mobile, owing to its origin and the method its formation; it more nearly approaches a serve for recruiting, but no such body obtain our service." in our service."

New Spring Drapery, Woollens, Ciothing, &c. Che and Co. request as to direct especial attention to their suction asks of the above, at their sale rooms, 167, Enth this day, commencing at 11 o'Clock.—Abov.

We are requested to call the attention of publicate, and others, to Research Endelly, Newton, and at the Toung Australian Inn, Albion and Elley sizeon, that it 1 o'Clock.

In Journal Official, in its evening edition of agust 2, publishes the following article in . It is not with Germany we are at war-it is

adea, Saxe-Weimar, and the Dutes of Cooling and Nassau. and by tendering them the most profield assurances he offered loyally to those Princes his friendship and that of France. When King William, in 1861, visited Comisene he received a cordial and courteous reference. Previous to Sadowa the Emperor sisfactions that were compatible with the herty, the independence, and the equilibrium of Germany, to maintain Austria is her great solition among the Germanic populations, to same to the minor States a closer union, a more owerful organisation, and a more important softion—such was the plan proposed by his fajesty. The realisation of those ideas, so maistent with the desires and the interests of all the German populations, would have been

isharek has succeeded in carrying our in-netice. For many years profound peace had sisted among all Germans. For that peace he Prussian Minister substituted a war which toke up the Germanic Confederation, and reated an abysis between Austria and Prussia. y excluding from Germany a monarchy which as one of its principal sources of strength M. imarck was a traitor to the common country. immarek was a trattor to the common country, a order to augment Prussia he sensibly immisshed Germany, and the day is not far istant when all true patriots across he Rhine will reproach him bitterly ir it. Not content with destroying he bends which connected Prussia with the Jermanic Confederation, he has not shrunk toom britally despoiling princes whose only russia compare their present lot with their ination before 1866. Tranquil, rich, hon-ared, lightly taxed, they presented a pattern I moral and material prosperity. Popular passies established an intimate relationship stween the people and the Government. fo-day those countries profoundly regret their faces. Crushed under the weight of excesommercial life, compelled to leave agricultural ork to be done by the women, they are now squired to lavish their gold and their blood for policy whose violence is hateful to them. anoverians, Hessians, inhabitants of Nassau equired to arise their gold and their blood for policy whose violence is hateful to them. Innoverians. Hessians, inhabitants of Nassau as Frankfort, it is not enough that you should ethe victims of M. Bismarck's ambition. The trasian Minister desires that you should ecome his accomplices—you were worthy of a etter cause. It is lamentable to behold to that lengths a monarch may be led who, intend of listening to the dictates of his heart admind, places himself under the control of a macrupulous Minister. How far distant is time when King William said, upon acceptage the Regency, "Prussia should make none at moral conquests in Germany." If that hime, whose intentions were loyal, and who as a respect for right, had then been told that day would come when, without cause or premt, he would violently dispossess the most repetable Princes of Germany, or that he would mis not only the Crown but the private fortune its Sovereign so irreproachable as the King of languer, or that in the ancient free city of Frankouthe would give a slap in the face to the long-mabilished glories of Germany, he would never as gredited such a prediction. Will he, then, addistrust a Minister who only yesterday dared depreach him for giving a courteous reception of France, and who mainordistrust a Minister who only yesterday dared to proach him for giving a courteous reception to be representative of France, and who main-stand to the English Ambassador at Berlin that the conduct had provoked general indignation houghout Prussia? If we have witnessed rik sorrow the excesses committed against the liness of North Germany, we have not been mices of North Germany, we have not been si grieved at the treatment to which Princes

is grieved at the treatment to which Princes of Southern Germany have been subjected. In the peoples of Southern Germany have any moint of resentment towards France? Bavaria, is additionable of the subject of Southern Germany have any moint of resentment towards France? Bavaria, is additionable of the subject of the sub Present war, and we hope that the hour will come when the people of those States will per-ceive that we were their real friends. The care that we were their real friends. The fimperor has said so in his proclamation. He desires that the countries which compose the great Germanic race should freely dispose of their own destinies. To deliver Germany from Prusian oppression, according to the right of their own destinies. To deliver Germany from Prusian oppression, to reconcile the rights of Sovereigns with the legitimate aspirations of the people, to put an end to incessant encroachments which are a perpetual menace to Europe, to preserve the Danish nationality from complete ruin, to conquer an equitable and lasting peace, based upon moderation, justice, and right—such is the general idea which governs the present contest. The war now beginning is not on our part a war of ambition—it is a war of equilibrium. It is its defence of the weak against the strong, the reparation of great iniquities, the chastisement of injustifiable acts. Far from being influenced by motives of rancour or harred, we enjoy that calmans which arises from the performance of a latty, and we appeal in full confidence to public opinion, the arbiter of people and of kings. We desire that Germany, instead of placing her strength at the disposal of Prussian egotism and ambition, should reenter the paths e extends to particular of par An.—Ches B to their inper a, 167, 2166

ANOTHER FRENCH JUSTIFICATION OF THE WAR.

IN Journal Officiel, in its evening edition of agust 2, publishes the following article in France and her Sovereign."

of wisdom and of prosperity. The future will prove the clevated views which govern the Imperial policy, and the Germans themselves will unite to render justice to the loyalty of France and her Sovereign."

The Perils of a War Correspondent.—The Paris Temps lately announced that it had received no account of the affair at Saarbruck from its Special Correspondent, M. Jeannerod, who was known to have been present at the fight, and it was, therefore, feared that one mischance had befallen him. A brief note from M. Jeannerod, published in the Temps of Friday evening, explains the cause of his former silence:—"Boulay, August 4, 8 p.m.—Was present on Tuesday at the affair at Saarbruck; imprudently advanced into the town; was made prisoner by the Prussians, who had returned on the offensive, and was released at the expiration of 30 hours, after long wanderings and very varied incidents. Having re-entered France by way of Sarrelouis, was arrested at Merten, the first French village, as a suspicious person; and was threatened for several hours by an exasperated population; conducted with great difficulty to the advanced post, where I very soen obtained recognition. Many things to say, but too fatigued to tell them now."

PUBLIC COMPANIES.

THE PERPETUAL BUILDING AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY.
DIRECTORS:
M. Metcalfe, Eaq., J.P.; M.C. Stephen, Esq., M.P.;
and H. E. Allan, Esq.
NOTICE.
Parties desirous to invest money with the Society canlds so daily.
The shares are £10 each, and can be paid in one sum, or by 10s per month.
A fair rate of interest will be obtained for money invested, from 8 to 10 per cent., psyable at 30th Spetember in each year.

year. So a per country of the best, the funds being only lent to members of the society on good building security.

W. H. DELOITE, Secretary.
Society's Office, 3, Spring-street, Sydney.
4th July, 1870.
Office hours 10 to 4.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE CO. Established 1826. GOVERNOR—His Grace the Duke of BUCCLEUGH an QUEENSBERRY.

LOCAL BOARD.
RICHARD JONES, Esq., Chairman.
J. de V. Lamb, Esq. Edward Flood, Esq.
Henry Prince, Raq.
Medical Advisor—Dr. J. C. Cox.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
DIVISION OF PROFITS, 1870.
The EIGHTH DIVISION of Profits falls to be made as at 15th NOVEMBER, 1870. The necessary investigation which precedes the declaration of profits has been in progress for some times, and the Directors hope to be able to submit their Report early in 1871.

CLOSE OF THE PRESENT BONUS PERIOD, of 16th November, 1870.

Fersons who may assure before that date will have a share in the Division of Profits to be made in 1871, which will include the whole divisible profits which have arises since 16th November, 1865.

Copies of the last report and balance sheet, and every particular respecting the company, may be had at the office as above. WILLIAM RAE, Agent and Secretary. NEW ZEALAND FIRE AND MARINE INSUR-ANCE COMPANY. CHAPMAN & CO., Agenta.

THE CITY BANK.—Interest allowed at the rate of three per cent, per annum on the weekly minimum balance at credit of current secounts where such balance lose not fall below two hundred pounds.

By order of the Board,
J. THOS. FORD, Manager.

Sydney, 1st July, 1870.

AUCTION SALES. Horses, heavy and light Vehicles, Harness, and Saddlery.

GEORGE KISS will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o clock,

Regular Sales at the Razaar, daily; and at Campe own, any afternoon.

**Both Horses and Vehicles on hive.

HARRIS v. HEWITT, and other Matches,

EORGE KISS is instructed to sell by auction, at the Bazzar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
The right to refreshment bars at Albert Ground, on next Saturday, when the above sports will take place.

The attention of publicans and others is specially drawn to this sale, as ne doubt a great number of persons will assemble to witness the content between the English and Australian champions.

DAWSON and CO. are instructed by the proprietor (who is retiring from business) to sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 11 s clock,
The well-built irst-class camibuses
INVINCIBLE and BOW BELLS,
together with 10 good working horses, 2 sets complete 3-horse harness, and the right of road to Petersham.

Superior Harness Horse.

DAWSON and CO. are instructed by the proprietor to sell by auction, at their Pittstreet Yards, TH18 DAY, at 11 o'clock, A fine bay gelding, 16 hands, handsome, well-bred, quiet in single and double harness, good in all his paces, and can be thoroughly recommended.

AWSON and CO. are instructed to sell by suction, at their Pitt-street Yards, at 11 'clock, THIS DAY,
A fine bay heavy draught horse, 6 years, nearly 17 hands high. For Positive Sale.

Por Positive Sale.

AWSON and CO. will sell by auction, at their Pitt-street Yards, THIS DAY, 14th instant, at 11 o'clock, ICEBERG, a bay horse, 5 years, by Jack Prost (imp.) out of Quickstep by Vagrant. Jack Prost by Ivan out of Winter. Iceberg was raced in 1869, and won Corinthan and Welter Stakes at Ipswich, besting fields of seven and nine horses; raced second to Premier, at Warwick, same season, beating Barebones and six others; since that he has never been trained. He is sound, fast, and a great racer. A groy gelding, MARMION, 9 years old, by fir Hercules out of a Dover mare. A splendid hack, stands 16.3 up to 18 stone, great style and action, good across county. Has won two hurdle races.

The above are only parted with in consequence of the owner having to leave Sydney immediately.

To be sold without reserve.

Horses, thoroughly broken to saddle and harness. Also, Saddles, Harness, &c.

DAWSON and CO. will sell by auction, at their Pitt-street Yards, at 11 o clock, THIS DAY, Stylish hacks, beavy draught and light harness horses, buggies, broughams, waggonettes, &c. Important to Gentlemen.

DAWSON and CO. will sell by auction, at 11 o'clock, A splendid dark bay colt, 5 years, standing 15.5, got by St. Patrick, by Lieutenant.

This here is very quiet and docile, in top condition, and is well known as being the fastest trotter in the Mudges district.

Any reasonable trial will be given with the horse, re-specting either draught or speed. Fat Wethers. Fat Wethers.

DAWSON and CO. are instructed by John Smith, Esq., to sell by auction, at their Homebush Yards, on MONDAY next, the 17th instant, at 9.30, 500 prime fat half-bred Cheviot wethers, in splendid condition.

Broken-in Horses, DAWSON and CO. are instructed by Edward Smith, Eaq., to sell by auction, at their Pitt-street Yards, on TURSDAY next, at 11 o'clock, 10 very superior heavy draught horses, and 2 well-bred dark bay saddle horses.

M. PITT has: cived instructions from E. Vickery, Esq., to sell by auction, THIS Y, Friday, the 14th instant, at Ellis and Co. s Yards, salf-past II o'clock, co prime fat wethers, in lots, from Galathers.

GRAHAM will sell by auction, at the Railway Terminus, THIS DAY, at 100 clock, Hay, straw, &c., by the truck, Terms, oash.

Terms, cash.

DUTLER and INGLIS will sell by auction,
THIS DAY, at Railway, at 10 o'clock,
Hay, straw, &c., by the truck.
At the Bailway Auction Mart, 793, George-street,
at 11 o'clock;
Fat calves, fat pigs, suckers, 60 coops poultry.
The usual weekly supply of dairy produce, consisting of
roll and keg butter, best brands: eighty (90) cases
cheese, including the No. 6 and other first-class
brands; eggs, bacon, lard, honey, &c.
Terms, cash.

R. SMITH will sell by auction, at a Railway, Hay, straw, &c.
Also, at Dog and Duck Yards,
Poultry, eggs, bacon, butter, &c.

VELLS and JAMES have received in-structions from Mr. Jeremiah Dodd, of Reedy Creek, to sell by auction, at James Carr's Hotel, Parramatta, on SATURDAY, 15th instant, at It o'clock, 50 head of unbroken horses, suitable for saddle and harness.

F. LOSEBY will sell by auction, at the Railway Station, at 10 o'clock,
Hay, straw, &c.
And at Dog and Duck Yards, at half-past 12,
Farm and dairy produce,
Terms, cash.

OSPER and MOSES will sell by auction, at the Railway Station, THIS DAY, Friday, at 10 o'clock,
Hay, straw, potatee.
At half-mast 12 o'clock, at the Dog and Duck Yards,
Foultry, eggs, butter, cheese, bacon, oranges, pigs,
calves, and fifty (60) carcase of corn-fed pork.

Terms, cash.

Railway, at 10 o'clock, THIS DAY,
Hay, straw, lucerne, potates, cats, &c.

A the Depot, at haft-past 11 o'clock,
Fat calves, piga, suckers, poultry, dead pigs.

Roll and keg butter, eggs, bacon, cheese, honey, lard.
At a o'clock,
Fruit, tallow, hides, sheepakins, &c.

Wool. Wool.

DAWSON and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 246, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, 500 full fleeces wool, from celebrated rams bred by Mossrs. Learmonth and Currie, Victoria.

These fleeces are very clean and in excellent order. The wool from Messrs. Learmonth and Currie's flocks commands the highest prices in the London markst.

ACC.

5 bales fleece wool
1 bale clippings, &c., Sundry lots of other wood.

Weekly Produce Sale.

JOHN A. TURNER will sell by auction, at his Produce Stores (late Irwin and Turner's), Chreular Quay.

THIS DAY, Friday, 14th October,
At a quarter to 10 o'clock precisely,
Kip, sole, calf, kangaroo,
Harness, bag leather, &c.
And at half-past 10 o'clock,
Hides
Horns, shankbones, haft, &c.
Also, at quarter-past 2 o'clock p.m.,
Casks tallow.

Terms, cash.

RWIN and CO. will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, At 10 a.m., Kip, sole, harness, kangarso, calf, &c. 10.30 a.m., Hides, hair, horns, bones, &c. 2.30 p.m., Tallow, &c. Terms, cash.

Prime Mess Beef. Prime Mess Boof.

ARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, TH18 DAY, Friday, 14th October, at half-past 10 o'clock,
Hides, calfskins, horns, hair, &c.
Also, at a quarter-past 2 o'clock,
110 casks tallow and neatfoot oil.

Terms, cash.

ORT and CO. will sell by public auction, at their Preduce Stores, Circular Guay, THIS DAY, Priday, October 14th, at half-pass 10 o'clock, 1250 hides 133 casks tallow.

Terms, cash.

Torms, cash.

Timber Sale, THIS DAY,
in the yard 278, 280, George-street.

B. NORTH and CO. will sell by auction,
10,000 feet 6 x 1 T. and G. colonial hardwood
40,000 ditto 6 x 21, 5 x 21, 4 x 21, 5 x 2, and battens
30,000 3-feet hardwood isths
3,000 5-feet blackbast palings
40,000 feet 6, 7, and 8 inch pine skirting.
All first-class. Frams at sale.

SATURILAYS Resoular Austion Sale.

BATURDAY'S Regular Auction Sale.
at 278, 280, George-street, To-MORROW, 11 a.m.
B. NORTH and CO. will sell by auction,
a Furniture, bedsteads, bedding, books, safe,
doc, &c.
N.B.—Goods for these sales received daily.

New and Second-hand Clothing, Tweeds, Drapery, Boots, Jowellery, Gold and Silver Watches, &c. Jowellery, Gold and Silver Watches, &c.

A LEXANDER MOORE and CO. will sell by suction of Turniture and Effects, advertised to place This Day, at the Bazzar, Pitt-street,

The above.

The above.

In consequence of the inetenancy or the wearner and the property of the wearner and the property of the property of the wearner and the property of the property of the wearner and the property of the wearner and the property of the property of the wearner and the property of the pr

THIS DAY, October 14, 1870. Large assertment of Toys, Salvage Goods saved from the fire of Mr. Turner, Hunter

TOHN G COHEN will sell, at his Rooms 127, Pitt-street, opposite the Oriental Bank, TH18 DAY, October 14, 1870, at 11 o'clock precisely, Large assortment of toys, saved from the fire at Mr. Turner's. Lots to suit buyers.

THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock sharp. Under Distraint for Rent.

LEVIN has received instructions to sell by auction, on the premises, No. 83, King-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock prompt, Glass case, safe, guns, rifles, and sundries. Terms, oash. Confiscated Property.

At the Premises of Thame, Walker, and Co. Under instructions from the Chief Inspector of Distilleri Heary Lumsdaine, Esq.

WEDNESDAY, October 19th. F. STUBBS and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, on the premises, 442, George-etreet, on WEDNESDAY next, October 19th, at 11 o'clock, Certain confiscated SUGARS and SPIRITS.

In the Insolvent Estate of Thame, Walker, and Co.

Unexpired Term of Lease of Premises, 422, George-street, Under Instructions from F. T. Humphery, Esq., official assignee. WEDNESDAY, October 19th, at 12 o'clock.

F. STUBBS and CO. will sell by auc-tion, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, October 19th, at 12 o'clock, The unexpired term of lease of these very extensive and centrally situated premises, recently occupied by the incolvents, and subject to a rental of £650 per annum.

The lease has nearly four years to run, and £500 has been expended in improvements. Torms at sale.

P. STUBBS and CO. will sell by THIS AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o' clock, 294 bags prime potatoes.

In lots to suit purchasers.

In the Insolvent Estate of THAME, WALKER, and CO.

On the Premises, 442, George-street, TUBSDAY and WEDNESDAY next, 18th and 19th October.

F. STUBBS and CO. have received inpremises, 42, George-street, on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY next, the 18th and 19th October, commencing
such day at 11 o'clock,
is the insolvent estate of THAME, WALKER, and CO.,
The whole of the extensive stock-in-trade, comprising,
GROCKRIES
OILMEN'S STORES
BUGARS of all grades
TEAS
RICE
SALT, coarse and fine
WINES and SPIRITS, in and out of Bond
BEERS
Office fittings, &c.

Full particulars in catalogues. Terms at sale.

THIS DAY, Friday, October 14th. R. CHARLES TEAKLE has been instructed to sell by auction, at his Rooms,
yrayard-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at 11 e'clock prompt,
cases fancy goods, comprising—
Albums, ladies' bags
Transparent slates, toys
Concertinas, portenonnaics
Mecrachaum and wood pipes
Gold seals and keys

Gold seals and keys Gold open-face keyless watches Gold and allver ditto hunting ditto Scarf rings, brooches, &c., &c. Terms at sale.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. are instructed to to sell, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at their Sale Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, 5 cases new spring woollens, &c., comprising—6-4 fancy coatings
Blue diagonal cloths
Bordered tweeds
Light fancy doeskins
Black silk serges
36-inch black alpaeas
White and brown drills
Striped ditto, &c.
Terms at sale.

Superfine Clothing.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. are instructed to all by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 167, Pitt-spect, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, 20 cases containing.

"THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, mease containing—
Gents' light tweed Galaten jackets Ditto blue serge diagonal asso Ditto black eloth Wilmington coats Ditto black cloth Wilmington coats Ditto angola tweed suits Ditto ditto trousers and vests Ditto W. C. E. dee ditto Ditto blue diagonal Napoleon vests Ditto black cloth ditto. Ditto black cloth ditto. Ditto fancy doe and tweed ditto Youths black cloth Wilmington coa B, and Y. diagonal tweed trousers Ditto serge Garibaldi suits Ditto theek knickerbocker ditto Ditto holland tunic ditto Ditto blue serge sace itto blue serge sacs itto brown drill trouser ents' white shirts itto fancy regattas itto Crimean shirts itto straw and leghorn alpine hat itto tuscan count ditto ouths' tuscan boating

The warehousement storekeepers, Drapers, and others.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 167, Pittstreet, THIS DAY.

Several karpe parcols of seasonable goods, comprising 72-inch greys 32-inch mexicans Striped firlis 3-4 damasks
Pink Hat electorals
Black Instree
Praged toilet covers
Teslet quilts, 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4
9-6 fancy new stripes
Rough browns
Long-tothe
Ladies' skirts
Hostery

DOSTPONEMENT OF SALE.

On SATURDAY, 15th October, at 11 o'clock.

At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street. In an Insolvent Estate.

SUPERB BLACK MARBLE DINING-ROOM CLOCK, with real Bronze Ornaments, anufactured by James Murry, Royal Exchange, cost 70 guinoss. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have Rooms, Pitt-street, on SATURDAY, 16th October, at 11 of clock,

On SATURDAY, 15th October, at 11 o'clock At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street. Important Unreserved Sale by Auction of

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS. 200 Volumes valuable Books
Richly-cut Glassware
China Dinner Service, coral and gold
MASSIVE DINING-ROOM SUITE, COVERED IN
MOROCCO Large Mahogany Enclosed Sideboard, with cellaret

Shaped Walnut Loo Table and pair Card Tables Canpot wanter Loo Table and pair Card Tables Vasce, Lustres, and Ornaments
Cornice Poles and Curtains
Brusseld Carpot and Rug
Pier Glass, 60 x 50, shaped sides
BUBSTANTIAL Bedroom Furniture
Bedsteads and Bedding
Sewing-machines, by Willcox and Gibbs, and Singer
Kitchen Utensils and Sundries.

Removed to the Rooms fer convenience of sale.

PRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received instructions to sell by suction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on SATURDAY, 15th October, at 11 o clock, Valuable household furniture and effects, Terms, cash,

Under a Bill of |Sale. At the Young Australian Inn, corner of Albion and Riley streets. THIS DAY, Friday, 14th October

Household Furniture and Effects, Also, Lease, License, and Goodwill, and Stock of Wines, Spirits, &c.

PRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB are instructed to sell by auction, at the Young Anstralian Inn, corner of Albion and Riley streets, THE DAY, at 11 of clock, Purniture and effects, lease, license, stock, &c. Terms, cash.

On SATURDAY, 15th October, at 12 o'clock. At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street.

Unreserved Sale by Auction, of Violin, in case; English Concertias, in case Flute, by Prowse, London Violoncollo Circumferenter, Sextant Surveyor's Compass and Stand Gonts' Hogskin Saddle and Bridla Case Copying Instruments, &c.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB will sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, The above.

On TUESDAY, 18th October, at 11 o'clock, at the Circular Quay, 60 PACKAGES EARTHENWARE.

RADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received instructions from Messrs. Jacobs and Son to sell by auction, on the Circular Quay, on TUES-DAY, 18th October, at 11 c'clock, or Cape Clear, on packages eartheaware.

Torms at sale.

Particulars in future advertisement.

Proliminary Notice.
On an early day.
At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street.

42 PACKAGES VERY SUPERIOR ENGLISH FURNITURE, from the celebrated house of W. A. and S. SMEE, London

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received instructions from Measrs. T. and J. Skinner to sell by suction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on an early day,

Ex Sarah Grice.

On an early day. At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street, Ex Sarah Grice, 16 PACKAGES ENGLISH PURNITURE, PIER GLASSES, &c.

Also,
FIRST-CLASS BAROUCHE, WITH CUSHIONS,
FOLE, and SPANKER BAR, COMPLETE,

PRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received instructions from Wolf Saber, Eaq., to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on an early day, 16 packages English furniture and pier glasses First-class family barouche, Torons at sale, *.* Full particulars in a future issue,

Highly Important Unreserved
Sale by Auction,
UNDER A BILL OF SALE,
of

Iron Fireproof Safes
Portessonaise, Purses
Double and Single Guns
Duck Guns
Workbones
Pocket Companions
Cruet Stands
Oricket Buts, Balls, &c.
Writing Deales
Hair Brushes and Brush
Photographic Goods
Combs, in variety
Jewellery, Stationery
Glass Cases, Counters
ParTumery
American Goods
Account Books
Pancy Soaps
Japanned Boxes
Hair Typs Japanned Bone Bat Traps Croquet Games Boulette Bones

Gig and Carriage Lampa
Railway Lampa
Drawer Knoba
Water Cana
Chamola Skina
Bana Brooma and Brushware
Giass Casea, Crab-winch, Counter and Shop Fitting-d
a groat variety of Birmingham and Sheffield Goodof overy description.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions to sell be at their Rooms, Pitt and O'Connell streets

UNDER A BILL OF SALE. Terms, cash.

FRIDAY, 14th instant.

Boots and Shoos. Boots and Shoos.
To the Trade, Country Storekeepers, Shippers, and other R. M. MOLONY is favoured with instructions from the importers to sell by suction, THIS DAY, Friday, the 14th instant, in his Rooma, No. 229, George-street North, next the Bank of Australasis, at 11 o'clock prompt,
An invoice of new and seasonable boots and shoes just landed ex Queen of Nations, comprising—
Ladies French and English cashmere S.H., sizes 5 to 8
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, M.H., seam to toe
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, M.H., plain and toecaps
Maids' 1 and 2 French cashmere, M.H.
Ladies' kid, E.S., M.H., front strap
Ditto ditto, ditto ditto, patent strip
Girls', 10 to 13 kid, E.S.
Ditto, 6 to 9, ditto ditto
Ditto, 6 to 9, ditto, E.S.
Ladies' kid, E.S., 1 to 4
Ditto ditto, balmorala, 1 to 4, &c., &c., &c.
Terms, liberal, at sale.
Time—11 o'clock prompt.
No reserve. MR. M. MOLONY is favoured with in structions from the importers to sell b

Preliminary Notice.

DAWSON and CO. have received instructions to soil by suction, on an early day, at Roome, 266, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, wainable block of land, containing 6 acros, attuate between ENFIRLD and ASHFIRLD, adjoining the properties of Mesars. Flood and Hanson, and immediately opposite the residence of the Rev. Mr. Wilkinson. The land in well watered and adapted for either a market garden or dairy.

A LARGE BLOCK OF LAND, BOURKE-STREET, NEAR TO ALBION-STREET.

NEAR TO ALBION-STREET.

W. BOWDEN is instructed by the proprietor to sell by auction, at the Land Sale Rooms, 164, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, the 29th of October, at ha?-past 11 o'clock prompt,
A black of land, containing 60 rods, situated on the west side of Bourke-street, a little south of Albion-street, adjoining premises once used as a Wesleyan chapel, erected by the late Mr. L. Iredale; brunded also on the north by the handsome terrace of houses lately erected on the south side of Albion-street, between Crown and Bourke streets.

The frontage to Bourke-street is about 60 feet by a very considerable depth. On the land are several buildings in the occupation of tenants. Since the erection of these houses the neighbourhood is so much improved and land increased in value, that a very different class of buildings should now be built, which would readily let and produce a good return for the capital invested.

To be sold in one lot.

THIS DAY. THIS DAY.

THIS DAY. THIS DAY.

O R D E R O F S A L E. CITY and SUBURBAN PROPERTIES.
At the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, for half-past
11 o'clock prompt.

PRINCE-STREET.—Large block of Land, 59 feet frontage, and two Cottages, Nos. 65 and 67, on the west side, between Essex and Argyle streets. WOOLLOOMOOLOO.—Allotment Land, with wooden buildings thereon, Campbell-place, at the rear of Telbast's boot factory:—Cottage No. 2, Orown-lane, between Crown and Riley streets. Unreserved sale by order of the executors of the will of the late Mr. John Hill.

DARLINGHURST.—Two Houses, Nos. 70 and 72, Surry-street, Craigend Estate, a few yards from Victoria-street, adjoining Decry's.

NEWTOWN.—Cottage Residence, Campbell-street, to the west of the Newtown Road, a few yerd north of the Missenden Road, and known as M'Mahon's.

UPPER PADDINGTON.—The Salisbury Hotel, and Shop and dwelling adjoining, at the corner of the old South Head Road and James-street, a few yards be-yond Piper-street.

DOUBLE BAY.—Gothic Villa and Grounds, containing upwards of 1 acre, extending to Double Bay, and known as the property of F. B. Miller, Esq. Title leasehold. Unreserved sale to the highest bidder.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH. WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST RESERVE.

THIS DAY. THIS DAY.

PECIAL NOTICE.

THE WATERSIDE RESIDENCE at DOUBLE BAY, the property of F. B. MILLER, Eq., must positively be sold THIS DAY.

WITHOUT RESERVE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

UPPER PADDINGTON.

Those Commanding, Handsome, Well-finished Promises,
THE SALISBURY HOTEL, and
GROCER'S SHOP and DWELLING adjoining,
situated at the corner of the Old South Head Road
and James-street, a few yards beyond Piper-street.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have re-ceived instructions from the proprietor, who intends leaving for England, to soil by public auxion, at the Rooms, Fitt-street, THIS DAY, 14th OCTOBER, at 11 o'closer.

All that freehold corner piece of land, being lots 13 and 14 of block 1, of subdivision made by John Alexander, of a portion of the Point Piper Estate, having 40 feet frontage to the South Riead Road, and 99 feet frontage to Jamos-street, on which are creeted the following:—

THE SALISBURY HOTEL,

a three-story brick-built house, on stone foundation, with slated roof, containing bar, hall, and grivate centrance, seven rooms and kitchen, with cellar in the basement, with yard, a 4-stall stable, &a., at the rear.

. The promises are remarkably well built and finished, he elevation and style of the outside is attractive, the hole being comented and oil painted; a handsons belong front, entered on by French windows from the large abilic room on the first floor. They are occupied by the oprictor, who is doing a respectable and profitable sainess.

This is a desirable investment, situated in a very improving locality, facing MOORE PARE, and close to the junction of FARE ROAD (a favourite drive). The houses are well built and finished, they were a short time since put in perfect order, so that no repairs will be required to many the state of the province of the

Plan on view at the Rooms. Terms at sale.

UNRESERVED SALE TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER. PICTURESQUE HANDSOME VILLA WITH GROUNDS, DOUBLE BAY,

F. B. MILLER, Esq.

shrubs, and the general using a reason and drive, cittucitive.

The residence is approached by an avenue and drive, and in front is a smooth lawn, interspersed with levely parterres, and gradually sloping to the white sandy beach of the placid bay, where it is protected by a substantial sea wall, securely pilod.

The premises are well finished throughout, and fitted with every convenience and confort required by a small family. The site occupies the centre of Dubble Bay, has a northern aspect, and commands magnificent harbour occurs.

The proprietor's removal to Melbourne necessitates an UNRESERVED SALE, and the auctioneers therefore specially direct attention to the favourable opportunity for securing one of the most picturesque waterside residences in Double Bay.

PLAN and LITHOGRAPHIC VIEWS can be asspected at the Rooms, where also CARLIS TO VIEW TITLE.—Point Piper Estate, leasehold. Full particulars can be obtained on application to Mosars. Pigott and Trickett, solicitors, King-street.

Terms liberal. In the Supreme Court of New South Wales. Sheriff's Office, Sydney, October 18th, 1870.

JEFFR V. DOUGLASS AND ANOTHER N SATURDAY next, the 15th instant, at 11 a.m., on the premises occupied by the defendant Douglass, George-street, opposite the Central Police Office, the SHERIFF will cause to be sold by public suction, unless the above writ is previously satisfied, the stock-in-trade of a grocer, constaing of tens, sugars, tobacce, lucifer matches, ollmen's stores, &c., together with a fire-proof safe, weighing-machine, household furniture and effects.

Terms, cash.

In the District Court,
RVANS V. BANKS.

N FRIDAY, the fourteenth day of October,
instant, at noon, pursuant to a writ of runu
ractas, issued in this cause, unless the same be previously
satisfied, the goods and chattele of the above-named Richard
Jones Banks, viz.,
A large fishing BOAT and NET, will be sold by public
auction, at the Beach, Double Bay, near the rosidence of Mr. Edwards.
Dated this 13th day of October, 1870.

H. MACDONALD, Balliff.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GREAT SOUTHERN, WESTERN, AND RICH MONB LINES.

TOWN TRAINS. | FARRAMATTA TO SYDNEY | 1 OWN TRAINS.

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DOWN TRAINS .- SYDNEY TO RICHMOND .- UP TRAINS

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SYDNEY TO WALLERAWANG AND RYDAL .- DOWN TRAIN

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Seturist Trains, additional

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No +12+ Down Western Mail. Through Tickets only will be

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R.B.—On Saturdays, Cheap Fares, at One Penny per mile 2nd class, will be issued at and from Sydney only by the 1.30 p.m. and 1.40 p.m. and 1.4

TOTATION OF THE ACT OF

Seturday Trains, additional.

THE BRETHREN of the ROBERT BURNS.
LODGE, 517, E.C., are requested to attend the Funeral of the late Brother EBENEZER BEAUMONT to leave his residence, 151, Bourke-street, Woolloomcoloo at half-past 2 o'clock on SATURDAY, 16th.
W. CASSIDY, W.M. THE PRIENDS of the late EBENEZER BEAU-MONT, Sen., are respectfully requested to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, 150, Bourke-street, near William-street, on SATURDAY AFTER. NOON, at a quarter-past 2 o'clock. THOMAS HILL, Undertaker.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE

MRS. MARY GLADSTANE,
the renowned Tragedienne, will appear THIS EVENING,
in the sublime historical play of
MAKY STUART.

Mary Stnart, the Catholic Queen ...Mrs. Mary Gladstane.
TO-MORROW EVENING, Saturday, the performance will be under the immediate patronage of H.R.H.
the DUKE OF EDINBURGH.

DRINCE OF WALES OPERA HOUSE MRS. BANDMANN'S BENEFIT.

THIS EVENING (Friday), October 14th.

Under the immediate patronage of
H.R.H. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH, K.G.,
and
THE COUNTESS OF BELMORE,
who have graciously signified their intention of attending
the Theatre to witness (for the first time in Australia) Tom
Taylor's grand Ristorical Play, in 5 Acts, entitled
"TWIXT AXE AND CROWN.
Played for the last 10 months in London, and pronounces
by the Press and Public a grand triumpt, and sent to Heri
and Mrs. Bandmann to be produced in the colonies.

MRS. BANDMANN
as THE PRINCESS ELIZABETH.
HERR BANDMANN as COURTNEY.

THIS (Friday) EVENING, October 14th, performance will commence with Tom Taylor

To conclude with the farce of the SWISS SWAINS.

COMPLIMENTARY CONCERT MASONIC HALL, MONDAY, October 17.

The following artistes have very kindly given their services:—Miss James, Miss Clara Les, Madame Flora Harris, Mr. Alfred Wilkle, Mr. R. L. Skinner, Mr. James Keen, Mr. Andrew Fairfax, Mr. Laurence Simmons (pupil of Signer Devott), Mr. Harry Gooch, the members of St. Mary's Choral Society, Mr. J. C. Fisher, Mr. Charles Packer, Mr. John H'll, K.S., R.A.M., and Master Willie Tompson.
Tickets to be obtained from Messrs. Elvy and Co., Reading and Co., George-street; J. R. Clarke, Hunterstreet; and from Mrs. W. J. Cordner, 132, Tecmore-terrace, Forbea-street.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.

Every
AFTERNOON, at 1
EVENING, at 8,
TH 18 W E E F.
Commencing MONDAY, Cober 10.
GENERAL TOM THUMB and WIFE,
COMMODORE NUTT

Y S T E R AND S M I T H'S
ROYAL ITALIAN AND ENGLISH
OPERA.

Subscribers and musics.

FAREWELL OPERA BEASON
will commence at the
PRINCE OF WALES OPERA HOUSE,
on MONDAY, October 24th,

The subscription for Dress Circle only is still open at lears. Elvy and Co. s, George-street.

Single subscription, 36 tickots (transferable), £10
Double ditto, 72 tickets (transferable), £18.

Parties wishing to subscribe for a less number of nights

SPENCER'S MECHANICAL EXHIBITION
222, Pitt-street, opposite Mesers. Farmer and Co.'s,
OPEN DAILY, from 11 o'clock s.m. till 11 o'clock p.m.

OPEN DAILY, from 11 o'clock s.m., till 11 o'clock p.m.

This EXHIBITION contains MECHANICAL and
SCIENTIFIC WONDERS hitherto unprecedented. No
expense has been spared to make this exhibition a complete
success; a fact which was testified by several Thousands
of Visitors during the WEEK.

Ladies—Go and see the Jealous Monkey
Go and see the Magnificent Model of H.M.S. Galatea
Go and see the Ellectric Star
Go and see the Larguet and most Beautiful Collection of
Stereoscopic Views in the Colonies
Go and see the Fleumuscope
Go and see the Smallest 4 h.p. Engine in the Colonies at
SPENCER'S MECHANICAL EXHIBITION.

Admission, One Shilling; Children, accompanied by
their parenta, half-price.

ASHPIELD: ASHPIELD: ASHPIELD:

A BAZAAR will be held in St. John's Schoolroom, on FRIDAY, 14th, and SATURDAY, 16th, in sid of the DEBT on the Schoolhouse, a Bruce Auction will be held on Saturday Afternoon, when a Horse, Saddle, and Bridle, a good Watch Dog, and a number of useful articles will be offered for SALE by Mr. Chandler.

Admission, 6d; children, 3d.

HARRIS V. Under Distinguished Patronage.

SATURDAY, 15th October, at the ALBERT GROUND, GRAND INTERNATIONAL CONTESTS

FRANK S. HEWITT, CHAMPION OF ENGLAND, JOHN G. HARRIS, CHAMPION OF THE AUSTRALIAN COLONIES, at the following distances, viz., 150 YARDS and 200 YARDS, for the sum of 200 EACH EVENT; on which occasion, in addition to the above, the following events (OPEN TO ALL COMERS) will take place:—

shove, the following events (OPEN TO ALL COMERS) will take place:—
150 Yards Handicap Flat Race (in divisions). Entries closed with fourteen competitors.
440 Yards Handicap Flat Race (in division). Entries closed with fourteen competitors.
The Handicaps will be published TO-MORROW (Saturday) MORNING.

NOTICE TO PUBLICANS AND OTHERS. The Refreshment BARS will be sold at Mr. G. Kiss's itt-street, THIS DAY, at noon.

CIVIL SERVICE MUSICAL SOCIETY.—A Special CONCERT will be given on WEDNESDAY, 19th instant, at which, by the expressed desire of H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh, the Operetta, "THE MERRIE MEN OF SHERWOOD FOREST," will be repeated. On this occasion, a limited number of cards, at 2s 6d each, will be procurable by the public, at the various music sellers. B. M. MOWLE, Hon. Secretary.

ST. JAMES SHALL. Reservoir eats, is; parquette, 6d; gallery, 6d. Immense success of the popular Burlesque of ALADDIN. Musical and Terpsichorean Melange. NEW WAY TO PAY OLD DEBTS.

VERY CAPITAL CORNER WINE AND SPIRIT BSTABLISHMENT situated in the centre of Runter-street, Newcastie,—J. C. BONARIUS has for SALE privately the Lease, Licones, Goodwill, Fixtures and Furniture of a first-class Public-house, doing a good business, the present owner leaving entirely on account of ill health. The furniture is new, and may be taken at valuation, but is at the option of the purchaser. The above offers an opportunity seldom met with. The house was copressly built for a public-house, is attested in the best part of the city, and is doing a first-class business. Apply early to J. C. BONARIUS, Auctioneer, Newcastle, M USICAL HOTICE.—Mr. B. S. DEANE, Pro-fessor of Missic, Grimsby Cottage, Burwood, would be happy to arrange for Pupils at Burwood, would be happy to arrange for Pupils at Burwood, or 17, O'Connell-st, tormediate station, Apply at Burwood, or 17, O'Connell-st,

MATTRESSES, Palliasses, Horschair, Pulu, Fibr Flock, and Flax Mattresses. J. Lawler, 316, Pitt-s MATTRESSES carefully Cleaned and Remade. J. LAWLER, 316, Pitt-street, near Bathurst-street A BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURERS O.,

his Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh,
132, Russell-street,
M E L B O U R N E.
Agents for New South Wales—
HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN,
173, Fitt-street, Sydney.

Awarded Silver Medal, Sydney Exhibition, 1870. FOUR THOUSAND FAMILIES IN AUSTRALIA are now using WILLCOX and GIBBS'S Family Sowing MACHINES. They are equally suitable for light or heavy fabrics. Price 28.

S. HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-st., near Royal Hotel.

WILLCOX and GIBBS' celebrated Family Sewing-machines, price £8. S. Hebblewhite, 432, George-st

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

BRAZILIAN PEBBLE SPECTACLES.

Best quality.

ALL SIGHTS, 10s 8d FER PAIR.

W. MAC DONNELL and CO., 326, Goorge-street.

ONDON WATCHES of very best manufacture,
Gold and Silver, on SALR, at moderate rates.

W. MAC DONNELL and CO.,
326, George-street.

[Late Brush and Mac Donnell.]

[Late Brush and Mac Donnell.]

PINE GOLD JEWELLERY first-class WATCHES, &c., consisting of the latest designs, in gipsy rings, carrings and brooches: THE NEWEST in necklets, ladies abbert chains, DIAMOND and other bracelets, seals and keys.; lockets for 2.4, and 6 photographs; improved SILVER CARD CASES, bouquet holders, ladies' and grathemers silver and gold KEYLESS LEVER WATCHES, &c., &c., just unpacked per mail.

N.B.—Chronometers rated, watches repaired, jewellery manufactured to order by efficient workmen.

M EERSCHAUM PIPES, direct from Vienna, con-the Dublin, the Cosmopolian; carved heads, claws, &c. Just unpacked per mail. At A. Blau's, 9, Hunter-street.

POYAL ARCH and Master Mason Aprons for SALE, at reduced prices, at A. BLAU'S, 9, Hunter-street.

OR SALE, TO ARRIVE.—

NAILS, assorted sizes.

GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

SELLING OFF.—SELLING OFF CHINA, Glass, and Earthenware, at greatly reduced prices, in consequence of expiration of lease. G. LANE, Staffordshire Warehouse, 359, George-street. COTTON GINS. - The undersigned have on SALE Ragle Cotton Gins, 30 to 60 saws. Also, E. Carter

and Co.'s patent ditto.

OSBORN, iCUSHING, and CO., 44, William-stree
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WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS.

This most extraordinary perfectly-pure medicinal beverage is now, after a long trial of its merits, being more largely consumed than all other descriptions of gin and spirits. The undersigned are appointed the ONLY and SOLE AGENTS for its sale in the WHOLE OF AUSTRALIA and NEW ZEALAND, and every case bears their brand (M. M. & Co.); and they are prepared to prosecute anyone selling any fictitious compound under the name of Schnapps.

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and all wine and spirit merchants and storekeepers throughcettle Colony.

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DAVID L. MOTT, M.D., Pharmaceutical Chemist.
M. MOSS and CO., Wynyard-lane, Sydney B. FOSTER and SONS ALE (Base's),
The undersigned, sole Agents for this -t-class bottling,
twite the trade's inspecion of their shipments of the
NEW BREW, just landed, in fine order.,
JOHN BLACK and CO.,

64, Pitt-street North, Sydney.

BASS'S No. 3 ALE, now landing ex Zemindar MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO., Agents. THE ONLY TOBACCO fit for use is SAYWELL'S
Royal Navy Honeydew. Try it and prove the fact.
A week's supply for 6d, at 4, Park-street. A considerable
allowance made to the trade,

MEDICAL CHEMICALS AND DRUGS. DIRECT RELIEF of Toothache. ST No cure no pay. C. EDWARDS, Dentist, 6, Bridge-stree

THE AUSTRALIAN OINTMENT.—To be obtained from all respectable chemists and drugglets.

HENEYS COLONIAL OINTMENT.—Prepared only by the proprietor, 792, George-street, Sydney.

LADIES.—Mrs. WELSH'S Female Pills remove all difficulties (not Widow Welsh's). Letters attended to. The pills sent by post. To be had only at 468, Elizabeth-street South, near Albien-street, Sydney.

STEEDMAN'S SOOTHING POWDERS for children BEWARE OF IMITATIONS
of this medicine, and to observe, in every case, that the

words
"JOHN STEEDMAN, Chemist, Walworth, Surrey,"
are engraved on the Government Stamp affixed to each
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ADELAIDE FLOUR—Duffield's superfine
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VICTORIAN SUPERFINE FLOUR
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For SALE, by the undersigned,
BRILBY and SCOTT.
Samples at Counting-house, Pitt-street North.

JOSEPH WEARNS, Anchor Flour Mills, foot of Bathurst-street, Bydney.
Superûne Flour, Seconds, Kiln-dried Corn-Flour, &c.
The best and chespest in Sydney.

A DELAIDE FLOUR. — Best town and country brands on SALE by
MONTEFIORE and MONTEFIORE, Greshamstreet, Exchange.

IVERPOOL Coarse SALT, in 3-bushel sacks, now landing on La Hogue. HENRY BELL, Pitt-et.

PRIME IRISH MESS PORK to land ex Cape Clear.
LORIMER, MARWOOD, and ROME. POTATOES, prime samples, and OATS, ex Florence. C. B. BOND, 64, Sussex-street.

POTATOES, Potatoes.—Best in market, from 30s per ton. BROWN and SON, Corporation Wharf. POTATOES.—Prime sample Circular Head ex Lucy and Adelaide. Wilson, Hardy, and Co., Market Wi. POTATORS. POTATORS.—Prime sample Warrnam bool, £1 per ton. L. MORAN, Victoria Wharf.

POR SALE.—To Hotel-keepers and Private Families.
—Very superior HOBAET TOWN POTATOES, in any quantity.

BROWN and SON, Corporation Wharf. VINEGAE in Casks and Cases. D. J. MONE, Steam Vinagar Works, Wattle-street, Chippendale.

FOR SALE, new Patna Rice, Plantation and Jeva Coffice, Spicos, Dried Apples. P. G. Lender and Co.

TX QUEEN OF NATIONS, N. W. Choose, Soda cystale, pearl barley, and canary seed; consignments of Swallow and Articl's price biscuits. O. Bonoratic Victorian catmeat, Melbourne moulds, yellow, motified, and toilet scope, not scope, flowers of sulphur, confectionery, coces, and arasquarish. W. H. Althi, Lil. 19. Sausser-st.

340 cases Dawson's pale Ale, 6s single dozen; os 6d by case, Eurarnized 260 casks Dicks pale ale, pints; 2 dozen for 9s, 4s by the cask 1000 dozen Borthwick's stout, 8s dozen 9600 tins fresh salmon, is tin 250 boxes ta, 23s seach 1500 tins Devoe's American kerosene, patent cans, 2s 6d gullon, N.B.—Goods delivered, C. KIDMAN, South Head Road, Paddington, Haymarket, William-st, Lower George-st., and Parramatta-st. A DELAIDE and PORT M'DONNELL WHEAT C. WILSON, 64, Margaret-street.

C. WILSON, 64, Marguret-estreet,

FLOUR ON SALE.— Hart's, Colman's, Noarlunga
Field's, and Alexander's superfine Adelaide; also,
Households and Bathurst, Victorian, and Californian
brands.

ORTH Witts Cheese, Caraways, Cloves, Candied Peel,
Ginger, Soda Crystals, T. J. Stutchbury and Co.,
183, Pitt-street.

CURRANTS, Raisins, Figs, Barcelonas, Shell Almo Twine. T. J. Stutchbury and Co., 183, Pitt-str TALLOW, for SALE by W. H. MACKENZIE, Jun. 96, Pitt-street.

HORTICULTURE AND FARMING.

PLANTER'S FRIEND on SALE. Hilton Bro and Co.'s Seed Stores, 239, Pitt-st. (down gatew O SAGE ORANGE SEED on SALE, just landed HILTON BROWNE and CO.'S Seed Stores.

BUILDING MATERIALS, ETC. J. M U R P H Y,
251, Pitt-street,
is derirous of drawing the attention of the Ladies of Sydney
and public generally to his Stock of SILK JACKETS and
PARASOLS, at REDUCED PRICES, purchased by his
Agent, for PROMPT CASH, at a large discount.
Paris Silk Jackets, from 50s to 64 guiness. These goods
are worthy of notice, as their value ranges from 34 to
10 guiness

are worthy of notice, as annu-log gaineas are found to the first state of the fill presented, 19s 6d to 42s found Ladies Silk Jackets, prettily trimmed, 19s 6d to 42s all Silk Parachutes, from 4s 6d

IME.—Pure Maible Lime, ex Fire King, fresh from kilns, for SALE. Marble Lime Depot, 8, King-st

COAL, FIREWOOD, ETC.

B LACKSMITHS' COAL for SALE, cheap, at Dugui and Co.'s, 74, Pitt-street, and Liverpool-street West FOR SALE, a cargo of COALS (Wallsend). Apply to Messrs. LANE and CO., Lower George-street.

M EDICAL.—The TRANSFER of a PRACTICE, value £1500 per annum, with furnished house, and every requisite for immediate entry, can be obtained for a term, the owner proceeding to Europe. W. Ford and Co. chemists, Swanston-street, Melbourne; Gordon and Gotch

Apply to Mr. RATTRAY, 1, Lloyd's-chambers, George-

TO DRAPERS.—To be DISPOSED OF, the BUSI-NESS of J. S. SADLER, Draper, Newtown, with Stock-in-trade. An excellent opportunity for two good business men with capital.

New Pitt-street. Rent low.

ROR SALE, the old-established BUTCHER'S BUSINESS, 675, George-street South, opposite the Commercial Bank. Particulars on the premises; or T. S. HARWOOD, Ultime.

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POR SALE.—PREEHOLD BUILDING BLOCK, DOUBLE BAY, next Royal Oak Inn, and now used by Mr. Warner as a wood and coal yard, suitable site for a Drapery, Ironmongery, and General Country Store, for which there is a capital opening in this rising neighbourhood. Fruntage 56 feet to Bay-street, by a depth of 50 feet. This is on the omnibus route and less than 500 yards from the Double Bay Wharf and the New South Head Road. Apply to R. NOTT, Esq., 305, George-street.

DARK Grey COB, one of the fastest buggy cobe in Sydney, thoroughly quiet, £12. 8. KNIGHT.

FIRST-CLASS Phaston and Buggy HORSE, been driven by a ledy, £15: Chemut Horse, good weight carrier, £12: quiet Horse, double-seat Buggy, and Harness, £33; Horse, new Spring-cart, and Harness, £16. 8. Knight. FOR SALE, a Buggy and Saddle PONY, sound and quiet, in good condution. T. STEEL, Paddington. HEAVY Draught STALLION, 5 years olf, nearly 17 hands, price 60 guiness. GIBSON, 282, Pits-street.

FOR SALE, 2 good heavy Cart HORSES, will shaft lead, or plough, \$20 the pair; also, 12 HORSES, for buggy and light harness, from \$5 to \$20. GIBSON'S Re-pository, 282, Pitt-street, opposite School of Aria.

WANTED, 30 young, sound Saddle HORSES, 15, to 16 hands high. GIBSON, 282, Pitt-street. T. A N G U

COACH BUILDER,
FACTORY AND SHOW HOOMS,
185, CASTLEREAGH-STREET, NEAR KINGSTREET.
All descriptions of Vehicles on hand for SALE.

STOCK AND STATIONS.

FOR SALE, at Deuglass Park, BULLS, one two and one three years old, by the imported prize bull Noble Arthur and Royal Butterfly. Purchases, if made within next few days, can be delivered, if en route to Macintyre River, via Mudges, Coolah, Barrabri. R. L. JENKINS.

For SALE, two splendid STATIONS, situated in the district of Bligh, and the other in the district of Wellington. With the forner will he sold 2500 head of quiet, well bred cattle, chiefly bullocks; and with the latter 1000 head also very choice, and a large draft now ready for market.

Pull particulars on application to Full particulars on application to GEO. M. PITT.

Post Office Chambers, Sydney. CAPITALISTS

MISCELLANEOUS.

EATHER and indisrubber Footballs, cricket Balls Stumps, &c., at Lemaire's Bazaar, op. Marketa. THE Royal Standard and Cassiobury Club Croque Games, at Lemaire's Bazaar, 472, George-street. BICYCLE wanted. Must be in good order. Stat. lowest price, &c. G. G., HERALD Office. EMPTY Tin-lined CASES for SALE, all sizes
B. BRAUN, 349, Goorge-street. HYDRAU PRESS wanted, second-hand, 10 of 12 in. a.n. Address Pot, Henald Office. TO PLUMBERS.—Wanted, a Draw BENCH, to make lead pipe. J. Murray, 17, Day-terrace, Sussex-s WANTED, a Female DONKEY; price no object M'Carty and Brown, 250, Pitt-sizest.

WANTED, a second-hand BOLLING-DOWN PLANT. W. F. Buchanan, Macquarie-delds.

WANTED, a first-chass Butcher's BLOCK. Apply by letter, T. M., Mann's Hotel, Kent-st. North.

WANTED, a FOLIO DEMY PRINTING MACHINE, new or second-hand, Send full descriptions with lowest price, to Proprietors GAWLER TIMES, Gawler, South Australia.

PROFESSIONS, TRADES, ETC.

Competent Teachers, as, variance required for country; schools. Apply, by letter only, stating age, religion, to J. J. C., 21, Church-hill.

PENCERS.—Wanted, eight good hands; steady work at 2s 8d per red; plenty of material on the ground. Charles Amos and Co., Railway Camp, Aberdeen.

PARTNER required, with £50 to £100, for a splendid paying business. G. H., HERLALD Office.

PARTNER required, with about £100 or £150, to join the advertiser in a public-house, doing an excellent bar trade; a capital chance. Apply Publican, HERLALD Office.

Sydney infirmary and distinguished been resolved that an additional District MEDICAL OFFICER be appointed over a portion of the west district of the city, CANDIDATES for this appointment are requested to forward their diplomas, credentials, &c. (under cover), on or before 10 a.m. of MONDAY, 17th instant, addressed to the undersigned,

JOHN E. MANNING, Joint Hon.

M. H. TEPHEN, Secretaries.

TO TAILORESES.—Wanted, 50 Coat, Trouser, and Vest HANDS. Robinson and Sons, 212, George-st.

TAILORS and TAILORESERS.—Wanted, Cost and Trousers Hands, and Pressers. 217, Lower George-st.

On R G A N I S T S.
A competent ORGANIST, who will also undertake the instruction of the Choir, is required for St. John's Church, Bishopthorpe.

Applications, with testimonials or references, to be sent to

R. M. SALINIERE, Incumbent, St. John's, 12th October. THE SOUTHERN INSURANCE COMPANY (Limited).—SYDNEY BRANCH.
Gentlemen qualified for the appointment of SECRETARY to this Branch, are requested to send their applications to this office, addressed to the Chairman, on or before the 6th November, 1870.

cations to this omee, addressed to the Charles of the before the 6th November, 1870.

By order of the Board,
H. CORNWELL, Acting Secretary.

22, Bridge-street, Sydney, 12th October, 1870. ANTED, Tip-cart Makers, also a Wheeler. Apply A. J. Goodwin, late J. Bayliss, 85, Bathurst-at.

SITUATIONS WANTED. YOUNG MAN, age 23, requires a SITUATION in the grocery trade. A. D. V., HERALD Office.

WANTED, by a Man, a SITUATION on a station or in a store. Can plough, drive, ride, and make himself generally useful. G. H., HERALD Office.

WANTED, by a respectable young Person, a SITUATION, as Wetnurse. Apply Mrs. Crottey, Charlotte-place, Pitt-street, opposite the School of Arts.

SERVANTS WANTED.

ANTED, a BOY. 33, Market-atreet.

WANTED, a BOY, to carry out. Apply at baker's shop, Kent-street, off Market-street.
WANTED, a MAN able to repair a large bellows. Constable and Turner, 71, Market-street. WANTED, a tidy little GIRL, to assist in housework. Apply 132, South Head Road.
WANTED, a strong BOY, accustomed to bakohouse. Apply 105, Lower George-street.

WANTED, a strong, useful BOY, at C. Wright's, The Osborne, Wynyard-square West. WANTED, a General SERVANT. 42, South Head Road.

WANTED, a GIRL, from 13 to 15 years. Apply 42, WANTED, a young Girl, se General SERVANT. No. 446, Pitt-street South.

WANTED, a young GIRL, as Under NURSE. 107, Macleny-street. WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply 233, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, a GIRL, about 15, to mind a baby.
Apply 329, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, experienced Nurse, gentleman's family:
also useful Girls; wages good. 6, Bridge-street. WANTED, a good General ASSISTANT for country store. Address Storekeeper, HERALD Office.

WANTED, a strong BOY, to make himself useful.
Apply first garden, Rushcutter Bay. APARTMENTS, BOARD & RESIDENCE.

A PARTMENTS vacant. 92, Hunter-street, near

Domain.

A PRONT BEDROOM, furnished, for 1 or 2 single men. B. Balls, 165, York-st., oppo. Lagaetter's store.

A HANDSOME Drawing-room SUITE and Vacancies.
C. Wright, The Oeborne, Wynyard-square Weet.

DOAED and RESIDENCE, private. Mrs. Turner's, 49, Stanley-street, Bath; terns, £1.

DOAED and RESIDENCE, suitable for a gentleman; incomfort and conomy. Domi, HERALD Office.

MARRIED COUPLE or Gentleman can be accommodated with Furnished APARTMENTS near Railway Station, Newtown. Terms very moderate. Apply 17, Hamilton-street.

WANTED, a ROOM, for worship meetings, at Surry Hills. J. W. E., HERALD Office, stating rent. WANTED, suburbs, BED and SITTING ROOM, or use of sitting room. Terms, G. W., Post Office. WANTED, to rent a HOUSE of six rooms, Redfern or Strawberry Hill. G. Morris, Burnett-st., Redfn. WANTED, a HOUSE, containing seven rooms, with paddock, within half an hour's walk of General Post Office: rent, about £60 per annum. Address D. B. W., HERALD Office.

NTED, permanent BOARD and RESIDENCE, with separate bedroom. Hyde Park or vicinity preferred. Terms, to include washing, £6 per calendar month. A. L. Y., 576, George-street.

ANTED, an unfurnished ROOM, with board and attendance, for an invalid female. Terms moderate. Apply, by letter, Mrs. Brown, care of Miss M'Creay, South Head Road.

A GOOD dry STABLE to LET, at C. T. Mackay's 363, George-street.

MACLEAY-STREET, POTTS'S POINT.—The superior RESIDENCE, No. 1, Roslyn-terrace, pow occupied by Mrs. M'Ingre, is to be LET from 1st November. It contains 15 rooms, kitchen, lausdry, bathroom, with coach-house and stable, and every requisite for a large family. James Scroggie, 98, New Pitt-street. NOS. 3 and 5, Francis-street, Hyde Park, 4 rooms and kitchen, rent 15s per week. Apply next door.

TO LET, No. 6, Charles-street, Bay-street, Weelles mooleo: 4 rooms, washhouse, and side entrases.

TO LET, 3, 4, and 5-roomed HOUSES, near Rahkli, then, Apply Shine, Rising Sun, Elizabeh-street.

10 LET. No. 63, Botany-street, Surry Hills. Key next door. TO LET, HOUSE, in Castlereagh-street, No. 170, c rooms, kitchen, bath-room, &c. Apply 172, J. Seed To LET, low rent, Butcher's SHOP and Pixture Gipps-street, Paddington. Apply on premises.

LET, new HOUSE, 4 rooms, 9s; oven, water, und taxes paid. Hoddle, butcher, Buckingham-street. TO LET, 4-roomed HOUSE. Apply No. 2, Margaret-street.

TO LET, COTTAGE, off Pitt-street, 2 rooms, kitche and outhouse. Rent, 10s. Gibson, 282, Pitt-stre TO LET, 418, Pitt-street South, now 8-roomed HOUSE with balcomy back and front, bath, pantry, 50, 184 and blinds fitted throughout, coachhouse, stable, and one convenience. Rent, £2 per week. Gibson, 282, Pitt-but,

ENERAL NOTICE.—The Agents of this Jews in various parts of the colony are as follows:— WESTERN.

Bethurst, Guyeng, Molong, Canowindra, Kelse, Ted., Rockley, Mesdow Flat, and O'Connell Plains—Mr. C. W. Croaker
Carcon—Mr. G. Rowlands

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Cowra—
Hartley, Little Hartley, One Tree Hill, Bowenfels, Menn.
garco, Rydal, Sodwalls, and Lithgow—Mr. Manie
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Orange and Lucknow—Mr. James Dale
Wellington, Montefiores, and Ironburks—Mr. R. A. Sea
Mudgee, Rylatone, Avistord, Louisa Creek, Windeys,
Long Creek, Hargraves, and Mundooran—Mann.
John Dicken and Sons.
Sofala—Mr. W. Walker
Dubbo—Mr. William Killick.

Albury—Mr. S. Mudge
Berrina, Bowrall, Natial, Sutton Forest, and MosrulaMr. A. J. Powell, Berrima
Camden, Nardlan, Burngorang, and the Oaks—Mr. R.
Simpson, Camden Craig
Yass, Binalong, Gunning, Murrumburrah, and Jugiang-Mr. James P. Ritchie
Braidwood, Araluen, and Nelligen—Mr. C. Harrison
Burrown—Mr. J. W. Costello
Gundagai and Tarcutta—Mr. Michael Norton
Wollongong and Dapho—Mr. William Hewiett
Kiama, Jerringong, and Jamberco—Mr. Thomas J. Pule
Mortuya, Bodalia, Nerrigundah, Mullenderce, and Bronis
—Mr. Harold Lodge
Shoalhave—

—Mr. Haroid Longe
Shoalhaven—
Bombala, Eden, Bega, Delegate, Merimbula, and Fand
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